

TWENTIETH YEAR.

LAST EDITION.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 22, 1903.

TWO CENTS.

ROSENWALD'S UP AGAIN HOUSE HITS HIM OVER HEAD

Wants to Cut Down Legislative Expenses.

Appeals From the Chair But Is Voted Down.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

St. Paul, Jan. 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—The irresponsible Rosenwald, of Lac Qui Parle, bobbed up in the house again this morning with his strenuous efforts to make a record as a retrencher, and the house promptly hit him over the head and bowled him out again, as it has done almost daily since the session began. He called up his motion directing the committee on public accounts to make a report on the expense of the legislature, and to see if something could not be done to cut down legislative expenses, and moved its adoption.

Mr. Wilson called Mr. Rosenwald to order, and stated that the motion had no standing because the rule under which it was made did not apply to the legislature, but to state officers. If it did refer to the legislature, it was not in order, as it was not a motion to amend, but a motion to cut down the expenses of the legislature, and no motion is necessary.

Mr. Rosenwald got up and in a ringing voice that filled the room, said that if anybody was afraid of the motion, he should vote against it. He said that those who were not afraid would vote for it. This was strongly reminiscent of the methods of Jacobson, of Lac Qui Parle, in pushing his plans through. Nobody seemed to be alarmed, however, and Mr. Burns moved that the matter be referred to the committee on legislative expenses, which he thought was the proper committee.

Speaker Babcock ruled that the Rosenwald motion was out of order because the rule was already provided that the committee on public accounts and expenditures shall look after such things, and that, therefore, the motion would be superseded. This did not down Rosenwald, who appealed from the ruling of the chair and demanded a roll call. Enough members supporting him, the roll was called on the question of sustaining the chair, and the chair was voted out by a vote of 41 to 39. In general, the vote lined up as follows: anti-Babcock, though there were a number of departures from this in the vote.

The Jacoby resolution on providing for the appointment to investigate coal and wood prices had a better fate. It was carried by a vote of 86 to 2.

Mr. Hugo introduced a bill providing that the state shall reimburse cities for their expenditures in making improvements abutting on property that is exempt from assessment, because the owners pay a gross earnings tax. While this applies to all cities, it is of particular importance

to Duluth, and it was devised by Mayor Hugo. Capt. Randall introduced a bill for the promotion of patriots in the schools, which provides that county superintendents shall see that every school has a flag and displays it on patriotic occasions.

S. D. Peterson introduced a bill providing that telegraph companies shall not charge more than 25 cents for any message within the state of ten words or less, or more than 2 cents for each additional word.

Mr. Lemon introduced a bill to reimburse Anthony Yorg for his expenses in defending a contest on his election, amounting to \$340.

The house invited Dr. Forbes to lecture to the legislature tonight in the house chamber on the subject of "Human Nature at Its Best."

In the senate it has been expected that there would be a few pyrotechnics over the resolutions for freer trade with Canada and the removal of the lumber tariff, but neither of them came up. Gen. Wilson called up his freer trade resolution, but Senator Thorpe said that several senators who expected to speak on the matter were away, and on his motion both resolutions were postponed until Tuesday.

Senator Johnson introduced an amendment to the eight-hour law, placing the insane asylum under the jurisdiction of an eight-hour basis.

Senator Schell introduced a bill authorizing county boards to sell county property not used for county purposes.

Senator Withers introduced a bill prohibiting life insurance companies from doing business until they have written insurance to the amount of \$100,000 in not less than 200 policies.

Senator Harrington introduced a bill prohibiting adulteration of vinegar.

Senator Johnson presented a bill amending the law governing life insurance companies by prohibiting them from changing existing policies without the consent of the insured, and enlarging the reports they must make to the insurance commissioner.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

NEW MEMBERS RESTIVE

Over the Manner In Which Work of Legislature Is Lagging—Danger From Bills Dealing With Special Cases.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

St. Paul, Jan. 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—Some of the new members are becoming a little restive over the manner in which the work of the legislature lags. So are some of the old members, as far as that is concerned, but both new and old are up against an ancient though foolish custom. The legislature knows, this time as well as every time it has met, that it has ninety legislative days to do its work. It knows that this means more than three hundred and sixty days, and that more than ample time in which to accomplish enough for the average legislature. So the legislature—as a body—knows that there is no hurry. The body that makes the laws of the state of Minnesota seems to have imbibed something of the spirit of the Spanish regions, where "mañana"—tomorrow—is the rule of life.

So the legislator lends something of a butterfly existence. He flits up to the

capitol at 10 o'clock four mornings of the week. Early in the session, introduces his bill, adjourns, and flits away. The rest of the day he flits elsewhere, and the work of both houses takes up about one hour a day until the committee work gets to bind a little. This keeps up for a while, and then, suddenly, the legislature finds that so many bills have been introduced that it is up to its neck in work, and it takes a long time to get through them. At the end of the session this condition arises, and after that the legislature is very busy. It holds night sessions as well as morning and afternoon sessions, and on the last day there is so much to do that the clock has to be turned back so that midnight can be postponed until the piled up work is cleared away.

What some of the new legislators would like to do is to arrange things so the clear can be more equally distributed through the session. If the committees would get really busy things would be advanced a good deal, and it would be possible to do more work. Afternoon sessions could be held, and thus some of that feverish press at the end of the

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GAMBLING IN CHICAGO

Chicago Bookmaker Tells the Court That Thousands of Chicagoans Wager Their Money Every Day on the Horses.

Chicago, Jan. 22.—That gambling on an extensive scale is carried on in Chicago is admitted by James O'Leary, who was a witness in Judge McEwen's court. The case on trial was that of Pedro Martinez, a Cuban planter, who was indicted, it was alleged, to bet \$300 on a horse with one of O'Leary's agents. The horse lost. O'Leary was asked by the Cuban's attorney: "Is it not a fact that any one can go into any hotel in the downtown district and make a bet with any of your agents?"

The witness replied, "He can."

"There bets are sent by your agent to your offices and are recorded by you, are they not?"

"They are," O'Leary answered.

"There are agents all over the city. Another for certain clubs. The whole city is covered in O'Leary's agents. I deal only with the one main agent, receiving his reports and holding him accountable."

Frank Hogan and John Jorgensen, the two witnesses for the defense, testified that they could not be shown by the prosecution that either of them was an agent for O'Leary.

Several handbook makers have been arrested by detectives under orders of Chief O'Neill.

It is estimated that there are more than 1,000 saloons in the city, where bets are taken on the races.

"The bets are sent by your agent to your offices and are recorded by you, are they not?"

"They are," O'Leary answered.

SINGULAR RETICENCE

Of State Department Officials on the Venezuelan Situation.

Has Developed Since Second Bombardment of San Carlos.

Believed That Present Conditions Are Causing Much Worry.

Washington, Jan. 22.—A cablegram has been received here from Mr. Russell, American charge at Caracas, confirming the press report to the effect that three German warships began to bombard Fort San Carlos yesterday.

The cablegram does not indicate the result of the bombardment, and in fact contains no other detail.

There is a singular reticence on the part of the state department officials, suddenly developed, in connection with the Venezuelan situation, and especially with reference to the German bombardments, which may be significant of the gravity with which they view the situation. There is no longer any talk of exerting friendly influence to prevent these bombardments, but it is difficult for the department to answer congressional callers who are asking for a reasonable explanation. An annoying feature of the situation is the probability that there may be a serious interference with Minister Lowen's mission, in which the United States, though not officially concerned, is deeply interested. There were rumors abroad that the state department had taken steps to point out to the foreign offices at London, Berlin and Rome its view on this matter, but this could not be confirmed today.

It was stated that at present the United States attitude must be one of patient waiting.

Secretary Hay still remains at his home nursing a slight cold. Such business as Mr. Bowen has to do with him is transacted at his house. The minister was up early this morning and disappeared from his hotel, so it was said.

Cards were refused save to the German charge, Count Quadt. The latter returned unexpectedly from New York last night. He had been awaiting the arrival from Europe of his family. So it is a fair supposition that his sudden return to Washington, without meeting them was brought about by the untoward turn in Venezuelan affairs.

Count Quadt also had a long conference at the British embassy with Sir Herbert, and he also paid a call at the Italian embassy, where the ambassador, who is suffering from a slight indisposition, was unable to see him.

It was stated that nothing in the nature of an answer to the German proposition for the removal of the blockade as a condition precedent to negotiations had been received from any of the European foreign offices, though it is admitted there is a free exchange of notes in progress between the United States and the European capitals.

London, Jan. 22.—Diplomatic circles are much aroused by the news of the bombardment, but the officials of the various consulates here remain prominently at the foreign office regarding its cause. The belief prevails that the step taken by the German government toward turning in Venezuela the element of the questions in dispute. There are many indications that the blockade will

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MALICIOUSLY WRECKED

Fast Train Runs Through a Misset Switch and Crashes Into a Freight With Disastrous Results.

Kansas City, Jan. 22.—North-bound express No. 104, which left Memphis for Kansas City at 9:35 yesterday morning, was wrecked four miles south of South Greenfield, Mo., at 1 o'clock this morning.

The engine, consisting of a locomotive, passenger car, mail car, and combination coach, chair car and one sleeper, left the track, caught fire and consumed. Fred Fisher, of Fort Scott, the engineer, was killed instantly. Florence Ed (Gibber), of Fort Scott, was seriously hurt, and several passengers are reported injured.

A wrecking train, carrying physicians, has left for the scene from Springfield, which is 35 miles south of South Greenfield.

The wreck occurred just off a trestle and at a sharp curve, while the train was running at a high rate of speed. The switch had been set deliberately for

the sliding and the lights had been turned to indicate a clear track. It evidently was not until the train had passed the switch that the passenger engineer saw the open switch and tried to stop the train, but it was too late.

The passenger engine rolled over and crashed into the freight train, crushing it to death. The mail car turned over and the postal clerks escaped unhurt. The remainder of the train following.

Young Gilbert is a son of B. N. Gilbert, passenger agent of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas at Fort Scott.

Up to 11:30 no further details have been received at the offices of the "Frisco" road in this city.

Fort Scott, Kas., Jan. 22.—None of the passengers on the wrecked "Frisco" train were badly hurt.

A BANNER YEAR FOR ORANGES

Los Angeles, Jan. 22.—Railroad officials say that there will be between 22,000 and 23,000 carloads of oranges shipped from Southern California this year, and that the fruit is the best

ever grown here. It promises to be the banner year, and the highest prices ever offered for oranges is being paid in the East. Unless some unseen disaster comes, it is safe to calculate that at least \$15,000,000 will be put into circulation in Southern California.

MR. ADDICKS FAILS TO GAIN

Dover, Del., Jan. 22.—One ballot was taken for United States senator today. It resulted as follows: Long term, Addicks, 21; Dupont, 10; Kenney, 21; Short term, Addicks, 19; Higgins, 12; Salsbury, 21. Necessary to choose,

27. Senator Groves and Representative Jones, Union Republicans, changed their votes from T. C. Dupont to Higgins. Adjournment was taken until noon tomorrow.

REVOLVERS ON EVERY DESK SHOT GUNS IN THE CORNERS

COASTING CASUALTY

Sled Crashes Into Party of Teachers at Terrific Speed.

Several Were Tossed Over Bridge Into a Creek Below.

Four Teachers and Two Pupils Hurt, One Teacher Fatally.

Muskegon, Mich., Jan. 22.—Miss Marie A. Major, principal of the Pillsbury school, was perhaps fatally, and three other teachers and two of their boys pupils seriously injured last night while coasting. Their sleigh struck an obstruction on a bridge and slewed, blocking the course. Another heavily-loaded sleigh, closely following them, crashed into the struggling mass of humanity. Miss Major was tossed over the bridge into the creek and had her left arm broken, besides being internally injured. Miss Sarah Hokeness was thrown into the creek and narrowly escaped being killed. She was also badly cut and bruised. The party on the first sleigh also included Miss Lena Hokeness and Lena Major, teachers, and Gerrit Pulkema and Edward Hammer, pupils in the seventh grade.

TO TEACH FAMILIES
Of Miners' Art of Spinning and Weaving.

Chicago, Jan. 22.—Miss Jessie Luther, curator of the labor museum at Hull house, has been engaged to spend a week at the settlement of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company, Pueblo, Col., teaching the families of employees the art of spinning and weaving. The concern, which employs several thousand men, is engaged in numerous projects for improving the lot of the working class, and for this purpose maintains a "sociological department," including a staff of instructors in various departments.

DEUTSCH IMPROVES.
Cincinnati, Jan. 22.—The condition of Superintendent of Police Deutsch is slightly improved, but only slight hope for his recovery is entertained.

LOOKING UP FLEET.
Madrid, Jan. 22.—Minister Tola has asked the authorities of Cadiz, Ferrol and Barcelona to search for the fleet to mobilize. It is presumed this inquiry was made in connection with the situation in Morocco.

QUEEN RECEIVES MEYER.
Rome, Jan. 22.—Queen Helene today received the ambassador and Mrs. Meyer most cordially in private audience and expressed the friendly sentiments for America and Americans.

House Chamber at Denver Looks Like Arsenal.

No Progress Made Toward Settling Troubles.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

Denver, Jan. 22.—The capitol has a warlike aspect today, owing to the presence of armed men in the house chamber and of a strong guard of policemen in plain clothes at all entrances to the senate chamber. An unusual report that the National Guard under orders from Governor Peabody had taken possession of the state house probably had its origin in the fact that House Sergeant-at-Arms Plummer had posted thirty guards in and about the house chamber to resist an anticipated attempt of the supporters of Edward O. Wolcott, Republican candidate for senator, to capture the hall. On every desk is a pair of big revolvers and in the corners stand many repeating shotguns. These guards are commanded by Sherman Bell, of rough rider fame, and James H. Clark, who is noted for his fighting prowess. The house did not meet today, having adjourned until Friday, but the anti-Wolcott Republicans in control of the organization will maintain their garrison until the fear of an anticipated raid has passed.

At the senate chamber no display of weapons is made. The guards are all officers and patrol their stations quietly.

The two senates, each of which refers

to the other as the "rump," are in session today, and no progress appears to have been made toward a settlement of the differences between them. The body over which Lieutenant Governor Haggott presides and which sits in his office, consists of eleven regularly elected Republican senators and eight Republican contestants, who were declared entitled to seats by the lieutenant governor, and the eleven Republican senators, the twenty-four Democratic senators refusing to vote when the question was put by the lieutenant governor. The body which is holding the senate hall at the capitol, sitting continuously, consists of twenty-four regularly-elected Democratic senators and two contestants who were elected in place of two of the eleven regularly-elected Republicans.

Soon after the opening of the session at 10 o'clock the Democratic senators ordered a recess until 11:30, and a caucus of the Democratic members of both houses was held in the senate chamber. Reporters were excluded. United States Senators Teller and Patterson, ex-Governor Adams, ex-Governor Thomas, Charles J. Hughes and Thomas O'Donnell, Democratic leaders, were admitted to the senate chamber for the purpose of advising the members as to the course that should be pursued at the joint session today.

PEACE PACT RATIFIED

National Baseball League Unanimously Endorses the Peace Agreement and Then Proceeds to Consider Unfinished Business.

Cincinnati, Jan. 22.—After ratifying unanimously the peace agreement at 2 o'clock this morning, the National Baseball league today continued its adjourned annual session. There was some unfinished business from the meeting in New York last month and much more since the peace compact had been ratified to be considered.

At 2 a. m., after the ratification meeting, the league adjourned until after that after both the majority and the minority reports had been disposed of and copies of the same placed on file.

the following, offered by Mr. Robinson and seconded by Mr. Herrmann, was unanimously adopted.

"Resolved, that the agreement heretofore entered into between a committee of this league and a committee of the American league, which is commonly known as the peace agreement, and which agreement is heretofore attached to the minutes of this league, be hereby ratified and adopted and ordered spread upon the minutes of this meeting."

While the vote was unanimous, it was received without any demonstration whatever.

AN UNDERGROUND DRIVEWAY

Chicago, Jan. 22.—A broad, well-lighted, underground driveway, passing beneath the bed of the Chicago river and stretching from the Art Institute to Illinois and St. Clair streets, is formally announced to be the plan finally agreed upon by the park boards of the north and south sides

to make the long-talked-of connection between the boulevard systems of these two portions of the city.

The plan calls for a \$200,000 bond issue containing a referendum clause will be submitted to the voters of the city, and will be submitted to the legislature. Plans for the tunnel have been drawn.

MAY PROSPECT IN SIBERIA

Seattle, Jan. 22.—The right of Americans to prospect for gold and other minerals in Eastern Siberia has been granted. Within the area of 200,000 square miles bordering on Bering sea and the Arctic ocean, given as a mining, trading and development concession

to the Northwestern Siberia company, the same privileges have been extended to the American prospector as to the Russians. The news of this concession on the part of the company has been received here in a cablegram from John J. Ross, president of the American managing director of the corporation.

PORTS ARE CLOSED TO 'FRISCO

Guayaquil, Ecuador, Jan. 22.—It has been decided to close all the ports of this republic to steamers from San Francisco, owing to the importation of the bubonic plague. Vessels which left San Francisco Jan. 20 or after that date will not be admitted.

The board of health of Guayaquil Jan. 18 issued an order to close the port to steamers from Panama or Mexican ports, but the order was reconsidered the following day and it was decided to close the port only to steamers from plague infected Mexican ports.

A MOST UNIQUE PETITION

Boston, Jan. 22.—One of the most unique petitions ever laid before the Massachusetts legislature has been introduced in the house by Daniel Leonard, of Agawam, who asks that the county of Hampden reimburse him for the loss of \$4000, which he claimed he lost through a bank came to Frank L. Smith. Leonard claims that after

Smith obtained the money on April 1, 1900, he reported the facts to the authorities and Smith was finally arrested, indicted and bailed for \$500. Smith then jumped his bail, and the money was paid into the Hampden county treasury. A part of the sum, Leonard believes, should be paid back to him for his efforts in obtaining the arrest of Smith.

TEACHERS GET MORE SALARY

Chicago, Jan. 22.—A salary increase amounting to an aggregate of nearly half a million dollars a year was granted to the teaching force of the Chicago public schools by the board of education last night. Of this sum \$200,000 will be received in advance by the grade and primary school teachers. The salary of every teacher in these classes in the system was raised \$50 a year. The salary of every head assistant is raised in addition to the regular schedule advances. Further

more every teacher who passes the promotional tests given by the board will be entitled to an additional increase of \$50 a year.

The salaries of all principals, high school teachers and department and district superintendents as well as of all engineers and janitors in the service were returned to the old salary schedule which was in force prior to the 5 per cent reduction of last year. Superintendent Edwin G. O'Brien's salary was raised from \$7000 to \$10,000.

tainments will go to the Building Fund of the B. P. O. Elks.

Softens up contracted cords and stiff muscles. Its warming, penetrating effect reaches almost to the marrow. No one need be drawn over or drawn up by contracted cords or stiffened muscles if they will rub well the parts affected with Kickapoo Indian Oil night and morning. It takes a little time to cure bad cases but Kickapoo Indian Oil will do it.

Kickapoo Oil

SOFTENS CONTRACTED CORDS

"I suffered from the effects of a sprained ankle, contracted cords and stiffened joints and muscles, for thirty five years, and tried everything I heard of without getting relief. Recently I used your Kickapoo Indian Oil and am happy to write you that my ankle and other troubles are entirely cured,"—Mrs. Huntley, 28 Houston Ave., Newport, R. I.

25 cts. a Bottle at all Druggists

SUMMARY ACTION

George Spicer Moves His Cottage From Disputed Land.

Did Not Wait For Court to Rule Against Him.

That Proved to Be the Result of the Trial.

One of the most hurried house-raising operations that ever happened in the city is said to have occurred during the early hours of last Sunday morning, when George Spicer, of the West Superior firm of Spicer-Fanning, pany, employed a crew of about fifteen men to tear down and remove his cottage on Park Point. Not only did the cottage disappear, but the fences, docks and even the trees on lots 250 and 251, Minnesota Avenue Lower Duluth, are said to have been missing Monday morning.

The activity on Sunday grew out of a civil case that was pending in district court and which was tried yesterday. Mr. Spicer secured the two lots several years ago on a lease and built his cottage on them, making numerous other improvements. The supreme court afterwards held the title to be invalid, and Knute C. Ness, who claims title to the property in question, brought suit against Mr. Spicer to compel him to pay rent for the ground for the six years he had occupied it, and to remove the improvements. The plaintiff also asked that the defendant be restrained from moving off the buildings and improvements, as he was alleged to have threatened to do. At the same time the plaintiff began a similar action against Arthur La Framboise, who has been occupying lot 252, Minnesota Avenue.

When the Spicer case was called yesterday morning, Joseph W. Reynolds, attorney for the plaintiff, claimed in fact that the defendant had taken advantage of a Sunday and moved away or destroyed all his improvements. The plaintiff immediately began injunction proceedings to prevent the removal of the buildings.

EVER WATCHFUL

A Little Care Will Save Many Duluth Readers Future Trouble.

Watch the kidney secretions. See that they have the amber hue of health. The discharges not excessive or infrequent. Do not let them turn to sediment. Doan's Kidney Pills will do this for you. They watch the kidneys and cure them when they're sick. Mr. Chas. Crasper, gardener, living at 550 First street east, says: "I was a great sufferer from kidney trouble for ten or twelve years, and although I took quantities of medicine I got at best but temporary relief. I had rheumatism all through me, severe pains in my back and limbs and shoulders, so that often I could hardly get around. I was plastered without number, rubbed myself with liniments, took so much medicine that I lost faith in them. The kidney secretions were very irregular and deposited a heavy sediment. I saw Doan's Kidney Pills advertised and got a box at W. A. Abbott's drug store. I expected them to turn out as all the other medicines I had tried, but I was most agreeably surprised to find that in two days I felt a great improvement in my condition. I followed up the treatment over the kidneys and pains left me. The kidneys resumed a normal and healthy action, and I felt like another man."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-McIlburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agent for the United States. Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

NOT FIRST OFFENSE

Boy Forgers Passed Forged Checks Before Coming Here.

Minneapolis People Vic-timized With Several Worthless Checks.

Raised the Limit When They Came to Duluth.

The trio of boy forgers recently arrested by Chief Troyer are wanted in Minneapolis by others besides their broken-hearted relatives. Superintendent of Police Conroy of that city declared the boys are the same youthful forgers that cashed in worthless checks on the Hennepin County Savings bank and the Swedish American bank of that city.

These checks were presented in Minneapolis just about the night before they came to Duluth. The indications are that they contemplated a season of high life, flooding Northwestern cities with forged checks and thereby causing the victimized merchants to stand the expense of their financial floundering.

The local chief of police evidently caught them just at the right time, for they had ceased to play the same game with a \$17 limit, as they started out in Minneapolis, and had raised the limit to \$50.

Superintendent Conroy sent two of the forged checks up to the local department for purposes of identification. One on the Hennepin County bank is for \$7.50, while the other, on the Swedish American, is for \$17.50.

The Blair brothers, George and Edward, seem to see the error of their past life, since their imprisonment in the county jail, but Lawrence Walsh, the long youngster that tried to shoot Chief Troyer, has settled down to jail life as if he did not care much what the grand jury should do with him.

The Minneapolis relatives of the two Blair boys evidently do not realize the seriousness of the charges against them and seem to think that the local authorities will be lenient.

However, if the boys should be released from the custody of the local chief of police, they would be in a position to repeat their forgeries there.

WISCONSIN

Legislature Asked to Support the Omnibus Statehood Bill.

Madison, Wis., Jan. 22.—In the senate today a communication was received from Arizona asking support through a memorial to congress, of the omnibus statehood bill. A joint resolution was introduced providing for the building of good roads. Senator Rogers' memorial to congress, asking legislation to give greater power to the interstate commerce act was adopted.

First—All life began at the North pole. Second—The primates, including apes, monkeys and man, who lived at the time, were directly the ancestors of the human race.

Dr. Wortman two years ago took up the investigations of the late Professor Marsh in paleontology and visited Wyoming, where he discovered perfect skulls of primates similar to those found in Northern Europe and Madagascar. His theory is that these were in the tropical zone, extending around the North pole, as similar skulls were found in America, Europe and Africa.

KENTUCKY CADETS

Want a Cigarette Smoking Student Expelled.

Lexington, Ky., Jan. 22.—The commissioned officers and cadets of Kentucky state college refused to attend battalion drill because of the refusal of President J. K. Patterson to consider a petition presented by them for the repeal of the law which prohibits the use of tobacco. The officers, thereby destroying discipline, a truancy was effected by President Patterson assuring the officers that he would lay the matter before the faculty.

TRANS-ANDES RAILROAD

San Diego, Calif., Jan. 22.—The Chilean congress has approved the bill authorizing the government to invite tenders for the construction of a trans-Andes railroad from the basis of a guarantee of 5 per cent interest on the cost of the work.

PAID MONEY TO TELL YOU!

Hoped That It Would Make You Think.

Somebody paid money to print this in the hope that it would make you think. But you pay less attention to the lesson than if you had read it as an article in a magazine, for which you paid your own money. Because a minister gives you straight, hard truths about your daily life, and tells you that to be good you should try first to be sound and clean and healthy, you pay less attention to it than if he gave you a spiritual question and its answer.

But the minister is right. And,

though this is an advertisement, the truth is just as important to you as if you paid to get it. Good life is first a matter of being sound, clean, healthy—sound in brain and body. It is the duty of health in this way. It simply tells how soundness and health depend almost entirely on your food, and how red blood (those useful red corpuscles that do the work and fight off sickness) does the most important part in keeping you sound and healthy. Appetite is a food with a reason, as you will understand when you read the book.

Florida To-Morrow

Ponce De Leon's Land of Easter, whose summer now reigns, is only thirty hours away by the

Chicago & Florida Limited

Solid Pullman train via Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad, Nashville and Atlanta. Runs on fast schedule all the way through. Latest Pullman equipment, including drawing-room sleepers for St. Augustine, Tampa and Thomasville, Ga. Library observation car and dining car service clear through.

Leave Dearborn Station 1:00 p.m. daily, reach Jacksonville and St. Augustine early next evening.

CHICAGO & EASTERN ILLINOIS R. R.
Call on home ticket agent or address
W. H. RICHARDSON
Gen. Pass. Agent, C. & E. I. R. R., Chicago

SECRETARY SHAW

Not Satisfied With His Retirement Plan.

Washington, Jan. 22.—Secretary Shaw is not satisfied with his plan for the retirement of national bank circulation represented by about \$13,000,000 worth of state and municipal bonds will be successful, but he hopes that the greater part of this circulation will be retired within the next four or five months. The circulation in question is secured by government bonds which were formerly employed as security for federal deposits and whose place at such security was taken by state and municipal bonds. The banks are limited by law to retire not more than \$5,000,000 of circulation of a single month and it will therefore be more than four months before the whole amount of \$13,000,000 can be retired even if the bankers' act upon Mr. Shaw's suggestion promptly.

KICKED TO DEATH.

Young Farm Laborer Found Dying In Stable.

Winthrop, Minn., Jan. 22.—A special from South Dakota says that a farm laborer in the employ of George O'Brien, met with an accident which resulted in his death. The man was found dead in a stable. The man was found dead in a stable. The man was found dead in a stable.

High Tribute to the Army!

After making a thorough investigation of the prevailing condition of affairs in the Philippine islands during the recent campaign, the general of the army, in his report, pays a high tribute to the courage and wisdom of the military operations have been carried on. The general also paid tribute to the courage and wisdom of the military operations have been carried on. The general also paid tribute to the courage and wisdom of the military operations have been carried on.

BOOK ON "VAMPIRES."

Sir Philip Burne-Jones May Illustrate It.

Chicago, Jan. 22.—Sir Philip Burne-Jones may illustrate a book on "Vampires" by Owen Wister, author of "The Virginian." Mr. Wister is at work on the book and Sir Philip says that if the opportunity is given he will collaborate with him. A message has been received in Chicago from Philadelphia stating that Mr. Wister is at work on the book and Sir Philip says that if the opportunity is given he will collaborate with him.

FIALA TO COMMAND

The Next William H. Ziegler Polar Expedition.

New York, Jan. 22.—Until a few days ago Anthony Fiala was comparatively unknown. Now he is the protégé of William H. Ziegler and is chosen as commander of the next Ziegler north pole expedition. Mr. Ziegler has not lost heart because of the miserable failure of the last expedition. When Fiala and his crew made such an inglorious return home there was but one of them all who gave a satisfactory account of his stewardship. That was the young and unknown photographer. "What did you do?" demanded Ziegler of Fiala. "I did what I was sent to do," replied the young man. "I took about 1000 photographs, which you said you wanted." Fiala is not yet 30 years old, but is willing to command the expedition. He will sail in May.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

FREE COFFEE—Come and get a cup of famous **BELL COFFEE**, freshly made, with pure cream and crisp wafers—served free to all customers on third floor.

Clearance soiled books

Every book in our stock in any way soiled, marred, dog-eared or imperfect has been sorted out and we now offer all such books for less than the cost of the plain paper, in five bargain lots—at

5c, 10c, 25c, 50c and 75c.

At 5c—All books and booklets that sell regularly at 10c, 12½c and 15c. Toy and picture books for children, paper covered books, etc.

At 10c—Beautiful gift books, selling regularly at 19c and 25c. Picture books, boys' and girls' books, and others slightly soiled.

At 25c—Cloth bound library books, fiction, juvenile and others—published at 50c, 75c and \$1.00. Choice from a number of good titles.

At 50c—Riley's "Old Fashioned Roses" and "Golden Year," published at \$1.75—Canon Farrar's \$1.00 year book, and others published at \$1.00 to \$1.50.

At 75c—Standard works of fiction, poetry, history, etc., bound in cloth and fine holiday bindings—not noticeably soiled, yet sufficiently to cause us to include them in this clearance—publishers' prices are \$1.50 to \$2.00—all go at 75c.

Friday curtain bargains.

Special Friday clearance items on the third floor. If you want curtain goods better buy these—the prices are cut deep.

Nottingham Curtain Goods—choice of white or ecru—regular price is 35c a yard—elegant goods for chamber curtains, sash curtains, etc. Will sell Friday at, per yard—**19c**

Curtain Scrim—the white, 12½c quality. Friday, per yard—**9c**

White Scrim for sash curtains—a small lot of the 8c quality will be sold, as long as it lasts, Friday, yard—**4½c**

The white sale!
The mill-end sale!
The odds and ends sale!
The pre-inventory sale!

All these sales in full force tomorrow in all departments. We are giving **BEST VALUES** ever offered in Duluth—thousands of good seasonable articles at less than cost.

AT WEST DULUTH

Two accidents were reported from the West Duluth mills yesterday. While engaged in removing refuse from a pocket, W. J. Allen, a teamster at the Leasure mill, had his collar bone broken. He was opening the pocket and was struck by some projecting machinery. He was taken to his home by some of his fellow-workmen and a physician summoned.

At the St. Louis mill Eric Robinson, while working near a belt, thoughtlessly backed into it and his hand was caught between the belt and the pulley. Before the machinery could be stopped his hand and arm were horribly mangled and several ribs broken. He was taken to the hospital, where his injuries were dressed.

WAS NEAR DEATH.
Edward Shea was found by the police last evening lying in a snow bank on Gosnell street. The officer says that he had lapsed too freely and was sleeping off on a soft, cool bed of snow. When found he was numb with the cold, and had been allowed to remain in his position for another half hour, would doubtless have been frozen to death. He was taken to the hospital.

BOOK ON "VAMPIRES."
Sir Philip Burne-Jones May Illustrate It.

Chicago, Jan. 22.—Sir Philip Burne-Jones may illustrate a book on "Vampires" by Owen Wister, author of "The Virginian." Mr. Wister is at work on the book and Sir Philip says that if the opportunity is given he will collaborate with him. A message has been received in Chicago from Philadelphia stating that Mr. Wister is at work on the book and Sir Philip says that if the opportunity is given he will collaborate with him.

FIALA TO COMMAND

The Next William H. Ziegler Polar Expedition.

New York, Jan. 22.—Until a few days ago Anthony Fiala was comparatively unknown. Now he is the protégé of William H. Ziegler and is chosen as commander of the next Ziegler north pole expedition. Mr. Ziegler has not lost heart because of the miserable failure of the last expedition. When Fiala and his crew made such an inglorious return home there was but one of them all who gave a satisfactory account of his stewardship. That was the young and unknown photographer. "What did you do?" demanded Ziegler of Fiala. "I did what I was sent to do," replied the young man. "I took about 1000 photographs, which you said you wanted." Fiala is not yet 30 years old, but is willing to command the expedition. He will sail in May.

FAIRMOUNT HOCKEY TEAM.

The Fairmount hockey team of West Duluth will make its initial appearance this evening at the West Duluth rink. The West Duluth boys have been practicing on the bay for some weeks past, but have played no matches as yet. The strong Central team will be their opponent, and a fast game is looked for. The Fairmounts will line up as follows: Goal, R. Murphy; point, O'Brien; cover point, Sullivan; forwards, Solberg, Meldahl, Kenny, Samela.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The annual meeting of the Norwegian Lutheran church was held last evening and the annual report of the treasurer was read. The finances of the church are in a most satisfactory condition. The balance of the mortgage has been paid off during the past year, and the members of the church will give an entertainment in the near future, at which the deed will be formally burned.

Mrs. M. E. Abrahamson, who has been visiting her parents in St. Paul, has returned to her home in West Duluth.

The gang saw at the Red Cliff Lumber company's mill broke down yesterday. The breakage was not serious and was soon repaired.

E. Kammer, of Fountain City, Wis., is visiting friends in West Duluth. Ex-Alderman Sang and M. J. Filiatrault drove to Fond du Lac this morning.

Pascal Tebeau is in the city from Hibbing.

Ernest Brotherton is down from French river for a few days.

B. Neils has returned from his camp at Split Rock.

Edward Robinson has taken his old position on the Bay View Heights incline.

Alderman W. R. Kern is confined to his home with a bad attack of the grip.

Mrs. James Sullivan, who fell down stairs last Monday and broke her arm, is recovering rapidly.

M. McKeever has returned from a lengthy visit with his parents in River Falls.

The fourth meeting of the week of prayer series will be held in the Presbyterian church this evening. The pastor, Rev. W. J. Lowrie, will speak.

Miss Anna Braden, of the West Duluth postoffice, is seriously ill at her home.

Harry Clatterham left for Chicago last evening.

The West Duluth Workmen and the Degree of Honor held a joint installation of officers last evening in Gillis's hall. A supper followed the installation exercises, after which the hall was cleared for dancing.

NOT DUE TO CLIMATE.

Cataract Is Found Everywhere.

Cataract is at home anywhere and everywhere. While more common in cold, changeable climates, it is by no means confined to them, but is equally common in every state and territory in the Union.

The common definition of cataract is a chronic cloud in the head, which if long neglected often destroys the sense of sight and hearing; but there are many other forms of the disease, even more obstinate and dangerous.

Cataract is undoubtedly a blood disease and can only be successfully eradicated by an internal treatment. Sprays, washes and powders are useless as far as reaching the real seat of the disease is concerned.

Dr. McVerney advises cataract sufferers to use a new preparation, sold by druggists, called Stuart's Cataract Tablets, because actual analysis has shown these tablets to contain certain anti-septic qualities of the highest value, and being an internal remedy, pleasant to the taste, convenient and harmless, can be used as freely as required, as well for children as for adults.

An attorney and public speaker, who had been a cataract sufferer for years says:

"Every fall I would catch a cold which would settle in my head and throat and hang on all winter long, and every winter it seemed to get a little worse. I was continually clearing my throat, and my voice became hoarse, to such an extent as to interfere with my public speaking."

"I tried troches and cheap cough cures and sometimes got relief, but only for a short time, until this winter, when I learned of the new cataract cure, Stuart's Cataract Tablets, through a newspaper advertisement. Two fifty-cent boxes which I bought at my druggist's, cleared my head and throat in the shape, and to guard against a return of my old trouble I keep a box of the tablets on hand and whenever I catch a little cold I take a tablet or two and ward off any serious developments."

Stuart's Cataract Tablets deserves to head the list as a household remedy, to check and break up coughs and colds, because unlike many other cataract and cough cures these tablets contain opiate, cocaine or any injurious drug.

WILL TRY THE CURFEW.
Fulton, N. Y., Jan. 22.—Fulton's new curfew ordinance will go into effect tonight for the first time. Three taps will be sounded by the fire alarm at 8

Nervo-Sexual Debility



Our modern advanced Electro-Medical Methods Cure Where All Other Treatments Fail.

Men, many of you are now reaping the results of your former folly. Your vitality is falling and you will be lost, unless you do something for yourself. There is no time to lose. Nervo-Sexual Debility is never at a standstill, with it you can make no compromise. Either you must master it or it will master you, and fill your future with misery and indescribable woe.

The longest established, most successful and reliable specialist in diseases of men, as medical diplomas, licenses and newspaper records will show.

We have treated so many cases of this kind that we are as familiar with them as you are with the very daylight. Once cured by us you will never again be bothered by weak organs, nervousness, falling memory, loss of ambition and other symptoms which rob you of your strength and ability until you are fit for the duties of life. Our treatment for weak men will convert all these evils and restore you to what nature intended—a hale, healthy and happy man, with physical and mental powers complete.

We also cure by our combined Electro-Medical treatment Varicocoe, Stricture, Syphilitic Blood Poison, Rupture, Kidney and Urinary Diseases and all associate diseases and weaknesses of men. Consultation in person or by letter is absolutely free and confidential, and we give each person a Legal Contract to hold for our promises. If you cannot call, write today.

REFERENCES: Best Banks and Leading Business Men of this City.

Progressive Medical Association

No. 1 W. Superior Street, Cor. Lake Ave., Duluth, Minn.
Consultation in person or by letter free.
Office Hours—8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Sundays—10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

RETREATED.

Venezuelan Revolutionists Are Defeated By Government Troops.

Caracas, Jan. 22.—The revolutionary forces under Gen. Riera, which attacked Coro Monday, were obliged to retreat, leaving thirty men killed and 115 wounded behind, as well as many prisoners, a considerable amount of arms and baggage in the hands of the government forces.

At 1 o'clock Monday morning the revolutionists under Riera unexpectedly assumed the offensive. The government supposed Gen. Riera was at Sucre, but instead he appeared outside Coro with 1000 men, his entire command, and attacked the town from two different directions at the same time. One rebel column succeeded in pushing nearly to the center of the town. At first the government soldiers were thrown into confusion, but as soon as they recovered from their surprise they stood up against the rebels. The government men were commanded by Gen. Hernandez and Telleria. After an engagement which lasted for ten hours, the fighting going on in the streets and from the houses of Coro, the revolutionists were obliged to retreat.

Gen. Riera, who showed great personal bravery during the fight, is reported to have been wounded in the leg. He is now fleeing in the direction of Paraguanay, and he probably will embark for Uruguay.

The government killed ten men killed. The houses in Coro are riddled with bullets. The victory of the government at Coro is held up here as proof that the revolution is far from being as successful as is represented at Willemstad, where the revolutionary headquarters are.

Gen. Velutini, who has served at Mexico, near La Guadalupe, Barcelona, after having eluded the vessels of the blockading powers, reports that the government has 3000 men with which to oppose the revolutionists in the Barcelona district.

It is known here that two schooners succeeded, Jan. 16, in landing arms and ammunition for the use of the revolutionists.



"Doesn't cough much through the day. It's when night comes that he coughs so hard." Don't let these night coughs deceive you. Some day you may wake up to the fact that your boy is thin, pale, weak, even seriously ill. You can't safely trifle with any throat or lung trouble. Cure the cough quickly with

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

It's the same medicine your old doctor gave you when you were a child. The young doctors indorse it now, too, for coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, consumption.

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GERMAN WARSHIPS FREIGHT EMBARGO

Have Again Bombarded the Fort at San Carlos. Carlos.

The Fort Returned the Fire With Good Effect. Not Much Prospect of Improvement For Some Time.

German Residents of San Carlos Express Great Indignation. The Cruder Products More Affected Than Finished Ones.

Maracabo, Vez., Jan. 22.—Three German warships, supposed to be the Panther, Vineta and Falke, began shelling the fort of San Carlos at half past 10 o'clock yesterday morning. The fort returned the fire. The engagement was in progress at 1 o'clock in the afternoon.

The correspondent of the Associated Press in a row boat approached within three miles of the fort at noon. The roar of the guns was terrific. The Panther appeared to be more than 50 yards from the fort. Her guns were being fired every minute. There could not be seen for the clouds of smoke, but it was plain that the Venezuelan gunners were answering the German fire splendidly and with great rapidity.

At 1 o'clock in the afternoon an explosion occurred, apparently in the fort, and a cloud of smoke covered part of the harbor. A number of Indian fishermen were intercepted fleeing from the direction of the fort by the German canoes. They reported that the smoke seen was from the burning village of San Carlos, which had been shelled by the German ships, and was in flames.

The shelling of San Carlos has created much excitement among the German residents of this point, who are protesting against the action of the warships.

London, Jan. 22.—The news of the second bombardment of Fort San Carlos reached London too late to be printed in the papers of this morning, which nearly all commented upon the blockade, which the German chancellor, Count von Bismarck, is holding out to Great Britain in his speech in the Reichstag and upon the difficulties in which a chancellor who is obliged to defend his policy by force without being responsible for them becomes involved.

President Castro's demand that the blockade be raised before the negotiations are opened is regarded as certain to create further delays, and the belief has been expressed that the second bombardment of San Carlos will greatly increase the difficulties of the situation.

Not a dollar need be paid until you're cured. Get a package of Rocky Mountain Tea. If it fails to make you well, and keep you well, it don't cost a cent. 35 cents. S. P. Boyce.

Debate
Duluth Central vs. Anoka High School.
Friday Evening, Jan. 23rd, 8 o'clock.
Admission 25c.

UNFAITHFULNESS
Openly Charged Against Some Colorado Democrats.

Denver, Jan. 22.—Considerable criticism was heard this morning among the friends of Senator Hiram S. Boyd, of the action of the six Democrats yesterday in refusing to vote for a United States senator in the joint session of the Democratic members of the senate and house. Although it is questioned if a choice made at that session would have been legal, the Democrats had already adjourned over until Friday, and only Democratic members joined with the Republicans in joining the senate. This is practically a reversal of a previous decision by the same body. The jury in the case of Rev. Marion Lane, also known as Jean Skyles, charged with bigamy, returned a verdict of guilty Wednesday. He is one of the most learned theologians and eloquent orators in the country. He was brought out of the trial that Skyles had been married seven times. The defense was insanity. The Canadian government steamer Stanley, which left Summerside, P. E. I., on Jan. 19, for Cape Horn, is held up and fast in the ice in the Straits of Northumberland. The vessel is a quarantine ship in the ice last winter. The crew is still aboard.

Dr. M. B. Ward, of Philadelphia, assistant quarantine physician, was accidentally killed by a horse on Wednesday. He was inspecting a steamer, which he was inspecting. While walking on the deck, he was stepped into a trap set by a horse and fell into the hold. He died in a few minutes.

A PARDON REQUESTED. San Francisco, Jan. 22.—The appeal for pardon in the case of John M. Nevin, a former captain in the United States army now serving a two years' sentence at San Quentin for forgery, was refused by President Roosevelt. Notice of the executive's action has been received by Nevin's attorney.

AT CLOQUET.

Cloquet, Minn., Jan. 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Vincent, of St. Paul, is visiting her mother in the city. The installation of officers of Joan of Arc, Court No. 1, W. C. O. F. U., was held in the K. P. hall on the 19th inst. Mrs. A. N. Clough, acting as installing officer. The following officers were elected: Mrs. Mary Gillespie, chief ranger; Mrs. Rose Sarazin, recording secretary; Mrs. M. L. Snel, financial secretary; Mrs. A. Ryan, treasurer; Mrs. O'Brien, Mrs. S. McGinn and Mrs. A. Kenny, trustees; Mrs. E. Price and Mrs. R. Gauthier, conductors; Mrs. C. Flannery and Mrs. L. Lavelle, sentinels. After the business of the evening was transacted refreshments were served and the remainder of the evening was spent in social amusements.

Jas. Doris, of Carlton, has been the guest of Mrs. John Hunt, who has been the guest of Mrs. Jos. Lohel for the past week, returned to her home in Duluth on Tuesday.

On Monday evening the Woodmen of the World gave their annual card party in the Outfitters' hall, the following carrying away the honors: Mrs. Luella, ladies' head prize; Mrs. O'Brien, ladies' prize; while Alfred Hall, Sr., claimed the gentlemen's head prize and Chas. Collins the trophy.

Miss Odle Lohel is able to be out again after a week's illness.

Owing to the icy condition of the sidewalks the street commissioners are having them sand.

E. O. Bowcher, owner of the bowling alleys in the city, has sold out his interest to Messrs. Morgan & Wallace, who will hereafter manage the business.

A card party will be given this evening by the ladies of the Catholic guild in the old church, proceeds to be for the benefit of the church.

The Ladies Aid Society of the M. E. church met with Mrs. J. C. Levings today. The ladies of the Episcopal guild met with Mrs. Alf Bengtson today.

With Coal and Coke Scarcity Still Affects Iron Trade.

Not Much Prospect of Improvement For Some Time.

German Residents of San Carlos Express Great Indignation. The Cruder Products More Affected Than Finished Ones.

New York, Jan. 22.—Discussing the condition of the iron and metal trades, the Iron Age says:

The freight embargo and the coal and coke scarcity continue the principal features, notably in the Central West; nor does there seem much prospect of an improvement for some time to come. The effects are primarily, the crude products and have less effect upon the more finished lines. Buying has been light in the leading pig iron distributing markets, but maneuvering for position continues. The Southern iron makers are asking \$17.50 for gray forge and \$18.00 for No. 2 foundry. Birmingham prices which the rolling mills pronounce too high in view of the figures prevailing for bars.

Foreign foundry irons are selling at tide water points \$2 and \$3 below the equivalent of domestic iron and still the new purchases for importation are limited in volume. A cargo of Middieborough No. 3 has recently been bought for shipment here. The heavy movement of coal for this side is affecting freight, too, and shippers.

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THE CHILDREN ENJOY

Life out of doors and out of the games which they play and the enjoyment which they receive and the efforts which they make, comes the greater part of that healthful development which is so essential to their happiness when grown. When a laxative is needed the remedy which is given to them to cleanse and sweeten and strengthen the internal organs on which it acts, should be such as physicians would sanction, because its component parts are known to be wholesome and the remedy itself free from every objectionable quality. The one remedy which physicians and parents, well-informed, approve and recommend and which the little ones enjoy, because of its pleasant flavor, its gentle action and its beneficial effects, is—Syrup of Figs—and for the same reason it is the only laxative which should be used by fathers and mothers.

Syrup of Figs is the only remedy which acts gently, pleasantly and naturally without griping, irritating, or nauseating and which cleanses the system effectually, without producing that constipated habit which results from the use of the old-time cathartics and modern imitations, and against which the children should be so carefully guarded. If you would have them grow to manhood and womanhood, strong, healthy and happy, do not give them medicines, when medicines are not needed, and when nature needs assistance in the way of a laxative, give them only the simple, pleasant and gentle—Syrup of Figs.

Its quality is due not only to the excellence of the combination of the laxative principles of plants with pleasant aromatic syrups and juices, but also to our original method of manufacture and as you value the health of the little ones, do not accept any of the substitutes which unscrupulous dealers sometimes offer to increase their profits. Please to remember, the full name of the Company—CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.—is printed on the front of every package. In order to get its beneficial effects it is always necessary to buy the genuine only. For sale by all reliable druggists.



Dr. Emma Breinholt,

Doctor in Midwifery and Magnetic Healing. Home for patients if you are weak and nervous, crippled or any disease. Call, and the doctor will soon put you in the vibrations of health and strength. The doctor has practiced in Duluth, for four years. 1615 Piedmont Ave. W. and Superior St. New Phone, 1471.

The best kind no more than the inferior kinds. Drink **ANHEUSER-BUSCH and FITZGER'S BEER.** Sold in Duluth at the

Ideal Beer Hall

The Greatest Skill—The most experience—We grind our own lenses. **C. D. TROTT, OPTICIAN,** 3 West Superior St.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

MADE IN ENGLAND. Restores vitality. Made a Well Man of Me. THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY produces the above results in 30 days. Acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Restores vitality, impotency, nervousness, loss of power, memory, waiting diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excessive indulgence, which unite on for study, business or marriage. Not only cures by starting at the root of disease, but restores the system to its normal condition, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off insanity and consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in your pocket. By mail \$1.00 per package, or six for \$5.00, with a post free written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Write and receive free. Address: ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 16-20 Plymouth Pl., New York City.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by Max Wirth and S. P. Boyce, druggists.

FREE TOWOMEN

WILCOX TANSY PILLS For 30 years the only safe and reliable Female Regulator for all troubles. Relieves within 3 days. At druggists, or by mail, 10c. Free trial for 10c. "Tansy" and "Woman's Safe Guard" for 10c. Address: WILCOX MEDICAL COMPANY, 212 N. WEST PHILADELPHIA, PA.

MEN AND WOMEN.

Use Big G for men and women. Cures all diseases of the urinary system, such as gonorrhea, syphilis, etc. Sold by druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, 10c. Address: Big G, 10c. or 5c. per box. Write for free literature.

Every Woman

is interested and should know about the wonderful **MARVEL Whirling Spray** The new Vaginal Hygiene. It cleanses, soothes, and restores. Sold by druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, 10c. Address: Marvel, 10c. or 5c. per box. Write for free literature.

WIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishop's Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church. They cure all diseases of the urinary system, such as gonorrhea, syphilis, etc. Sold by druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, 10c. Address: Mormon Bishop's Pills, 10c. or 5c. per box. Write for free literature.

HE, THAT WORKS EASILY, WORKS SUCCESSFULLY. CLEAN HOUSE WITH

SAPOLIO

It is the same medicine your old doctor gave you when you were a child. The young doctors indorse it now, too, for coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, consumption.

Three sizes: 25c, 50c, \$1.00. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

"I have the greatest confidence in Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. I have used it for a number of years and I never know it to fail to break up a cold."—CHARLES FORTY, Hastings, N. Y.

For sale by—**MAX WIRTH, Druggist**

Big Reduction in Electric Light Rates

Commencing January 1, 1903, the rates for electric current used after that date will be reduced from a basis rate of twenty cents per kilo watt to fifteen cents per kilo watt, with increased reductions for current use.

The New Rates Are As Follows:
1 to 20 thousand watts 15 cents per thousand watts
20 to 60 thousand watts 14 cents per thousand watts
60 to 100 thousand watts 12½ cents per thousand watts
100 to 200 thousand watts 10 cents per thousand watts
All over 200 thousand watts 8 cents per thousand watts

A discount of 10 per cent will be allowed on all bills paid before the 12th of the month.

EXAMPLE OF REDUCTION:
20,000 watts at 20c per kilo watt amounts to \$4.00, less 15 per cent discount, net—\$3.40
New rates—20,000 watts at 15 cents per kilo watt amounts to \$3.00, less 10 per cent, net—\$2.70

Duluth General Electric Co.,

Office: 216 West Superior Street.

High in quality. Low in price.

LUMBER

Mill Work

SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO.

FITGER'S BEER

Is starring this season and drawing crowded houses.

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SAPOLIO

It is the same medicine your old doctor gave you when you were a child. The young doctors indorse it now, too, for coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, consumption.

Three sizes: 25c, 50c, \$1.00. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

"I have the greatest confidence in Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. I have used it for a number of years and I never know it to fail to break up a cold."—CHARLES FORTY, Hastings, N. Y.

For sale by—**MAX WIRTH, Druggist**

THE OLD DULUTH MERGER AN INQUIRY NOW WANTED

Mr. Yoerg Moves For an Investigation.

The Senate In Favor of the Capitol Bill.

St. Paul, Jan. 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—The old merger of the St. Paul & Duluth and the Northern Pacific was brought up in the house this morning by a resolution offered by Mr. Yoerg, of Ramsey county, the author of the past investigation resolution. The document is lengthy, and recites that both of these roads used to be separate and competing roads, that the Northern Pacific bought the St. Paul & Duluth, and that now both roads, together with the Eastern Minnesota, another competitive road, are now controlled by the Northern Securities company. The resolution provides that a committee of five shall be appointed by the chair to look into the matter and report. As a number of the members had gone out to visit the soldiers' home, the author consented to let the resolution pass for the present.

St. A. Nelson introduced another resolution providing for the appointment of a committee of nine, one from each congressional district, to audit the accounts of the state capital commission. The author of the resolution was thoughtful enough to embody in it an assurance that there was no suspicion of anything behind it, but that the members might be able to vote better if they knew the facts and figures.

The general legislation committee reported favorably on Mr. Hugo's bill to permit Scottish life boats to incorporate and construct buildings.

Mr. Armstrong introduced a constitutional convention bill similar to the one already introduced in the senate. The committee on military affairs presented a bill appropriating \$4000 for the construction of a monument to the Minnesota soldiers who fought at Vicksburg, to be erected in the national park there.

Mr. Erickson introduced a bill providing that in counties of 50,000 and over county commissioners shall receive \$5 per day for the time actually spent. This is a subsidy for the county, which was not limited in its application, and which would have placed the St. Louis county board on a par with the others.

Mr. Armstrong introduced a bill providing that in counties of 50,000 and over county commissioners shall receive \$5 per day for the time actually spent.

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DEATH ON THE RAIL

A Chapter of Railroad Accidents Causing Loss of Life and Property.

Memphis, Jan. 23.—The Illinois Central New Orleans special from Memphis for New Orleans, which left this city at 12:15 o'clock this morning, was derailed and badly wrecked by an open switch at a lumber company's siding in an industrial suburb of the southern part of the city.

Five of the seven cars were derailed and overturned and the locomotive was badly smashed. Not a single passenger was injured and none of the train crew were killed or injured, although the engineer and fireman were fatally injured and three other members of the train crew are seriously hurt.

The fatally injured: Harry Norton, engineer, Memphis; John McDaniel, fireman, Water Valley, Miss. Serious injuries: James Myrick, baggage-master; Frank Elbridge, mail clerk; Reuben Davis, mail clerk.

The switch at the siding was open, although the switch lamps showed a clear track. It is believed that it was accidentally opened and the lamp set with the white light showing by wreckers for the purpose of dithering.

The engine collided with a lot of heavily loaded box cars on the side track and the entire forward section of the train left the track. The mail car was badly crushed and the combination car was cut squarely in half.

One of the Pullman sleepers was thrown at right angles to the track, but remained in an upright position. There were about sixty-five passengers on the train. The engineer and fireman were caught in the ruins of the engine and are badly scalded and burned. Both will die. The train is the fastest and handiest on the Illinois Central railroad.

Wichita, Kans., Jan. 23.—The Missouri Pacific passenger train leaving Wichita at 9:30 last night for Kansas City, was wrecked at 2 o'clock this morning, while entering the yards at Yates Center. A coal train which had taken the switch, was too long and one car had been left on the main track.

The engineer, Grover Nettles, of Eldorado, Kans., and fireman Richard Dillenbecker, of Eldorado, were killed and mail clerk Walter S. Nessinger is reported seriously hurt.

Grand Forks, N. D., Jan. 23.—Two Great Northern freights were in collision at Des Moines, Ward county. Five men were injured, three seriously. The engine set fire to a large elevator and it was burned and also seven freight cars. A snow storm prevented the engineer seeing the train ahead.

Chicago, Jan. 23.—Information was received by officials of the Chicago and North Western railroad last night that the passenger train which left Chicago for St. Paul at 6:30 p. m., struck a broken rail at a point just east of South Freeport and jumped the track.

The engineer and fireman were killed and fifteen or twenty passengers injured. Flames attacked the wreck, endangering the lives of the passengers.

The dead: SHELDON, engineer of the wrecked train, Chicago. GRACE, fireman, Chicago.

The injured: Speed, expressman. Physicians were hurried from all towns within reach of the wreck to relieve the suffering of the injured. A special train, with medical aid, was made up in Chicago and hurried to the scene of the disaster. The passengers rushed from the train and found the engine lying across the track. On top of it was the baggage car. The train is a regular one between Chicago and St. Paul and all of the coaches were filled.

Following the baggage car was a buffet car. Then came three sleepers and two day coaches brought up the rear. The baggage car caught fire, but the flames were checked before the buffet car was reached. The people who rode in the ordinary day coaches fared better than did those who had berths in the sleepers. The day coaches were at the rear of the train and were the only ones that remained upon the rails.

over the heads of the crowd, reached the third story, and succeeded, by pushing the people aside, in making a passageway for the women. Other policemen and the fire department soon arrived, and when the building had been cleared the bodies of the three dead were found.

Mrs. Balletti, who was erroneously reported among the killed, received injuries which may result fatally. The 200 employees of the New Ideal Pattern company, in whose factory the fire started, got out in safety, although several were more or less burned. Employees of other firms in the building left the building in order and then helped in rescuing the women from the cigar factory.

FORT BEGAN FIRING

Report That Bombardment of San Carlos Was Caused By Shots From Fort.

Berlin, Jan. 23.—A report of the bombardment of San Carlos fort was received at the navy department at noon today, but is being communicated to the imperial chancellery before being published. The foreign office has not received any representations from Secretary Hay relative to the bombardment.

The Lokal Anzeiger says it has received information to the effect that Commodore Schuler reports that Fort San Carlos fired on the Panther ship, as the cruiser was feeling her way into the inner harbor.

The first official report of the bombardment of Fort San Carlos arrived in the shape of a dispatch from the commander of the Falke dated Wilhelmshaven, island of Curacao, Jan. 22, saying he had received information from Maracaibo that Fort San Carlos had been destroyed and set on fire by the Vincta and Panther, and had ultimately been destroyed.

In the telegraph today Foreign Secretary Von Richthofen expressed the hope that the Venezuelan difficulties would soon be settled. He said:

"The negotiations at Washington, it is hoped, will result in an early resumption of the blockade, rendering it possible to raise the blockade. So long as the blockade exists, the German charge d'affaires, in Washington, will be forced to remain there. The action against Maracaibo was undertaken for this purpose."

London, Jan. 23.—At the German embassy a representative of the Associated Press was informed today that the report of the bombardment of Fort San Carlos and it could only be assumed that there was good and sufficient reason for it. It was suggested that judgment be suspended until full particulars were received. The British and German governments, it was added, were acting in perfect harmony and quite agreed that the blockade could not be raised until a satisfactory guarantee had been offered by President Castro. When Minister Bowen went to Washington it was thought he was the bearer of such a guarantee, but the German embassy officials asserted it has turned out that he only had President Castro's promise to pay, which has previously proved unsatisfactory. If Mr. Bowen could secure some other guarantee, the blockade would be raised, but negotiations to this end are not likely to advance until the arrival of Baron Speck von Sternburg, the German charge d'affaires, in Washington.

J. H. Schober, the Venezuelan representative here, referring to the report of the United States that it was awaiting permission to publish information showing that Germany has been supporting Castro, said today that there were no new developments in the case. He was merely awaiting documents from Caracas to prove the reported assertions of the Venezuelan government that the powers had been assisting the Venezuelan revolutionists. These documents, it was added, are in the hands of Minister Bowen as part of Venezuela's case.

Caracas, Jan. 23, 10 a. m.—Up to this hour no news has been received here tending to confirm the report that the German warship Panther had entered Lake Maracaibo, and that the Venezuelan cruiser, Miranda, had surrendered to her. The rumor is believed to be without foundation.

CALLED TO ARMS.
Venezuelans to Resist Landings of the Germans.

Maracaibo, Venz., Jan. 23.—President Castro of the state of Maracaibo, has, by a decree published last night, called to arms all citizens from 16 to 60 years of age, belonging to the militia, in order to resist the possible landing of German forces at Lake Maracaibo. About 500 men immediately answered the call.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.
New York—Arrived: Cutie, Liverpool; Patricia, Hamburg. Arrived: Graf Waldersee, New York.

MINERS
Listen to Reading of Resolutions and Act On Some.

Indianapolis, Jan. 23.—When the miners' wage convention met today the resolutions committee began reading the usual accumulation of resolutions reported from local unions.

A resolution against Frank Sargent's plan to remove the immigration headquarters from Pittsburgh was concurred in.

OFFICIALS ARRESTED.
Bucharest, Jan. 23.—Two high officials of the ministry of finance have been arrested on the charge of defrauding the government out of several hundred francs, through the drawing of government bonds. Two local bankers are accused of complicity in the frauds, one of them has been arrested and the other has disappeared.

Found Guilty of Charge After Brief Trial.

Had Nothing to Say as Sentence Was Passed.

London, Jan. 23.—When the trial of Col. Arthur Lynch, member of parliament for Galway, on the charge of high treason, was resumed today, counsel for the defense began summing up. There was no attempt to deny that Col. Lynch supported the Boers, but counsel contended that his naturalization was in no way prompted by treasonable intent and was solely for the advantage he would thus secure for journalistic purposes. Subsequently the defendant actively supported the Boer cause in the belief that he was a legally naturalized burgher.

Replying for the prosecution, the solicitor general, Sir Howard Carter, maintained that Col. Lynch joined the Boer army as a disaffected Irishman, thereby committing a most cowardly and most serious act of treason."

The jury, after having been out half an hour, returned a verdict of guilty. When asked if he had anything to say why he should not be sentenced to death, Col. Lynch replied:

"Thank you, I will say nothing." The sentence of death was passed on each of the four counts in the indictment.

KILLED BY DYNAMITE

Two Foremen In Wabash Tunnel Lose Lives, and Four Workmen Are Seriously Hurt By Reason of Some One's Carelessness.

Pittsburg, Jan. 23.—Two men were killed and four seriously injured at 7 o'clock this morning in the eastern end of the Wabash tunnel, south side, by an explosion of dynamite, due, it is said, to some one turning on the electrical current without receiving the proper signal.

The dead: FRANK TAYLOR, night foreman, 31 years old, married. HARRY CLARENCE, day foreman, single, head blown off.

Injured: James McGovern, probably die. Thomas Harvey, colored, condition seriously injured. Unknown white man and known negro, both with recoverable wounds. Blasts had been prepared by the night crew in the eastern end of the heading, and Day Foreman Florence Taylor to see what had been done.

With the foremen were four workmen. As the party was going toward the charge, dynamite some one at the top of the shaft turned on the electrical current without receiving the proper signal, and when they carried the wires, inserted them into the charge of dynamite, the explosion followed.

FLATIRON A NUISANCE
Action Is to Be Brought Against Famous New York Building on Account of Queer Pranks of the Wind.

New York, Jan. 23.—An action is to be brought in the courts here to declare the Flatiron building, occupying the "A" corner of Broadway and Fifth Avenue, a public and private nuisance, on the ground that the building is a source of annoyance to the neighborhood by the queer pranks of the wind.

The building responsible for the antics of the wind, the occupants striking the signs and being deflected to the street and against the windows. Among the witnesses will be experts on air currents, architects and people who in passing have been roughly handled by the wind.

Mr. Vincent, who is the owner of the building, has been thrown to the sidewalk. Mr. Vincent has also been thrown to the sidewalk, and for loss on business, alleging that people avoid the vicinity since the building was erected and the wind commenced its pranks.

THE DIX REPORTED LOST
A Rumor Is Current In Seattle That Army Transport Has Gone Down Near Yokohama With All on Board.

Seattle, Wash., Jan. 23.—An unfounded rumor was current among shipping men late last night to the effect that the transport Dix had gone down this side of Yokohama with all on board. No details were given of the wreck, and it was impossible to locate any credible origin of the story.

Dix sailed from this port Dec. 23 bound for Manila via Nagasaki with a heavy cargo. Capt. Hopkins was in command of the transport, with Capt. Theodore Sternberg, U. S. A., in charge of the vessel. The Dix was acquired by the government during the war with Spain and is one of the largest freighters owned by the United States.

Maj. C. S. Bingham, of the quartermaster's department, stated early this morning that he had received no word of the wreck.

The course to Nagasaki would bring the transport in the route of the Japanese steamers, and it is possible that the report may have come from this source.

COMMISSIONERS TOO GREEDY

New York, Jan. 23.—Last year D. O. Mills was assessed in this city on \$1,000,000 personal property. He then told the commissioners that his legal residence was San Mateo, Cal., which fact relieved him from any personal tax here but that he was willing to pay on an assessment of \$250,000, as he spent so great a part of his time in New York.

His offer was accepted. Mr. Mills is understood, was willing to pay on the same assessment this year, but the commissioners put up the assessment to \$500,000, and insisted that Mr. Mills should pay on this amount, whereupon he promptly swore off entirely.

MARCONI MAY SUE THE U. S.
Boston, Jan. 23.—A special dispatch to the Advertiser from Weymouth, Mass., says: Before leaving this place for New York, Mr. Marconi dropped a hint of seriousness complications for the inventor known of this and intends to stand up for what he believes his rights in the matter.

"This thing is to be settled in the courts. I do not care to say much about it now, but I will say that an action will be brought for an infringement of the invention," he said positively.

and were finally rejected as too high. For nearly a year experiments have been made in Washington, and many officers think they have an invention which will equal Marconi's. The Italian inventor knows of this and intends to stand up for what he believes his rights in the matter.

United States government. It appears that he has already had negotiations with the United States concerning the right to use a system of wireless telegraphy over this entire country. The terms were considered by the president

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FOR HIGH TREASON TO THE KING

Found Guilty of Charge After Brief Trial.

A Chapter of Railroad Accidents Causing Loss of Life and Property.

London, Jan. 23.—When the trial of Col. Arthur Lynch, member of parliament for Galway, on the charge of high treason, was resumed to-day, the counsel for the defense began summing up. There was no attempt to deny that Col. Lynch supported the Boers, but counsel contended that his naturalization was in no way prompted by treasonable intent and was solely for the advantage he would thus secure for journalistic purposes. Subsequently the defendant's attorney supported the Boer cause in the belief that he was a legally naturalized burgher.

Replying for the prosecution, the solicitor general, Sir Howard Carse, maintained that Col. Lynch joined the Boer cause with full knowledge of the fact that he thereby committing a most cowardly and most serious act of treason." His naturalization, contended the solicitor general, was only a flimsy pretext. Counsel then proceeded to detail the prisoner's alleged acts of adherence to his country.

The lord justice summed up very briefly. He said that if in war time a British subject joined the king's enemies, whatever his purpose, he was guilty of an unlawful act. Naturalization was no excuse for such an act, whatever for subsequent acts in aiding the king's enemies.

The jury, after having been out half an hour, returned a verdict of guilty. When asked if he had anything to say why he should not be sentenced to death, the prisoner said:

"Thank you. I will say nothing."

The sentence of death was passed on each of the four counts in the indictment.

Two Foremen In Wabash Tunnel Lose Lives, and Four Workmen Are Seriously Hurt By Reason of Some One's Carelessness.

Pittsburg, Jan. 25.—Two men were killed and four seriously injured at 7 o'clock this morning in the eastern end of the Wabash tunnel, south side, by an explosion of dynamite, due, it is said, to some tangled wires. The explosion occurred without receiving the proper signal.

The dead:

PHILANK TAYLOR, night foreman, 21 years old, married.

JOHN J. HANLEY, day foreman, single; head blown off.

Those injured were McGraw, probably dead; Thomas Harvey, colored, condition serious; Unknown white man and unknown negro, both with recoverable injuries; and one man whose name is not known in the eastern end of the heading.

At the time of the explosion, Taylor, with Night Foreman Taylor to see workmen had been down.

Two women were four workmen. As the party was going toward the charge of dynamite set off at the top of the shaft turned on the electrical current without notification, and the women were in the tunnel, they were hurled into the charge of dynamite, the explosion

Action Is to Be Brought Against Famous New York Building on Account of Queer Pranks of the Wind.

New York, Jan. 22.—An action is to be brought in the courts here to declare the history a tortious act, and to recover damages for the destruction of Broadway and Fifth avenue at Twenty-third street, and known as the Flatiron building, declared a public and private nuisance. The complainant is the owner of a store on Broadway, opposite the high building, whose plate glass windows have been broken by the wind currents striking the building. In his complaint he holds the building responsible for the antics of the wind, the currents striking the structure and being deflected to the street and against the windows. Among the witnesses are the owners of the building, architects and people who in passing have been roughly handled by the wind, some of whom claim to have been injured. The suit also asks damages for losses of stock and for loss on business, although the building was erected and the wind commenced its pranks.

A Rumor Is Current In Seattle That Army Transport Has Gone Down Near Yokohama With All on Board.

Seattle, Wash., Jan. 23.—An unconformable tumor was current among shipping men late last night to the effect that the transport Dix had gone down this side of Yokohama with all on board. No details were given of the wreck, and it was impossible to locate any credible origin of the story. The Dix sailed from this port Dec. 23 bound for Manila via New York. The transport was under the command of Capt. Hopkins was in command of the transport, with Capt. Theodore Sternberg, U. S. A., in charge of the vessel. The Dix was acquired by the government during the war with Spain and is one of the largest freighters owned by the United States.

Maj. C. S. Bingham, of the quartermaster's department, stated early this morning that he had received no word of the wreck.

The course to Nagasaki would bring the ship in the route of the Japanese steamers, and it is possible that the report may have come from this source.

New York, Jan. 23.—Last year D. O. Mills was assessed in this city on \$1,000,000 personal property. He then told the commissioners that his legal residence was San Mateo, Cal., which fact relieved him from any personal tax here but that he was willing to pay on an assessment of \$250,000, as he spent so great a part of his time in New York his offer was accepted. Mr. Mills, it understood, was willing to pay on the same assessment this year, but the commissioners put up the assessment at \$500,000, and insisted that Mr. Mills should pay on this amount, whereupon he promptly swore off entirely.

Boston, Jan. 23.—A special dispatch to the *Advertiser* from Wellesley, Mass., says: "Before leaving this place for New York, Mr. Marconi dropped a hint of seriousness complications for the United States government. It appears that he has already had negotiations with the United States concerning the right to use a system of wireless telegraphy over this country. He is now being asked by the president and were finally rejected as too high." For nearly a year experiments have been made in Washington, and many officers think they have an invention which will be of great value. The inventor knows of this and intends to stand up for what he believes his right is in the matter. "The thing is to be settled in the courts. I do not care to say much about it now, but I will say that an action will be brought for an infringement of the patent rights of the inventor. It is very important, but I will not say more."

and were finally rejected as too high. For nearly a year experiments have been made in Washington, and many officers think they have an invention which will equal Marconi's. The Italian inventor knows of this and intends to stand up for what he believes his right in the matter.

"This thing is to be settled in the courts. I do not care to say much about it now, but I will say that an action will be brought for an infringement of the invention," he said positively.

St. Paul, Jan. 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—The old "craze" of the St. Paul, Duluth and the Northern Pacific was brought up in the house this morning by a resolution offered by Mr. Yeag, of Ramsey county, the author of the past investigation resolution. The document is lengthy, and relies that both of those roads used to be separate and competing roads, that the Duluth and St. Paul & Duluth, and that now both roads, together with, the Eastern Minnesota, another competitive road, are now controlled by the Northern Securities company. The resolution provides that a committee of five shall be appointed by the chair to look into the matter and report thereon. The speaker had previously come out to visit the soldiers' home, the afternoon before he let the resolution pass for the present.

S. A. Nelson introduced another resolution providing for the appointment of a committee of nine, one from each congressional district, to audit the accounts of the state auditor and report thereon.

The author of the resolution was thoughtful enough to embody in it an assurance that there was no suspicion of anything behind it, but that the speaker might want to know the facts if they knew the facts and figures.

The general legislation committee reported that the bill for the incorporation of profit Scottish Irish lodges to incorporate and construct buildings.

Mr. Armstrong introduced a constitutional convention bill similar to the one already introduced in the senate.

The committee on military affairs presented a bill appropriating \$200,000 for the construction of a monument for the Minnesota soldiers who fought at Gettysburg to be erected in the national park there.

Mr. Erickson introduced a bill providing for counties of 20,000 or more, county commissioners shall receive \$5 per day for the time actually spent in their duties, whether they be paid or not, which was not limited in its application, and which would have placed the St. Louis board on a par *deu* *dictis* again if it passed.

Speaker Pabcock is ill today at a severe cold, and Mr. Armstrong, of Hennepin, occupied the chair in his absence.

The senate was on general orders this morning for the first time, and in compliance with the request of the speaker the Horton bill, giving the capital commission authority to sell the capitol grounds, came up for consideration.

There was some little discussion over this, none of which was particularly pertinent, as the bill was unanimously recommended the previous session, and the speaker, the author of the bill, in moving that the committee be discharged, said that the committee at great length explaining the needs of the money and how it came about that the public lands were sold, and that former grants as had been expected, had been made, and that the bill would be one of the finest in the United States, and that it was a very important and possibly a very Boston public law.

Senator Everett said that he would like to see the bill, and that he thought even if more money had been asked for, the legislature would have granted it if it was necessary, and that although the people of the state would like to see other bills, yet that the speaker was no dissenting voice in the committee, and hence the motion to favorably report on the bill was lost.

Senator Allen introduced a bill, providing for the payment of interest on any goods of the value of more than \$100,000, and that the county road work must be let by contract to the lowest bidder, responding to the same provisions as the bill introduced in emergency when there is no time to call for bids.

Senator Thompson introduced a bill providing for the reorganization of schools. The only change is that state high schools will cost \$16 a year, while the others will cost \$10. Appropriations are, as follows: State normal school \$75,000; state high schools \$90,000; high school boards and inspectors \$25,000; rural schools \$25,000.

Senator Brower introduced a bill creating a new department for the improvement of the state training schools for the deaf and blind.

Senator Schütz presented a bill appropriating \$800 to refund taxes paid under the act of March 1st, 1901, which was knocked out by the supreme court.

Senator Johnson introduced a bill providing that the recording of instruments relating to land, timber, sheep and cattle, shall be of the contents and the rights of the parties, as well after the date of the introduction of the bill as before. The senate adjourned to Tuesday next.

More industrious, adjourned to Monday at 11.

STULLMAN H. BINGHAM

Looks as If the House Would Not Have One---
Spirit of the Speakership Fight
Is Still Alive.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

St. Paul, Jan. 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Paul, there going to be a leader in the house this session, and if so, who?

This is a question that is beginning to arouse more discussion than it has in the past days of the session, for the speaker in most cases, these days, does not exist even in name; he must dig out of the shell and step out into the view of the world.

There are a number of house members that have visions of themselves in the capacity of house leaders, and while some of these visions will come out according to the old rule that dreams die by contrast, if there is any one in the house that has not yet made itself manifest, there are a few members that have become moderately prominent in the past few sessions, and whose appearance on their feet in the house, has led for none of these, to think the quality of the speaker figures that stand out over all the other members.

These are the men that have apparently made grasps at the crown laid down by Jacobson, of Lake Quil Pate, are Judge Rosenwald, of Duluth, and John Burns, of Ellmore, J. O. Haugland, of Minneapolis, and others. Without saying anything against the ability and the sagacity and excellencies of any of these gentlemen, none of them look like men who would make a good speaker in the house, as Jacobson can fairly be said to have been. Judge Rosenwald, of Duluth, is a man that has shown the quality that is often a virtue—that of not knowing when he was being too good, and is now showing the quality of increasing the number of

house positions ever since the session opened, has been defeated almost daily, and is still at it. He will probably continue to do so, and will probably carry practices that is but dim. He has another merit in his voice, which is strong and clear, and he is a man that would almost get up and doing the best he can. But he is not going to be a speaker in the house, for he is frequently seen on his feet during house sessions, and he has started in to do a number of things, and he is one of the new members, expert at raising "parliamentary technicalities," and is a man that is a good deal of a trouble in this he is more an imitator of W. P. Roberts, one of Hennepin county's late legislators, than of Jacobson, of Lake Quil Pate, and while he occasionally has inspirations of eloquence, the stand he has taken in raising technicalities, and in carrying out the old rule that is usually popular, and he is not a likely leadership candidate. Mr. Burns, of Ellmore, is a man that is a good fellow, and this year he is numbered with the anti-Babcock minority, and in accordance with the policy of the house, and in sustaining and endorsing that selection.

Burns will have no confidence in the selection of Jacobson, and he has no confidence in the house. His members are all new, and while they are able men, of course, none of them are men that are likely to carry out the designs upon the Jacobson mantle.

In short it looks as though the house of representatives would be a house without a leader.

Speaking of Babcock and anti-Babcock, by the way, the classification created by the speakership contest has broken together with a very much less inspired yet. The feeling engendered

(Continued on Page 10)

Danbury, Conn., Jan. 23.—Samuel Edin, of Brookfield spent seven hours on Wednesday night in a sluice way containing five feet of water. Edin slipped while on his way home about 10 o'clock and fell over the edge of the sluice way, six feet below. There was no means of escape so the only way for Edin to do was to keep his blood in circulation by moving about. His cries were heard at 5 o'clock in the morning when he was rescued.

COAL STEAMSHIPS OVERDUE

Boston, Jan. 25.—Anxiety, in view of heavy weather on the Atlantic, is being felt for some of the foreign steamers now on their way here with coal from British ports. The British steamer *Farnborough* left the "Pine" Dock at noon yesterday reported off the Deal two days later. The British steamer *Cimatis* sailed from Newcastle, Eng., Dec. 30 and the *Hazel* moor left Cardiff, Jan. 1; the *Morocco* left Jan. 2 and six other steamers left coal ports on Jan. 3. None of them

Listen to Reading of Resolutions and Act On Some.

Indianapolis, Jan. 23.—When the miners' wage convention met today the resolutions committee began reading the usual accumulation of resolutions reported from local unions.

A resolution against Frank Sargent's plan to remove the immigration head office here from Pittsburgh was concurred in.

L DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

Maracaibo, Vez., Jan. 23.—President Arangurea, of the state of Maracaibo, has, by a decree published last night, called to arms all citizens from 16 to 60 years of age, belonging to the m

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.
New York—Arrived: Celtic, Liverpool.
Patricia, Hamburg. Hamburg—Arrive:
Graf Waldersee, New York.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.
New York—Arrived: Celtic, Liverpool
Patricia, Hamburg. Hamburg—Arrive
Patricia, New York.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

HALF PRICE OVER-COAT SALE!

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO
The Great Eastern
THE BURROWS STORE
M. S. BURROWS

FUR COATS
AT THE LOWEST PRICES EVER
QUOTED IN THE WEST.

The Greatest Over-coat Sale Ever Known

Every Size—Every Style—Every Fabric.

Men's \$30 Overcoats \$15.00

Men's \$25 Overcoats \$12.50

Men's \$20 Overcoats \$10.00

Men's \$15 Overcoats \$ 7.50

Men's \$10 Overcoats \$ 5.00

Men's \$8 Overcoats \$ 4.00



Hundreds of Men's Finest \$25, \$22.50, and \$20 Suits at

\$13.50

Hundreds of Men's Standard \$18, \$16.50, and \$15 Suits at

\$9.50

Hundreds of Our Best \$11.50, \$12.50 and \$13.50 Suits at

\$6.98

Boys' Overcoats, Reefers and Ulsters at Half Price

| Young Men's Ulsters 16 to 20 years. | Young Men's Overcoats 16 to 20 years. | Children's Ulsters 9 to 14 years. | Children's Overcoats 2 1/2 to 16 years. | Boys' Reefers 4 to 16 years. | Children's Reefers 3 to 10 years. |
|--|--|--------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| \$18.00 Ulsters now.....\$9.00 | \$30.00 Overcoats now.....\$15.00 | \$10.00 Ulsters now.....\$5.00 | \$15.00 Overcoats now.....\$7.50 | \$12.00 Reefers now.....\$6.00 | \$10.00 Reefers now.....\$5.00 |
| \$15.00 Ulsters now.....\$7.50 | \$25.00 Overcoats now.....\$12.50 | \$7.50 Ulsters now.....\$3.75 | \$12.50 Overcoats now.....\$6.25 | \$10.00 Reefers now.....\$5.00 | \$7.50 Reefers now.....\$3.75 |
| \$10.00 Ulsters now.....\$5.00 | \$20.00 Overcoats now.....\$10.00 | \$5.00 Ulsters now.....\$2.50 | \$10.00 Overcoats now.....\$5.00 | \$7.50 Reefers now.....\$3.75 | \$5.00 Reefers now.....\$2.50 |

1/2 Price Boys' Winter Caps Selling at Children's Leggings Selling at Fifty Cent O' Shanters Selling at **1/2 Price** 15% off Boys' and Children's Underwear Boys' and Children's Flannel Blouses Boys' and Children's Sweaters **15% off**

M. S. BURROWS. M. S. BURROWS. M. S. BURROWS. M. S. BURROWS.

JOHN MILLER

Elected President of the Minnesota Reciprocity League.

Minneapolis, Jan. 23.—The advisory board of the Minnesota Reciprocity league, organized two weeks ago in St. Paul, met yesterday in the parlor of the Commercial club.

The members went to work methodically and little time was lost in preliminary procedure. John Miller, of Duluth, was made president of the board. C. C. Weber, of Minneapolis, and L. A. Kirk, of St. Paul, were elected vice presidents. Upon the invitation of the board, Eugene G. Hay, of Minneapolis, delivered an address in which he outlined the plan of organization and propagation which was partly agreed upon at the St. Paul meeting.

He told how difficulties were to be surmounted and pointed out the pitfalls which might be encountered by the organization in its work.

Particularly is the league interested in a re-arrangement of the system of Canadian trade, but as a branch of the National Reciprocity league, which has headquarters in Chicago, it will figure in the movement for general revision of the tariff.

One of the principal subjects discussed today was the raising of funds for the furtherance of the objects of the league. There is lobbying to be done in Washington and other expensive matters to be given attention, so that the men of business who comprise the advisory board naturally grappled with the financial problem first of all. All classes of business are represented in the league.

At 12:30 o'clock the members were entertained at luncheon by the public affairs committee of the Commercial club, after which they reconvened. Of the eighteen members of the advisory board, the following were present: R. L. Cosgrove, Le Sueur; R. A. Kirk, St. Paul; D. R. Noyes, St. Paul; J. C. Ellil, Minneapolis; John Miller, Duluth; J. W. Wheeler, Crookston; Ward Ames, Duluth; E. P. Boardley, St. Paul; C. Whelan, St. Paul; G. C. Weber, Minneapolis; Alexander McDougall, Duluth, who was elected a member of the executive committee. Other members of the committee are: R. Noyes, St. Paul; C. E. Elper, of Minneapolis; J. W. Wheeler, of Crookston; C. N. Cosgrove, of Le Sueur; D. P. Harsbrey, of St. Paul, was elected secretary, and F. A. Chamberlain, of Minneapolis, treasurer.

and location, with its cash market value is based, and especially whether in value or in part upon the capitalization of earnings, earning capacity, with the date and the cash price paid therefor at last sale; the name and address of each officer, managing agent and director; a true and correct copy of its articles of incorporation; a full, true and correct copy of any and all rules, regulations and by-laws adopted for the management and control of its business and the direction of its officers, managing agents and directors.

Section 11: "That any common carrier, express, trustee, receiver or transportation company engaged in interstate commerce now subject to the provisions of said act to regulate commerce knowingly transporting property, produce, manufactured or sold in violation of the provisions of this act or in violation of the provisions of an act to protect trade and commerce against unlawful restraints and monopolies, approved July 2, 1890 in interstate commerce, shall be subject to a penalty of not less than \$100 to be recovered by the United States in any court of the United States having jurisdiction thereof, which suit may be brought in any district in which such common carrier, express, trustee or receiver, or transportation company has an office or conducts business."

Section 12: "Provides that whenever it shall appear to the court before which any proceedings under this act shall be pending that the ends of justice requires that other parties shall be brought before the court, the court may cause them to be summoned, whether they reside in the district where the court is held or not, and subpoenas to that end may be served in any district by the marshal thereof."

Section 13: "That any person or corporation injured in business or property by any other person or corporation by reason of anything forbidden or declared to be unlawful by this act may sue therefor in any circuit court of the United States in the district in which the defendant or defendants reside or are found, without respect to the amount in controversy, and shall recover three-fold the damages sustained and the costs of the suit, including a reasonable attorney's fee."

Section 14: "That this act shall take effect May 1, 1902."

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a box of Greene's Vaseline Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle of Vaseline Cream if it fails to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce. Max Wirth. R. C. Sweeney. William A. Abbott.

Kodak digests what you eat and enables the stomach and digestive organs to transform all food into rich, red blood.

Max Wirth.

MEAT IN DEMAND

Busy Week With Dealers, the Demand Increasing Sharply.

Scarcity of Veal and the Price Has Good Advance.

Poultry Still as Scarce as at Thanksgiving Time.

The past week has been a busy one with the wholesale meat dealers of the city. The clear cold weather has had a good effect on the trade, the loggers buying in large quantities, and the retail dealers in the city buying freely. There is a scarcity of good veal, and the price has risen to 9 1/2 cents per pound, and is selling at 8 cents, and pork loins at 10 1/2. There is a strong upward tendency in the price of pork.

The poultry market remains in the same condition which has existed since Thanksgiving day—the demand exceeds the supply. Even at the exceedingly high prices which are asked for poultry, the dealers have no difficulty in finding a ready market for all they can procure. Turkeys are selling at 6 cents higher than they did last year, and the price of other poultry has followed in the skyward flight.

"I can't understand," said a Michigan street dealer, "why more people do not get into the market gardening business in the vicinity of Duluth. There is an abundance of good land to be had at a reasonable price, which is eminently suited for the purpose, with good railroad facilities and within easy distances of Duluth. At the present prices of butter, eggs, cheese and poultry, such a proposition ought to pay well."

Eggs continue stationary and firm in price. Fresh eggs are selling at 26 cents and storage at 22. Butter is somewhat lower, creamery selling at 25 cents and storage creamery at 25 and 27. Oranges are also selling at a lower figure, California navel at \$3 and Mexican at \$2.75. The dealers say that this is a low figure for this season of the year, and they believe the bottom prices have been reached.

COUPLE INDIGNANT

Over False Announcement of Their Marriage.

Grand Rapids, Wis., Jan. 23.—A tremendous ripple of excitement went through the school and social circles when announcements were received yesterday of the marriage of Miss Mathilda Bunge to William Nash. Neither the parents nor the friends of the contracting parties could solve the mystery as both had been seen a few hours previous to the receiving of the announcements. The only conclusion that could be drawn was that they had eloped. At noon, however, Miss Bunge came home as usual and seemed greatly agitated. She said that she had been congratulated by a large number of friends and wanted to know the meaning of the demonstration. When shown the printed announcement of her wedding, her anger knew no bounds. She pronounced it at once a contemptible ruse to bring some infamous scandal. Mr. Nash, when seen, said that he would push the matter until he had landed the guilty party in jail. Detectives are now working on the case. It is not believed that the marriage has been consummated. The stationery was purchased at one of the local drug stores. It is not believed that the marriage was done in this city.

Miss Bunge and Mr. Nash are well known here. Miss Bunge being a teacher in the public schools, and Mr. Nash a son of L. M. Nash, a prominent merchant and chairman of the Democratic county committee.

BECOMING THIEVES

Young Boys Steal Junk to Sell to Dealers.

Some Junk Dealers Encourage Them In This Practice.

Others Assist Police In Striving to Wipe Out Evil.

Petty thieving by children is causing the police department much trouble. The youngsters are encouraged by a certain class of junk and second-hand dealers that realize they can get stolen property from children much cheaper than from older thieves and consequently the profits to the junk or second-hand dealers are larger.

The police say this policy of promoting dishonesty among children is bound to be detrimental to the morals of the boys as they grow older. It is a sort of kindergarten for future criminals.

Not all junk dealers or second-hand men indulge in this pernicious practice. In fact one of the leading old iron and metal purchasing merchants in the city is the most active in endeavoring to wipe out this sort of thing, purely for moral reasons. He says:

"The police deserve the support of every good citizen in fighting this thing. Boys too young to realize what they are doing are given the wrong start in life that will lead them to the prison or worse."

"I suppose some people would say that it is an easy thing for the police to prevent this, but it is not. The men that buy from boy thieves are clever enough to make something like 25 per cent on these purchases, are clever enough to cover up their tracks in such a manner that absolutely nothing we have on the statute books at present can reach them."

"Not long ago the council passed an ordinance making it a misdemeanor for any person to buy anything from a boy under 16 years of age. I think Mr. Haven of the seventh ward was the author of it, and the ordinance is a step in the right direction as far as it goes, but there should be a severe state law with the same object in view and framed in such a way that the police would be given every advantage in prosecuting."

"I have been in the junk-buying business in Duluth for a great many years, but it has not been until recently that I have been annoyed by school boys trying to sell me old iron. Not more than a week or so ago a youngster not over 10 or 11 years old came to me with a written description of brass, steel and iron that he could secure for me. The stuff was probably worth \$50, but he offered to sell it for \$8. I pretended that I was going to purchase the stuff and asked him where he was going to get the material."

"He did not make any choice of the fact that he belonged to a gang that intended stealing the iron and handing it to my place on their sleds. I found out where they were going to get it and notified the owners of the property."

In making arrests recently of a gang of young boys junk thieves, a detective discovered a boiler worth \$150 in a junk yard. It was identified as the boiler stolen from Hinkley's plumbing establishment and two of the boys arrested, admitted stealing it, and taking it to this particular yard on their sleds.

The detective questioned the wife of one of the dealers about it and she informed him that two full-grown men had brought it to her carrying the boiler on their backs and that she had given them \$10 for it.

One hundred dollars a box is the value of the DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills.

It cured me. Max Wirth.

RABBIT COW

Runs Wild in the Streets of St. Paul.

St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 23.—A rabbit cow belonging to Frederick Weyerhaeuser, the millionaire lumberman, terrorized for more than an hour, a district in the heart of the city, and before she was recaptured injured five persons, among them being her owner. The cow had been taken out for exercise and broke away from the man having her in charge and ran about the streets knocking down passersby who came within reach of her horns. She was finally captured and a veterinary of the health department stated that the animal had pronounced symptoms of rabies. None of the injured were seriously hurt.

TOO GREAT EXPENSE

Not the Reason.

It is not because Pyramid Pile Cure is so expensive that many people decline to give it a trial, but because they find it too great a task on their credulity to believe that the published letters bearing testimony to the merits of this remedy are genuine and bona fide; especially to those who have realized the suffering incident to piles is it incredible that anyone who has been afflicted twenty-five and thirty years with the worst forms of protruding and bleeding piles should be cured by the application of a simple remedy, when their physician has assured them that the only relief is in a surgical operation.

This is rightfully viewed with dread by all those afflicted, as it means at the least a great shock to the nervous system, with more than a possibility of utter collapse and death; in the majority of cases, too, there is a return of the complaint, owing to the fact that the cause is not removed.

The proprietors of the Pyramid Pile Cure agree to forfeit one thousand dollars to anyone who will show a single published testimonial to be not genuine and uncollected; this latter feature is most gratifying, inasmuch as these letters are written solely out of gratitude and with the hope that those who are afflicted as the writers have been may learn that relief is at hand, at a comparatively trifling expense. Pyramid Pile Cure is for sale by druggists at fifty cents a package, or will be mailed by the makers to any address upon receipt of price.

Mr. William Lichtenwalter, head of the largest printing house in Canton, Ohio, says: "It is with the utmost pleasure and satisfaction that I can say I believe I am cured of protruding and bleeding piles, after suffering more than twenty-five years. I have been in bed for two weeks at a time. I have not suffered in the least for over a year, and I used only three fifty-cent boxes of Pyramid Pile Cure."

I advise every person suffering with this distressing and painful complaint to give this remedy a trial. I have every confidence in it." Write the Pyramid Drug company, Marshall, Mich., for their book on the cause and cure of piles.

Eat All you want

It isn't a "too strong" food. So good to you that you can't get too much of its goodness.

Apitezo

The Iron Food
Makes Red Blood

GRAY-TALLANT CO.

Good Shoe Trade

Here all the year round.

Doesn't matter much whether it's January or July, we are selling good shoes all the time. Every shoe well made and reasonably priced.

Women's Warm Shoes—felt tips—\$1.49 would be a bargain price—Saturday the price.

Women's Jersey Leggings—button and half button—wool fleeced—the \$1.25 grade.

Boys' Calf Skin Shoes—Just a few left—\$1.25 is the regular price—Saturday.

Women's Ten-button Overgaiters—50c is the regular price—Saturday the price.

Women's Wales Goodyear First Quality Alaska, this season's goods—\$1 quality.

Women's and Misses' American First Quality High Top Arctics, \$1.50 and \$1.75 grades—broken sizes.

Ask to see our new line of Party and House Slippers at special prices.

Undermuslins.

Bounteous choice—Extremes of daintiness.

Our range of selections eclipse anything heretofore attempted. Values are at the very limit. Knowing buyers will anticipate their needs.

Plain Cambric Gown—tucked or inserted yoke. Our price for Saturday's selling.

Fine Cambric Gown—V shaped or round yoke, trimmed with Valenciennes lace—a splendid value at \$1.25. Our sale price.

Fine Cambric Gowns—lace yoke—collars and cuffs trimmed with Valenciennes lace—a regular \$1.75 quality.

On sale at.

Fine Nainsook Gown with yoke, front and back trimmed with lace—is a handsome and very durable garment.

Plain Cambric Drawers—tucked or hem-stitched flounce—a value far beyond the ordinary.

Cambric Drawers trimmed with embroidery, a good 35c value.



Drug Department.

Prices for the rigid economist.

Wool Soap—two sizes—two cakes of the 10c size for 15c—3 cakes of the 5c size for 10c.

Colgate's Perfumes—we furnish the bottle and sell you choice extracts Saturday, the ounce.

Arnica Tooth Soap—the choice of all tooth soaps—25c size Saturday.

Lavender Cream for Rough Skins—the regular 35c size Saturday.

Electric Cleaner—a satisfactory preparation for removing grease spots and the "shine" from worsted cloths—25c size.

Knit Wool Shawls.

Very low pre-inventory prices.

Good size Knit Shawls—black or white—sell regularly at 20c—Saturday.

Large size Knit Shawl—black, blue or white—regular 50c quality—Saturday.

Extra large Knit Shawl—very neatly knit—black or white—65c quality—Saturday.

Knit Shawls of blue and pink color combinations—large size—very neat.

Opera Shawls—pure white—white and blue or white and pink—knit very full—very neat in every particular.

FAT JOB FOR HIM

Duluth Young Man Makes Hit With an Eastern Company.

Arthur H. Krieger Going to Pennsylvania For His Firm.

Invents Calculating Table Which Attracts Much Attention.

Arthur H. Krieger, who has been local manager of the business of the Keesbey & Mattison company, the largest asbestos pipe-covering concern in the country, for the past three years, leaves for Philadelphia within the next ten days to accept a position of assistant general manager of the company's works at Ambler, Pa., at a salary of \$5000 a year. The offer came last night and was accepted this morning.

Mr. Krieger has done good work for his employers while in Duluth, but it was not the business he did alone which caused the offer to be made. Last winter he invented a calculating table which reduced the heating of buildings to heat units and their cost. The calculation is carried out by showing the loss in heat units in a room of a given dimension, and the saving by the use of the pipe covering. This table was considered invaluable by the company, to which he sent it, and led the officials to scrutinize the young man more closely. Last summer he was in the East and at that time was offered a position as assistant to the one he now takes. He refused and returned to Duluth.

Arthur Krieger is 22 years old this month, and has made big strides since going into the employ of the Mattison company. He graduated from the high school of Kiel, Wis., in 1887, and went from there to Milwaukee, where he was city agent for the asbestos company.

Since coming to Duluth Krieger has been a member of the Elks and is one of the most popular members of that organization here. He holds the position of secretary of the Elks, to which he would have been elected for another term were he to remain here.

The company which he will be employed as assistant general manager is one of the two large institutions manufacturing asbestos in the country. The Johns-Manville company at Milwaukee, a combination of an Eastern and a Western company, with plants in Milwaukee and New York, is the real competitor in pipe-covering work in the country today.

The Mattison company has for a long time been figuring on building a \$500,000 plant in Milwaukee, and this may be done in the near future.

The table invented by Krieger is an interesting diagram. It is in the shape of a plane with the network of indicating lines, which is explained by an accompanying key. It is in four sections, each connected with the other by a sliding joint, and is so arranged that the percentage of profit to be gained by covering can be determined.

The first diagram gives the heating operator the pressure of steam and the size of the pipe, the result being the total amount of units his machines are capable of transmitting under stated conditions. The units are based on Duluth's temperature.

The second diagram shows that the total amount of units is divided into four parts, and the next diagram shows that the total amount of units is divided into four parts, and the next diagram shows that the total amount of units is divided into four parts.

The diagrams were submitted to several of Duluth's mathematicians while in the course of making, but it baffled most of them. Mr. Krieger says he was not particularly apt at mathematics, but he made up this table as a result of an incomplete inspiration, enlarging on the original idea after he had that completed.

WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE. Madison, Jan. 22.—The assembly today passed a bill to amend the constitution relating to the power given the interstate commerce act. A bill was introduced providing for a primary election for nomination of officers by direct vote of the people.

WOULD IMPEACH HARNERY. St. Paul, Jan. 22.—A Helena, Mont., special to the Dispatch says: Impeachment proceedings were today filed in the house of representatives against Judge Harnery. He had decided the famous Mink case.

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SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Riddance of Millinery at Half!

Hats that were \$6 at \$3.00. Hats that were \$7.50 at \$3.75. Hats that were \$10 at \$5.00.

The White Sale Begins next Monday, Jan. 26th.



A FIERCE DISPUTE

Lester Park Case Involving Boundaries of Many Lots.

Sophia German Said to Have Summarily Removed a Fence.

City Is Asked to Declare the Width of Street.

The summary removal of a line fence on the alleged boundary line between the Lester Park properties of Jesse L. Spencer and Sophia E. B. German et al, has involved a number of resident property owners on Onondaga street in a lawsuit in district court.

Trial of the action was begun yesterday, the plaintiff being Jesse L. Spencer and the defendants Sophia E. B. German, F. G. German, D. M. Cammann and the city of Duluth.

In the bill of complaint the plaintiff says she is the owner of lot 5, block 35, Lester Park, second division, fronting on Onondaga street, that Sophia and F. G. German own lot 10, in which D. M. Cammann is the owner.

It is because the women were on their hats, and thereby persuaded the gunners to destroy them. In some districts they have been wholly exterminated; in others they have been made shy and hasten away from the sight of men. The sparrow, on the contrary, is fearless; he has not been hunted for what a government official calls his "collage," and he nests and roosts under our window ledges and over our doors. Probably we may as well resign ourselves to him, and after all he is better than no birds at all.

It is curious that the Italians, who kill everything, have sought the lives of these sparrows so seldom. The woods of the Bronx and parts of Long Island are silent because the song birds have been killed for food by laborers on the roads, railroads, reservoirs and other works that are now in progress. The Italian aims to save everything he earns. He lives on the coarsest and cheapest food, dresses anyhow, is willing to occupy a room or half a room in a tumble down cabin, and when working in the country will not infrequently sleep in a wicker-up or in a cave. In order to economize on food he searches the fields for salads and mushrooms, and kills every bird sight. His gun is always with him. He walks through the streets of towns where game laws are tacked up on the postoffice, carrying strings of orioles, jays, woodpeckers—anything and everything with wings; but seldom does he shoot the house sparrow. This may be because there is hardly meat enough on him. Yet we hear of house sparrows served in Manhattan restaurants as quail, red birds, almost any other thing that you like to call for. If this country should ever suffer from a famine—as it never will so long as we keep schools open, for families occur only where there is dirt, ignorance, laziness, intemperance and all that goes with illiteracy and a degraded condition of the populace—we shall have sparrows enough to eat for several weeks.

Advertising in The Herald is no experiment. Results follow every announcement.

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Riddance of Winter Coats, Suits and Wraps

at Half! without reserve.

The opportunity comes but once a year—it is here now.

Real—we might say "Great" Bargains, every one!

Cut and made in the latest styles, Blacks and colors; in all kinds of cloths—

Some plain—some fur-trimmed—some fancy trimmed.

The assortment and sizes still very good.

All or any of them at exactly Half for mer prices!

Alterations charged for.



"The annual White Sale begins next Monday, Jan. 26th."

FEWINGS BEATEN

Supreme Court Decides Famous Damage Case Against Him.

Jury Awarded \$10,800 Against the Street Railway Company.

The Case Has Been Four Times Tried and Twice Appealed.

The state supreme court today rendered a decision for the defendant in the famous personal injury case of Fred J. Fewings, of this city, against the Duluth Street Railway company. This is the final decision in a case that has had four trials by jury, and which was twice appealed by the defendant company to the supreme court.

The facts in the case are as follows: There was a strike on the local street railway line in May, 1900, and on Sunday evening, May 7, Fred J. Fewings, then a stenographer in the offices of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern road, while riding from West Superior to

Duluth, in one of the street railway company's cars, at Garfield avenue and West Superior street, was struck in the back of the head by a rock thrown through the window of the car by one Robert Cavanaugh. The stone caused a bad wound, which apparently healed, but which afterwards developed a nervous disease that Fewings' physicians say will ruin him for life.

He brought action against the street railway company to recover \$25,000 for his injuries, claiming that he did not know there was a strike in progress, and that in view of the acts of violence said to have been committed about that time, the company should have protected its passengers even to placing wire screens over the windows.

The action was begun in December, 1899, and came to trial in May, 1900. The jury disagreed and a new trial followed in June, 1900, resulting in a second disagreement. The third trial was had in September, 1900, and the jury rendered a verdict of \$4000 for the plaintiff. The defendant company appealed to the supreme court, asking for a new trial. This was granted, and the fourth jury trial was begun in November, 1901, this time the jury rendering a verdict of \$10,800 for the plaintiff.

The case was appealed to the supreme court by the street railway company, being argued before that body in December, 1902, and resulting in a reversal of the verdict in the trial court and a decision for the defendant.

It. F. Greene, of the firm of Greene & Wood, attorneys for the defendant, received a long distance phone dispatch this morning relative to the decision, and stating that the opinion was unanimous.

BELLFAIRE, O., BANK ROBBER. Bellfaire, O., Jan. 22.—At Somerset, west of here, Robbers last night and blew the safe. They got away with \$600. The robbers broke open James Gray's barn, stole a rig and escaped.

FISCHER MAY RETURN. London, Jan. 22.—The government, at the request of the secretary, Chamberlain, has granted Abraham Fischer, one of the leaders of the Boer republic, a long distance phone dispatch this morning relative to the decision, and stating that the opinion was unanimous.

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RATHBUN'S

29 East Superior Street. Phones 656. Simon Clark, Manager.

Saturday Specials for Thrifty Housekeepers:

BUTTER. Sweet New Made Dairy, direct shipment, in prints—per lb.—22 cents.

Fresh New Made, from T. J. Anderson, Belgrade, Minn.—per lb.—27 cents.

New Made Caramels, strictly fancy—per lb.—28 cents.

Have you attended Mrs. Wheelock's Pure Food lectures? If so you can purchase at our store the full line in home brand goods. Special prices in dozen or case lots.

Our Success Brand Coffee, served by Mrs. Wheelock, is the best value in the city—3-lb cans—85 cents.

Finman Haddies—per lb.—12 cents.

Yarmouth Bloaters—3 for—10 cents.

2-lb Bricks Codfish—15 cents.

Salt Water Flounders—per lb.—10 cents.

Columbia River Salmon—per lb.—15 cents.

Bloater Mackerel, flat and fancy—per lb.—20 cents.

Imported Salt Herrings—3 lbs.—25 cents.

Fresh shipment of Kosher Sausage, dozen—25 cents.

Fresh Eggs, direct from farmers—per dozen—25 cents.

GREAT LAYOUT OF FRESH VEGETABLES.

Including Strawberries, Head Lettuce, Cucumbers, Oyster Plant, Brussels Sprouts, Florida Tomatoes, Wax Beans, New Beets, Green Beans and New Carrots.

White Crisp Celery—4 heads—10 cents.

Jersey Sweet Potatoes—4 lbs.—25 cents.

Kirk's Laundry Soap—10 bars—25 cents.

Pure Lard—per lb.—12 cents.

Russell Apples—per peck—20 cents.

King Apples—per peck—30 cents.

Greening Apples—per peck—30 cents.

Sweet Navel Oranges—per dozen—20c 25c 30c.

Sweet Florida Oranges—per dozen—45 cents.

ENDORSED

By a Prominent Business Man For Her Merit.

Duluth, January 20, 1903. To whom it may concern:

This is to certify that J. E. M. Boudry, of West Superior, has this day again called upon the well-known medium, Mme. Buddha, several days ago I had a reading and I must confess that what she had predicted to me came out exactly true, and I am satisfied the remainder of the reading will come true also, as all appearances indicate such. Her revelations were all true beyond a doubt, and I feel free to say, without hesitation, that she is a wonderful medium, possessing powers for easy access, truths that she is all she claims. Yours respectfully, E. M. BOUDRY, Witnesseth.

J. J. MINTELE. I, J. J. MINTELE, do hereby declare to announce that she will remain only seven more days in Duluth. A cordial invitation is extended to all Locusts in Turley building. See display cards on the outside.

William Kaiser Company. The William Kaiser company is the newest of a new brokerage firm which will occupy a spacious office in the Palladium building. The office will have every facility for easy access, vaults for the safe keeping of stocks, and other conveniences for its patrons. Mr. Kaiser has been conducting a realty and stock business for the past fifteen years, and the recent move characterizes an expansion of his business. He is treasurer of the new company bearing his name.

In every city there is one paper favored by local advertisers. In Duluth it is The Herald.

ARE READY. Contestants Prepared for the High School Debate This Evening.

J. Adam Bede has been secured as the third judge in the Anoka-Duluth high school debate which will be held at the High School this evening.

Yesterday, when it was found Professor Jones of Minnesota university would be unable to be present, Mr. Bede was immediately communicated with and Superintendent Sperry of the Anoka schools telegraphed his acquiescence to this arrangement.

Anoka debaters arrived this afternoon about 2 o'clock and they are quarantined at the St. Louis hotel. They are accompanied by Mr. Sperry, who was putting them through some oratorical tests in the High School Assembly hall this afternoon.

Judge Wilson, of Stillwater, and C. V. Hyde, of Minneapolis, Minneapolis, the out-of-town judges, are here, quarantined at the Spaulding.

Outside of Duluth the debate is attracting very large interest, and reports of the other schools throughout the state who will be to meet the winner of the contest later in the season.

John W. Thomas, the Duluth instructor, who has been training the boys, has finished his work, and they are ready for the contest. A large crowd of students and others interested in the school are expected to attend this evening.

CLEVER BOY Took the Teacher's Food.

Careful observation on the part of parents and school authorities as to proper food to eat to bring up children will lead to a healthy generation.

A pupil in a Philadelphia, Pa., school says: "I had a severe attack of typhoid fever, after which I was so very weak and delicate that I could not attend school regular."

One day our teacher, who is a great student and able teacher, gave a lesson in physiology, in which proper food was discussed. She recommended Grape-Nuts to the class, as she had used the food a long while and watched results.

I thought that if Grape-Nuts had enabled her to teach a class of boys as she did at school, and bring up children in good health, and I commenced eating it.

I have used Grape-Nuts steadily for over a year, am a little past 15 years old, and now measure 5 feet 8 inches, weigh 127 pounds, am strong and healthy, having entirely recovered from my weak and delicate condition. I am a very fond of us, the food won't actively in all the sports in our vicinity.

I can truthfully say that Grape-Nuts is just the food for me, and my health is up to a strong, active boy. Name given by Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

IN CASE OF FAMINE, Couldn't We Subsist For a While on Sparrows?

In his usual habit the English sparrow, as we call him, or house sparrow, as we ought to call him, elects to stay close to human habitations. Yet the fact that he has spread over almost the whole country seems to prove that he migrates, for how otherwise could he have extended his field from this town, where he was introduced by Col. Proctor, back in the '80s, to California, Canada and Florida? asks the Brooklyn Eagle.

A hunter who was traveling through the Maine woods last summer came upon a lonely house in the middle of the great wilderness that still covers the northern half of the state. It was sixty miles to the nearest settlement, and that was not much of a settlement, either. The first sound which he approached the place was the rasping chirp of a house sparrow. Now this little device, as we commonly regard him, must have crossed sixty miles of dense forest, and in all that distance he did not see one of the human beings of whose society he appears so fond. The hunter shot him, on general principles.

This instance is not singular. There are, in various parts of the country isolated hamlets, unconnected with the rest of the world by railroads, nor even



JOHN SINGER SARGENT, WHO WILL PAINT THE PRESIDENT.

DURING his present visit to this country John Singer Sargent, R. A., the famous American portrait painter, will put up the second part in his famous scheme of decoration in the Boston Public library and will also paint the portrait of President Roosevelt in the historical series of the presidents of the United States. Sargent's price for a portrait is \$5,000.

FOUND!

An annual pass, good for Credit on our Confidential, Easy, Pay-as-you-can Plan. Anyone can claim it by applying at once at

GATELY'S

Store, 8 East Superior street, and in so doing can save money by taking advantage of our

After-inventory \$4.99 Men's Suit Sale

Boys' Suits, 99c. Ladies' Suits, \$5.99.
Your Credit is Good.

MACKAY

IS FREE

Jury Finds Him Guiltless of Crime of Murder.

He Made Out a Strong Case of Self Defense.

Friends on the Range to Make Hero of Him.

Michael Mackay was yesterday acquitted of the charge of murder in the second degree. The case went to the jury shortly after 4 o'clock in the afternoon and the verdict was returned in about thirty minutes. Mackay was charged with shooting and mortally wounding Charles Riley, in Mrs. Mackay's sporting house in Chisholm, on the afternoon of Dec. 23, 1902.

The trouble is said to have arisen out of a dispute between Riley and Mrs. Mackay, who ordered him out of her place. Mackay entered during the quarrel and ordered Riley to leave. He testified yesterday that when he ordered Riley out the latter drew a revolver when the witness fired in self-defense. Several of the occupants of the house, who were in the bar room when the tragedy took place, corroborated Mackay's testimony.

The principal witness for the state was Joseph Hines, a pal of Riley's. Hines testified that Riley was armed, that Mackay had a revolver when he entered the bar room and shot Riley without giving him an opportunity to leave the place.

Many witnesses testified to the general bad reputation that Riley was reputed to have had on the range. The testimony was that he was dangerous and feared by everybody, that he always carried a gun and sometimes had two. Several of the witnesses said that they heard of Riley by reputation before they ever saw him. One Cass Lake witness said Riley was suspected of having had a hand in several hold-ups at Cass Lake, but it could not be definitely proved.

The court room was crowded yesterday afternoon with the range friends of Michael Mackay. It was freely talked that while Mackay himself was not engaged in a business usually considered the most respectable, yet he had rid the range of a dangerous character. His friends claimed that if he was acquitted Mackay would be tendered a big celebration when he got back to Chisholm and might be presented with a substantial present.

Riley, it will be remembered, was tried during the November term of the district court on the charge of robbing the safe of Wood & Wadsworth in a saloon, at Winton, Minn., last July, but one of the main witnesses for the state disappeared when the case came to trial and the evidence was not such that the jury would convict. Mackay was defended by Alexander Marshall, of this city, who also defended Riley, when he was acquitted of the robbery charge. There is still pending a case in district court against Mrs. Mackay, who is charged with running a house of ill-fame.

"Cure the cough and save the life." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs and colds, down to the very verge of consumption.

Y. W. C. A. Work.

The Young Women's Christian Association has added a new feature to its work. It is the annual "Y. W. C. A. year" and the association is looking after the locating of girls out of work and desiring positions. This will not be after the method of an employment bureau, but will be more like recommending reliable persons for good positions.

This branch has been tried in larger cities where the Y. W. C. A. has been established and found to be satisfactory.

Ask your doctor about Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for colds, coughs, croup, asthma, bronchitis, consumption. He knows. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

CONTESTS.

Large Number Develop In the Land Office Recently.

During the past two months there has been a great number of contest cases at the Duluth land office. The complaint in nearly every case has been the same—lack of faith on the part of the person filing the entry.

"In many cases," said Receiver Smith, "the fault does not lie with the homestead claimant, but with the locators. They represent that it is necessary only to any occasional visits to the land, and that the law requiring actual residence is not strictly enforced. The locators make entry under this impression, and the contests ensue."

"While under certain circumstances settlers have been granted titles, without strictly conforming to the letter of the law, the latter is, as a rule, rigidly enforced. At times there are certain extenuating circumstances, such as sickness in the family, which prohibits a man from making his residence on his homestead and conforming strictly to the requirements of the homestead law. The office, however, takes into account the intentions of the settler. If his intentions are to make his homestead his home as soon as it is possible, and he shows good faith in all his dealings with the office, he is treated leniently. But if lack of faith is shown, and it is evidently the intention of the man to secure the land for speculation purposes only, he finds that the homestead laws are rigidly enforced."

Monarch over pain. Burns, cuts, sprains, stings, instant relief. Dr. Thomas' Eucalypti Oil. At any drug store.

REJECTED

Was Offer of \$42,000,000 For Canadian Railway Land.

Winnipeg, Man., Jan. 23.—A special from Montreal says the Canadian Pacific Railway company has received a tender for a colonization syndicate of \$42,000,000 for 14,000,000 acres of the company's land, on a basis of \$3 an acre. The offer has been rejected, as the management considers it a better course to continue to sell its lands direct to settlers.

The terms of payment offered by the syndicate are not stated, but as the company has been lately unavailing in its efforts to dispose of its land, it is probable that the payments now being made by the syndicate are to be equal to the interest on all the bonds of the Canadian Pacific Railway company, and it is predicted that eventually there will be sufficient to retire the company's entire bonded debt.

Persons identified with the bull side of the stock market say that within the next few months considerable higher prices will be seen. It is believed that the Canadian Pacific look attractive even at the present prices.

"It was almost a miracle. Burdock Blood Bitters cured me of a terrible breaking out all over the body. I am very grateful." Miss Julia Filbridge, West Cornwall, Conn.

ELKINS CONTENTS

Oklahoma and New Mexico Are Republican.

Washington, Jan. 23.—There is no escape in control of the senate and the house in support of the omnibus statehood bill. Senator Hanna fears both New Mexico and Arizona, with Oklahoma also, will be Democratic. Mr. McCumber won't admit this. He feels positive that New Mexico will be Republican and Oklahoma also, if Indian Territory is not attached to it. Senator Elkins had a conference with Mr. Hanna regarding the statehood bill, and said he would give Hanna his personal check for \$50,000 if either New Mexico or Oklahoma went Democratic next year, provided they were admitted, "and if they are admitted," he added, "I'll put \$25,000 cash into each to see that I don't have to pay you the \$50,000."

CONTINUE

SHELLING

German Cruiser Unable to Reduce Fort San Carlos.

Was Bombarded For the Third Time on Friday.

Quite a Number of Venezuelans Have Been Killed.

Maracaibo, Jan. 23.—The bombardment of Fort San Carlos by the German cruiser Vineta, Panther and Falke was continued Wednesday afternoon until 6 o'clock. It was resumed yesterday morning at daybreak. The first shells were hurled at the fort at 4 o'clock at long range. At 6 o'clock the engagement was proceeding as fiercely as the day before. Twelve dead and fifteen seriously wounded Venezuelans were counted in the fort at 7 o'clock last night by the correspondent of the Associated Press.

The Panther left her position close to Port San Carlos, which she took up earlier in the day. Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock and joined the Falke. This ship was half a mile outside the bar and about five miles from the fort.

At 3 o'clock the correspondent of the Associated Press in a row boat approached one side of the fort, out of range, and from this point witnessed the long range fire of the German cruisers, which was continued from there until 6 o'clock. The Vineta and the Falke were close together and nearer the fort than the Panther.

The first two vessels at a range of four and a half miles poured in a continuous rain of shell upon the fort, and only stopped firing with the advent of dusk. At 6 o'clock the Vineta and the Falke vessels retired seaward after having made a second ineffectual attempt to land in the village of San Carlos, situated at the base of the fort.

At 6 o'clock Wednesday afternoon, the correspondent who was accompanied by a government telegrapher went to the island and entered the fort. The walls of the fort are terribly battered and there were evidences of the fierce bombardment. Twelve dead Venezuelans were counted behind the ramparts and fifteen other men, seriously wounded, were lying on a low platform. The fort is literally covered with pieces of broken shells. It was seen that a great many shells had exploded largely in the German magazine. The magazine had a very narrow escape, two shells having come within an ace of penetrating it.

The Venezuelan gunboat Miranda is in dock at Maracaibo. It was reported that the vessel had been captured by the fort and sent into the lake. The vessel is said to be in the hands of the fort and is being used as a storehouse for the fort's supplies. The vessel is said to be in the hands of the fort and is being used as a storehouse for the fort's supplies.

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EUSTIS ON CURRENCY.

Investigated Situation In the Hawaiian Islands.

Washington, Jan. 23.—William Henry Eustis, of Minneapolis, who went to Hawaii as special representative of the treasury department to investigate and report on the needs of the various cities as to public buildings, was selected for that mission because something more was wanted of him than the mere designation of sites for government offices. He was given a special report by Secretary Shaw to investigate the currency and currency conditions in the islands and to make a special report covering them. He did so, but in the meanwhile congress and the treasury department have been busy with the currency bill, and said he would give Hanna his personal check for \$50,000 if either New Mexico or Oklahoma went Democratic next year, provided they were admitted, "and if they are admitted," he added, "I'll put \$25,000 cash into each to see that I don't have to pay you the \$50,000."

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A Novelty.
See the new Bodice Roses at the Ribbon Counter. The latest Eastern Fad for evening wear.

Freimuth's
GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

A Dainty Lunch.
Wilbur's Chocolate with wafers—served free—Main floor—center aisle.

\$8.50 Jackets Saturday at \$3.98.

For tomorrow we offer about fifty women's and misses' jackets—27 inches long—made of all wool kersey—in castor, red, blue and black—Roman silk lining—storm collar—double breasted—all sizes—regular price \$8.50—Saturday sale price \$3.98

Also about 50 \$15 and \$18 Women's and Misses' Jackets at \$7.50—a variety of colors, styles and materials—some have Monte Carlo back—others half fitted; regular prices \$15 and \$18—choice of any in the lot Saturday \$7.50

Children's Long Coats at One-third Off.
\$6.00 Coats Thursday \$4.00
\$9.00 Coats Thursday \$6.00
\$12.00 Coats Thursday \$8.00

Astrachan Jackets—small curl—excellent quality of skins—guaranteed not to rip—interlined and lined with skins—guaranteed satin—regular price \$35—Saturday special \$25

\$5 and \$6 Walking Skirts \$3.98—ankle length—made of all wool melton—in grey, black or brown—silk waist band—some cut with flounce—others with gored—all sizes—regular price \$5 and \$6—choice of any in the lot at \$3.98

\$7.50 and \$8 Walking Skirts at \$5.00—Choice of several styles—in fancy mixtures—black, blue, brown and oxfords—always sold for \$7.50 and \$8—special for tomorrow \$5.00

Flannelette Wrappers.

About ten dozen in all—trimmed with braid and ruffle on shoulders, flounce skirt—cut very wide, separate waist lining—sizes 34 to 42—assorted colors—\$1.25 and \$1.50 values— 98c

Black Sateen Underskirts.

Some with ruffle flounce—others plain stitch and accordion plaits—all sizes—regular \$1.25 and \$1.50 values— 98c

The \$1.50 Shoe Sale

Continues Saturday.

\$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00 Shoes at \$1.50—So many took advantage of this sale Thursday that we have been tempted to continue it Saturday. Come and see the wonderful values at \$1.50

Lot 1 consists of 200 pairs of Women's Shoes of fine Dongola Kid—just received, new last, heavy extension sole, military heel, patent tip, laced, bought to sell at \$2.50. To introduce, for Saturday only \$1.50

Lot 2 consists of broken lines of Women's Shoes—any number of styles, a generous assortment, all sizes—regular prices range from \$2.50 to \$3.50. Choice of any pair in the lot at \$1.50

Lot 3 consists of Misses' Velour Calf Shoes—extension soles, low city heel, laced—always sells for \$2.25. Specially reduced for this sale to \$1.50

Lot 4 consists of Boys' heavy extension sole, low heel, box calf—regular price \$2.00. For Thursday, only \$1.50

Bargains for the Men.

Wright's Celebrated Health Underwear—Heavy wool fleece—broken sizes—regular price \$1.00—special Saturday at—per garment— 79c

Men's Tan Ribbed Shirts and Drawers—all wool—silk facing—regular price \$1.00—special Saturday—per garment— 79c

Men's Australian Wool Shirts and Drawers—regular value \$1.50—special Saturday—per garment— \$1.00

Men's Outing Flannel Nightgowns—58 to 60 inches long—full width—sizes mostly 16-18 and 19—regular price \$1.25—special for Saturday \$1.00

Nemo Week

Demonstration of Self-Reducing and Figure Building Systems Continues Tomorrow.

The NEMO offers to every woman the solution of the corset fitting problem—for let a woman once wear one of these famous corsets, and she will experience the complete satisfaction of being perfectly fitted. Not only are they scientifically constructed but they are modish, correct in every way.

Miss Hill has demonstrated to scores of Duluth and Superior women that a Nemo can be fitted to any woman as perfectly as if made for her individually. Come in and be fit to one of these corsets today.

Self Reducing System

Is made in four distinct shapes and guarantees perfect fitting corsets, without alteration, to every type of stout figure. This system includes: **Straight Front** for the too fully developed normal figure. **Tail Figure** for the woman with too prominent abdomen. **Low Cut** for the short waist stout woman. **Long Hip** for the woman with too generous hips. The Self-Reducing is the only corset that positively reduces the abdomen. Price for all styles in this system. \$2.50 | In better material. \$3.50 and \$5.00

Two Glove Specials.

Wool Golf Gloves in red, black, white or green—regular 25c value 45c—special for Saturday.

Women's German Kid Gloves in black, brown, tan and grey—regular price \$1.00—special for Saturday at 79c

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Hardware Department.

A table of Odds and Ends at Half Price and Less.

Copper Bottom and Copper Rim Wash Boiler, worth up to \$1.00—slightly imperfect—at each 50c

White Enameled Ware Half Price—White Enameled Dish Pans—slightly imperfect—worth \$1.48—each 75c

White Enameled Milk Pans worth 45c, at each 22c

White Enameled Pie or Cake Tins, worth 25c, at each 12c

Sleds Half Price—Every sled in the house including Black Beauty and White Flyer at just Half Price.

Parlor Matches—worth 20c per package—at half price—per package 10c

Air Tight Stoves—worth \$6.25, at each \$3.98

Wringer Sale.

Every Wringer in the house greatly reduced for this Saturday sale.

Challenge Wringer worth \$1.75, at each 98c

Daisy Wringer worth \$1.85, at each \$1.35

Falcon Wringer worth \$2.00, at each \$1.48

Novelty Wringer worth \$2.75, at each \$1.75

Keystone Wringer worth \$2.75, at each \$1.85

Universal Wringer worth \$3.75, at each \$2.50

Bicycle Wringer worth \$3.50, at each \$2.75

Domestic Wringer worth \$3.00, at each \$2.48

Brighton Bench Wringer worth \$3.75, at each \$2.97

Royal Wringers worth \$3.75, at each \$2.98

Royal Wringers worth \$5.00, at each \$3.98

Laundry Soap—limit 12 bars—12 bars for 25c

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MORE MARINES

To Be Sent to the Philippine Islands.

Washington, Jan. 23.—The navy department has provided for an increased force of marines in the Philippines. It was first intended to send a battalion of 300 marines, 125 to proceed on the army transport sailing from San Francisco Feb. 1, and 175 on the transport sailing from that place March 1. The war department having informed the navy department that it was unable to accommodate 300 marines on the vessels to sail Feb. 1, later developments made it possible to accommodate the entire marine command on one vessel, and it being desirable to send as large a force of marines as possible to the Philippines for the relief of men whose terms of service there have

WESTERN UNION

Loses Odd Suit to a Texas Bank.

San Antonio, Texas, Jan. 23.—The fourth court of civil appeals decided the appeal case of the Western Union Telegraph company against the Uvalde National bank in favor of the bank. In the lower court the bank secured judgment for \$120. The suit was the result of a robbery by telegraph, the wires being tapped and the bank instructed to honor the draft of C. W. Fisher for \$200, which was done, \$100 in cash being paid out and a letter of credit given for the balance. The court held the telegraph company did not exercise due diligence.

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Saturday white sale extras

12½c embroideries, edges and insertions, on sale Saturday at.....5c
 50c plain and cluster tuckings, 18 inch, on sale Saturday at.....33c
 \$1.25 skirtings, tucked allovers and grass linen allovers, Sat. at 49c
 \$3.00 skirtings, extra fine embroidered and lace inserted, yard 99c
 Remnants of all kinds of white goods, worth to 35c yd., Saturday 9c
 25c muslin drawers, plain and lace trimmed, all sizes, Saturday 15c
 65c muslin gowns, plain or lace and emb. trimmed, Saturday.....49c
 20c corset covers, good muslin, good value, Saturday.....12c

Good eyesight

Is the most priceless treasure. When it fails, the next best thing is good optical service.

You no longer need pay exorbitant prices for examination of your eyes and for prescriptions for glasses.

Come to the Glass Block and get your eyes tested and examined free of charge by graduate optician.

Then get your eyes fitted with the right glasses, at the Glass Block, for less than half what opticians charge.

Wall Paper.

Look at this! We have taken 5000 rolls of wall paper—all odds and ends and last of patterns. We have tied them up into bundles, containing enough paper for one, two, three or more rooms. Side wall, ceiling and border stock included in bundles. The selling price will not cover the cost of printing. We will sell by the bundle, and the price per bundle will be, according to quantity and quality of paper, up to 75c.

25c, 50c and 75c

Boys' clothing

We are cutting the life out of the prices. Some less than half. Here are some samples.

\$3.75 for boys' overcoat, worth \$5, \$6.00 and \$7.00. 29 coats in the lot. All latest styles and new goods. The price is less than half.

\$2.98 for boys' suits, worth \$5.00, \$5.75 and \$6.50. All wool and best quality. Price less than half to close out 76 suits. Extra special bargains.

Saturday mill-end sale extras.

Mill-ends of 10c ginghams, lengths up to 20 yards, Saturday.....7c
 Mill-ends of 15c percales, ginghams and madras, 1½ yds to 20 yds., 9c
 Mill-ends of 20c, 25c and 35c white goods of all kinds, Sat.....9c
 Mill-ends of 25c fancy zephyr, ginghams and fancy crepes, Sat., 12½c
 Mill-ends of 25c & 35c imp. madras, Scotch plaids & zephyrs, 15c
 Mill-ends of 90 quality chevrot wash waists, Saturday.....19c
 Mill-ends of 8c bleached muslins, 36 inches wide, Saturday.....5½c
 Mill-ends of wash laces, grand bargains.....2½c, 3c, 4c, 5c up

THE LAST CHANCE

To Vote In February, Voters Must Register Tomorrow.

A Few Aldermanic Fights Are All That Attract Interest.

Interesting Contests In Second, Third, Sixth and Eighth.

Tomorrow is the last day of registration. It is also the last day upon which any person can become a candidate for alderman.

Both Democratic and Republican ward and precinct workers are more or less excited, but the public generally positively declines to enthuse.

The election will be held Feb. 3. There is no contest on for municipal judge, city treasurer or city controller. The present incumbents will succeed themselves in each of these offices.

In the Second ward aldermanic situation there is much talk today of a three-cornered fight with Ole Jensen as the independent opponent of Alderman George Fischer and Frederick Knott.

Mr. Jensen's friends just started his petition last evening, and it is doubtful if he can get the required number of signatures before the time limit expires.

No Gripe, Pain

Or discomfort, no irritation of the intestines—but gentle, prompt, thorough cleansing, when you take

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

Men's bargains

45c A great men's shirt bargain. Men's fancy percale shirts, some with soft bosoms and some with stiff bosoms. Some with collars and separate cuffs. A line of good 75c shirts, good colors, all sizes—all go at less than cost during this sale.

Men's \$1.00 wool underwear, for.....59c

Men's \$1.50 sweaters, each, only.....\$1.19

Men's 25c wool ¾ hose, per pair.....15c

Men's \$1 heavy tuck mitts, per pair.....50c

Flannels-blankets

1-2 All embroidered French flannel waist patterns, worth \$4.00, \$5.00 and \$6.00, at exactly half price.

8c shakers, grey and tan for.....5c

10-4 cotton blankets, grey or white.....55c

6c for remnants of 100 quality twilled domest flannels, 27 inches wide. Many splendid bargains to be had.

10c outings, light and dark, at.....7½c

95c 11-4 cotton blankets, per pair.....75c

Linens and towels

18c bleached Turkish towels for.....10c

8c brown linen toweling for.....5c

20c Huck towels, 18x38, for.....15c

50c Huck towels, size 24x45, pair.....38c

40c cream table linen, 60-in., for.....29c

60c cream table linen, 66-in., for.....39c

65c silver bleach linen, 60-in., for.....50c

1.00 silver bleach linen, 72-in., for 79c

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
 THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
 QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Saturday ends a week!

of the kind of selling, the kind of bargains, the kind of superior values—that have made the Glass Block famous. Crowds every day, no matter how cold the weather—increased sales every day, no matter how low the prices. Saturday until 10 o'clock at night we make extra cuts to finish the week with the biggest January Saturday we've ever had. Come for these bargains.

FREE COFFEE—All day and all evening until 10 o'clock, we will serve the famous BELL COFFEE, free, with delicious wafers. Third floor.

Coats, skirts, suits, waists--special bargains below cost.

Misses' \$3.50 skirts \$1.99

—tomorrow we place on sale 50 misses' skirts, made just like ladies' skirts—dress skirts and walking skirts that sold for \$3.50—brown, blue, grey and tweed mixtures—stitched and trimmed, choice of any skirt in the lot for.....\$1.99

\$2.00 wrappers 98c—We have 150 elegant wrappers and house gowns which have been selling well at \$2 each

—sizes 32 to 34—at.....98c

\$1.00 waists for 23c—Here's

bargain richness. One of those Glass Block surprises that bring the crowds and sell the goods. We offer, Saturday, 25 dozen white lawn waists, late styles, tucked and embroidered trimmed, all sizes 32 to 42. Not a waist in the lot worth less than \$1.00. Choice Saturday,.....23c

1.50 dressing sacques 98c

—beautiful dressing sacques—red, blue and pink, fine elderdown, well made and

worth \$1.50 each—at.....98c

\$3.50 shawls \$1.99—We

have about 100 heavy beaver shawls in grey and brown—good, warm, perfect in every way. Worth \$3.50. Saturday at the special price of, each.....\$1.99

\$18 suits \$8.75—One lot of

25 stylish winter suits and blouse jackets—materials are fancy

tweed effects—the suits sold at \$18. We offer

this lot at.....\$8.75

Mighty sacrifice sale of shoes.

Saturday will be the crowd producing day in the shoe department—Second Floor. We had crowds all the week. We want still bigger crowds Saturday. We know how to bring them. Price does it, when the price goes with Glass Block quality.

89c a pair for 500 pairs of all sorts of

women's and misses' winter shoes—felt shoes, felt soles, fleece lined shoes and all leather shoes—the cheapest in the lot are worth \$1.50—the best are worth \$3.00—a 1 will go Saturday at 89c a pair.

98c Ladies' \$1.50 slippers will be slaughtered at 98c a pair.

\$2.69 Gray's \$3.50 to \$4.50 shoes, every pair in the house, all in this sale at \$2.69 a pair.

Ladies' \$1.00 felt slippers.....49c

Ladies' 50c storm rubbers.....33c

Boys' \$1.00 buckle articles.....69c

9c a pair for 200 pairs of ladies' and misses'

rubbers, sizes 2½ to 5 only—they are odds and ends—they are not new stock—they are good rubbers though and it's like finding money to get them at Saturday's price, 9c per pair.

49c Children's 75c and \$1 shoes slaughtered at 49c a pair.

\$1.98 123 pairs of Vassar \$2.98 shoes, last season's styles, in this sale

will be sold at \$1.98 a pair.

Ladies' \$1.00 storm Alaskas.....59c

Youths' buckle articles.....47c

Ladies' \$2.00 buckle articles.....\$1.25

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
 THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
 WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Saturday odds-and-ends extra.

Basement—Jap individual butter chips, Saturday only.....1c
 Basement—tumblers, plain and colored, decorated and gold band, 5c
 Basement—25c fruit saucers, oatmeal and spoonholders, Sat. 10c
 Basement—48c opal glass dishes, plates and trays, Saturday.....10c
 Basement—39c glass water bottles, on sale Saturday at.....15c
 Main floor—writing paper, 25c, 30c and 35c paper and envelopes 10c
 Main floor—18c bleached Turkish towels, special Saturday.....10c
 Main floor—35c soap, 25c mirrors, 25c combs and brushes.....10c

Glove bargains.

Selling hundreds of odds and ends pairs of gloves lower than ever before. Great bargains.

39c for 50c ladies' 50c black silk mittens, wool lined.

39c for ladies' kid mittens, fleece lined, fur wrists. Every pair worth 50c. Come for them.

50c for boys' astrakhan fleece lined gloves, worth \$1.00 a pair.

Gowns-skirts.

65c for women's flannel night gowns, lace trimmed, and all made to sell at 85c each. Come for them.

19c Women's short flannellette undershirts, prices in other stores as high as 35c. Come for them. Are all bargains.

Silk remnants

About 400 yards of all kinds of silks—waist, skirt and lining lengths—black and colors—plain and fancy—75c to \$1.25 values—all to go in two lots, at—

69c and 39c

Laces for less

than ever before—High class laces at great savings.

Torchon edges and insertions.....2½c

6c torchon edges and insertions.....4c

10c torchon edges and insertions.....5c

5c Pointe de Paris.....3c

10c Pointe de Paris.....5c

12½c Pointe de Paris.....8c

15c Pointe de Paris.....10c

25c and 35c Pointe de Paris.....12½c

50c Pointe de Paris.....25c

75c Pointe de Paris.....35c

95c Pointe de Paris.....35c

1.00 Pointe de Paris.....35c

1.25 Pointe de Paris.....35c

1.50 Pointe de Paris.....35c

1.75 Pointe de Paris.....35c

2.00 Pointe de Paris.....35c

2.25 Pointe de Paris.....35c

2.50 Pointe de Paris.....35c

2.75 Pointe de Paris.....35c

3.00 Pointe de Paris.....35c

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8.75 Pointe de Paris.....35c

9.00 Pointe de Paris.....35c

9.25 Pointe de Paris.....35c

9.50 Pointe de Paris.....35c

9.75 Pointe de Paris.....35c

10.00 Pointe de Paris.....35c

10.25 Pointe de Paris.....35c

10.50 Pointe de Paris.....35c

10.75 Pointe de Paris.....35c

11.00 Pointe de Paris.....35c

11.25 Pointe de Paris.....35c

11.50 Pointe de Paris.....35c

11.75 Pointe de Paris.....35c

12.00 Pointe de Paris.....35c

12.25 Pointe de Paris.....35c

12.50 Pointe de Paris.....35c

12.75 Pointe de Paris.....35c

13.00 Pointe de Paris.....35c

Remnants dress

goods Hundreds of yards of all this season's most popular dress wools of all kinds—75c, \$1.25 and \$2.00 values—black, plain colors and fancy mixtures of all kinds—all in three lots—at—

99c, 69c and 39c

Jewelry, etc.

Hundreds of pretty articles in ladies' jewelry, leather goods, toilet articles—all sacrificed during this sale.

Ladies' 25c brooches.....10c

Long novelty chains.....1-3 off

\$6 long neck chains.....\$4.00

All odd pocketbooks.....half price

Brush and comb sets.....half price

Ladies' 50c brooches.....25c

\$2 long neck chains.....\$1.35

\$4 long neck chains.....\$2.65

Collar and cuff boxes.....half price

Stamp moisteners.....half price

Stamp moisteners.....half price

Stamp moisteners.....half price

Stamp moisteners.....half price

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BLOOMERS BARRED

Governor of Oklahoma
Now Known as "Old
Mother Hubbard."

Orders the Territorial
Students to Exercise
In Skirts.

Normal Girls Will Rebel
and Trouble Is In
Sight.

Guthrie, Okla., Jan. 23.—The order of Governor Ferguson of Oklahoma that the young ladies of the territory educational institutions shall not wear bloomers while playing basket ball has aroused the ire of those young women who have been participating in the games heretofore, and the governor may find that he has undertaken a contract which will necessitate submitting to various assistants. The young ladies are just as determined that bloomers shall remain as the executive of Oklahoma attempts to break the combined mind of a whole bunch of determined young women, the outlook may be considered with many misgivings.

"I do think the governor is just too mean for anything," was the way the captain of one of a normal team expressed herself to the Post-Dispatch correspondent. "The idea of being made the victim of such old fogeyism as that! We will not submit to it either. If I were the governor of an up-to-date commonwealth like Oklahoma I would be too big to notice the playthings of girls in school. And as for a scandal newly resulting from a game we played while wearing the divided skirts, for our bloomers were nothing else, there was nothing of the kind occurred. I wish I just knew who told the governor about it and made out that there was a scandal! Well, if I only knew, there would be a scandal, sure enough."

"We are not going to give up our basket ball apparel; not for a dozen governors. I have always understood that the governor used to be a preacher, and now I believe it. I wish one of his boys was a girl and we had her in school here; I'll bet the tune would be a different one from him. In our athletic work in the gymnasium at the school we have been wearing bloomers for a long time. The work is so much more easily done and we are better able to compete for the prizes which are given by the instructor. I wish

the governor had to have an old skirt flapping around him every time he takes some exercise.

"We are going to have another game in the near future, and I understand that the edict has gone forth that no more bloomers shall appear during a game. Just you wait and see! I'm not so sure that edict shall be obeyed. If we are clothed in our basket ball suits and get started into a game, I'd like to see the members of the entire faculty stop us."

"We have a new name for the governor, but I mustn't tell you. It's 'Old Mother Hubbard,' but don't you dare print it, will you?"

Governor Ferguson is determined that the bloomers shall not be worn in territorial schools. He says: "At first the conversation regarding the bloomers was intended to be private, and no one was more surprised than myself when I ascertained that it had become public. I ascertained by that, however, that I am crawling on the order against the bloomers. Far from it; but I thought to issue the order privately and have it stopped quietly. In that it has become public, however, I will state that I am just as much determined as ever that the order shall be obeyed."

"I do not think it the proper thing for the young women in our schools to array themselves in such attire in public. In their own rooms, or at home, they may wear what they please, but in public it should not be allowed. There are a great many girls, of course, whom the wearing of such apparel would not influence in any way, but the practice is not one to be commended by any means. I do not anticipate any trouble in having the order obeyed."

Governor Ferguson of Oklahoma has been the editor of country newspapers for a long time. The work is so much more easily done and we are better able to compete for the prizes which are given by the instructor. I wish

ELEGANT CALLING COSTUME.



Upper part of skirt and jacket is of gray broad cloth, the deep shaped tunic and sleeves are of fine blue line to match. Wide band of antique chintz edged with chintz is laid on tunic and sleeves, with bands of gray velvet, embroidered with white silk cord. Lower part of the jacket has application of the lace. The collar is of cloth and chintz, with short stole ends in front.

Simpson, Crawford & Co.

communities were always rural. They were the places from which the business men and the statesmen have ever come. But they are not the places to look without a shudder upon the violation of traditions. In Watonga, the home village of Governor Ferguson, public sentiment condemns the golf skirt and the low-cut full dress. It draws the line sharp at the athletic girl, and indorses the maiden with the long, calico kitchen dress that is as immaculate as the maiden is pure.

The crowned heads of every nation. The rich men, poor men and misers. All join in paying tribute to the little early risers. They cure Constipation, Biliousness, Torpid Liver, Malaria and all other liver troubles. Max Wirth.

Debate

Duluth Central vs. Anoka High School.
Friday Evening, Jan. 23rd, 8 o'clock.
Admission 50c.

THE PRESIDENT Adds Tree Chopping to His Accomplishments.

Washington, Jan. 23.—President Roosevelt has added tree chopping to his accomplishments. The Dutch Reformed church, of which he is a member, has acquired some valuable property on the Tennytown Heights, northwest of Georgetown, which he would like to remove some of these trees and so the church is engaged in cutting them. Mr. Pinchot, chief of the forestry division of the department of agriculture, to visit the church and help in selecting the trees which were to be marked for slaughter. The president suggested that he would like to be a member of the party, to which Mr. Pinchot gladly assented. Together they walked away to Tennytown, and the land, and the trees were cut. When they returned home they had done.

When near the White House the president wanted to know why he could not do a little chopping, and so he and there the arrangement was made for them to go to the ground the next day armed with axes.

Thursday Mr. Pinchot showed up at the White House bright and early, where he found the president waiting for him. Two bright new axes, which he showed and started on foot for the heights. The trees were all cut down before 10 o'clock and the president got back to the White House in time to attend to the official business of the day.

Unconscious from a coup. During a sudden and terrible attack of cramp our little girl was unconscious from strangulation, says A. L. Stafford, postmaster, Chester, Mich. One minute she was reduced the swelling and inflammation, but the mucus and blood were flowing, resting easy and speedily recovered. It cured all throat and lung troubles. Max Wirth.

bled to Death. Hemorrhage Follows Extraction of Two Front Teeth.

St. Paul, Jan. 23.—W. C. Dallas, a traveling salesman for an old company of Franklin, Pa., died in this city yesterday as a result of hemorrhage following the extraction of two front teeth. Mr. Dallas came to this city on Monday, and as his teeth had been bothering him he decided to have them extracted. This was done and there was the usual flow of blood. The dentist checked this temporarily and Mr. Dallas went to the home of a friend with whom he was staying. Shortly afterward the hemorrhage from the gum began and although every means known to medical science was used, the flow could not be stopped and death resulted.

INDICTMENTS Cause Chicago Coal Dealers to Loosen Up.

Chicago, Jan. 23.—Coal is arriving much more freely, and consumers are being supplied with less delay in Chicago, as a result of the criminal indictment of so many operators and dealers, and threatened action against others. This was announced today after reports had been heard by the executive board of the Illinois Manufacturers' association from a large number of manufacturing plants and from representatives of the association who had investigated the situation among consumers.

It was found that contracts are being filled far more promptly and that few concerns are being allowed to run short on their coal supply. The promiscuous breaking of contracts after the bidding by coal men for the privilege of furnishing various concerns suffering from broken contracts with fuel at a much higher price is reported to have ceased.

DIAMOND JO LINE Will Revert to the Heirs of Its Originator.

Chicago, Jan. 23.—Judgment by confession for \$268,133 was entered against the Diamond Jo line steamers, an Iowa corporation, yesterday, by Judge Grosscup in the United States circuit court. This was in a suit filed immediately before by Jay Morton, president of the line. The corporation is engaged in transporting freight and passengers on the Mississippi river between St. Louis and St. Paul. Feb. 15, 1898, the corporation borrowed \$268,133 from Mr. Morton, an executor of the estate of Mary E. Reynolds, and gave four promissory notes for payment of the sum. Payments were not made and the suit was filed. Attorney L. L. Smith, acting for the defendant, admitted that the money and interest were due.

The Work Food

A Cereta Coupon in Each Package.

SLAYS HER TRADUCER

College Rivalry That Led
to Bitterness and
Death.

Kentucky Youth Was
Accused of Slandering
Georgia Teacher.

Asked For Private Inter-
view, Which Ended
In His Death.

Macon, Ga., Jan. 23.—Mrs. Effie Carson killed Robert A. Rigby and probably will escape even a trial. Public sentiment has been very strongly in her favor and she has been supported by the continuance of friendship of her entire circle of friends, business and church acquaintances.

These are two business colleges in Macon. Mrs. Carson taught telegraphy in one. Rigby was a student in the other. Intense rivalry between the proprietors of the colleges led to hostility between their pupils and the feeling even extended to the students.

Rigby came here four months ago from Bowling Green, Ky. He became involved in the trouble between the colleges, and it is charged, made statements reflecting on Mrs. Carson. She would not permit her husband to take any part in her defense, but went to Marmaduke G. Hayne, a lawyer. An action for slander was proposed, but preliminary to its institution, Hayne drew up a form of apology and retraction and sent for Rigby.

The young man and Mrs. Carson met Monday in Col. Hayne's office. The following was submitted to Rigby and he agreed to sign it:

"Whereas, I have heretofore made disparaging remarks about the character of Mrs. Effie Carson, teacher of telegraphy in the Georgia-Alabama college, and now recognizing that I have wronged her, I make this acknowledgment of my error and with solemn promise that I will never again use her name in any way, in business or otherwise, I make to her this apology in as subject manner as a gentleman can make to a lady whose reputation he has injured. I sign this statement and say for Rigby much as I can to repair the wrong I have done to the character of a lady. This Jan. 12, 1902."

Before signing, however, he asked for a few moments' private conversation with Mrs. Carson. She went with him into a private room. The waiting lawyer heard the door locked, then excited talk and then a pistol shot. The door was forced and Rigby was found lying on the floor, dead. The bullet had gone through his heart.

Mrs. Carson held a smoking revolver. She said she had shot him and asked to be taken to the sheriff.

Just what transpired in Col. Hayne's office after the door had been closed is not known and will, in all probability never be told.

Mrs. Carson was taken direct from the sheriff's office to the Bibb county jail. She was placed in a small cell on the first floor.

"Naturally I was indignant when the scandalous remarks came to my ears," said Mrs. Carson. "A woman's character is about all she has. Rob her of that and what has she left?"

"I am a Georgia woman. I was born and reared within a few miles of Macon. Here I have lived all my life and here I expect to end my days. No more untruthful statements about any one were ever made than are those statements about me."

"I am a member of the church and have occupied every position a woman can hold in the church. Since I have been in this cell not only my minister, but my presiding elder have been to see me. This alone will show the confidence they have in me. It shows beyond all doubt that they do not believe one word of it."

"My conscience is easy. I have no regret, except the regret that would come to anyone who finds it necessary to take a human life, but I took that life because I was forced to do it."

"What transpired in that room when you and Rigby were there alone?" she was asked.

"When Mr. Rigby came into the room with Col. Hayne it was he and not I who asked for the private conversation. It was he and not I who locked the door. Now, as to what passed between us, I don't care to say. You must appreciate my position. So far I have told no one, not even my attorney. To him and to him alone will I tell what transpired."

"But how did the shooting come about? Did he draw his pistol?" she was asked.

"I didn't see any pistol," she remarked. "Had I seen a dozen it would have made no difference. He had his hand in his pocket. I have been told a pistol was found beside his body. It may have been that he then held his hand on it. However, of this I do not know."

Mrs. Carson was admitted to bail in \$10,000 and released before night.

MASTERS AND PILOTS On Great Lakes Demand an Increase of Wages.

Detroit, Mich., Jan. 23.—The demands of the lake masters and pilots for increased wages were made public here last night. Officers of boats under 100 tons demand a 20 per cent increase over last year's scale. The other vessels are divided into five classes. \$200, \$300, \$400, \$500 and over, the captains demanding \$250, \$350, \$450, \$550 and \$650 per season respectively. The first pilots in the season run from \$125 per month down to \$100, and the second pilots from \$100 down to \$85.

MARKED CHANGE

In Share of the Ports
In Distribution of
Exports.

Those Tributary to the
Atlantic Show a
Reduction.

Sharp Contrasts In the
Proportion of Loss
or Gain.

From The Herald
Washington Bureau.

Washington, Jan. 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—The record of the year just ended will show a marked change in the share which the various ports have had in the distribution of the exports of the United States. The Gulf ports show a falling off of about 12 per cent in exportations as compared with last year, and the Atlantic coast ports a decline of about 10 per cent, while the lake and northern border ports show a gain of 3 per cent. The Pacific coast ports a gain of 10 per cent, and the Mexican border ports an increase of 25 per cent. These marked contrasts, in which the ports tributary to the Atlantic show a reduction and those on the Pacific or fronting upon contiguous territory show an increase, are in keeping with the general trend of the year's commerce, in which exports to Europe show a marked decline, and those to Asia and to the contiguous territory at the north and south a marked growth. Exports to Europe especially were affected by the crop failure of last year, since breadstuffs and provisions form the large proportion of the sales of the United States to that part of the world. Hence the decrease in the shipments through Gulf and Atlantic ports and the increase in those through Pacific ports and those fronting upon contiguous territory.

Coming down to details, however, the business of the principal ports present some sharp contrasts in the proportion of loss or gain. On the Atlantic frontage, New York in the eleven months for which detailed information has been received by the treasury bureau of statistics, shows a drop from

467,000,000 in eleven months of 1901 to 442,000,000 in the same months of 1902, a reduction of 5 per cent. Philadelphia shows a fall from 73,000,000 in eleven months to 63,000,000 in eleven months of 1902, a reduction of 1 per cent; Newport News shows a drop from 30,000,000 in eleven months of 1901 to 27,000,000 in eleven months of 1902, a decrease of about 10 per cent; Baltimore shows a fall from 92,000,000 in eleven months of 1901 to 83,000,000 in the same period of 1902, a decrease of 9 per cent. Charleston, Wilmington and Savannah are the principal ports on the Atlantic coast, showing an increase in the eleven months of 1902, as compared with the same period of 1901, exports from Charleston having increased from \$2,706,841 to \$5,025,463; Wilmington increased her exports from \$5,055,438 to \$12,539,566, and Savannah from \$7,338,385 in eleven months of 1901 to \$38,960,265 in the same months of 1902. On the Gulf coast Galveston shows a reduction in exports from \$34,000,000 in eleven months of 1901 to \$31,000,000 in the same months of 1902, a fall of about 15 per cent, and New Orleans shows a drop from \$11,000,000 in eleven months of 1901 to \$11,000,000 in the same months of 1902, a reduction of 15 per cent.

On the Pacific coast, the principal exportations are through the ports of San Francisco, Puget Sound and Willamette (Portland). San Francisco shows a gain from \$33,000,000 in eleven months of 1901 to \$34,000,000 in eleven months of 1902, an increase of 3 per cent; Puget Sound shows a gain of from \$23,000,000 in 1901 to \$31,000,000 in eleven months of 1902. The northern border ports increased their exports from \$103,000,000 in eleven months of 1901 to \$106,000,000 in eleven months of 1902. The northern border ports increased their exports from \$103,000,000 in eleven months of 1901 to \$106,000,000 in eleven months of 1902, a gain of about 3 per cent, distributed among the twenty-five ports on the great lakes and boundary line between the United States and Canada. The Mexican border ports show a gain of from \$18,000,000 to \$23,000,000, or 3 per cent, during the same period, distributed pretty evenly among the five ports on the Mexican border. While the above figures include only eleven months of the year, they are presumably a fair index of the full year's operations at the various great doorways through which the exports of the country are distributed.

On the import side, the Atlantic ports show a gain of from \$48,000,000 to \$59,000,000; the Gulf ports, from \$27,000,000 to \$32,000,000; the Pacific ports, from \$47,000,000 to \$50,000,000; the Mexican border ports, from \$12,342,018 to \$12,558,723; the northern border ports, from \$55,000,000 to \$56,000,000; and the interior ports from \$10,000,000 to \$11,000,000.

MINISTERS OPPOSE SMOOT.
Salt Lake City, Jan. 23.—The Ministerial association of Salt Lake City, which has been conducting a systematic fight against the election of Apostle Reed Smoot to the United States senate, has sent a telegraphic protest to Senator Burrows, chairman of the senate committee on privileges and elections, against the election of Senator-elect Smoot and has notified him that a committee of the association would appear before the senate committee at the proper time to show cause for Smoot's exclusion.

ARE YOU SUFFERING

From Any of the Following Symptoms:

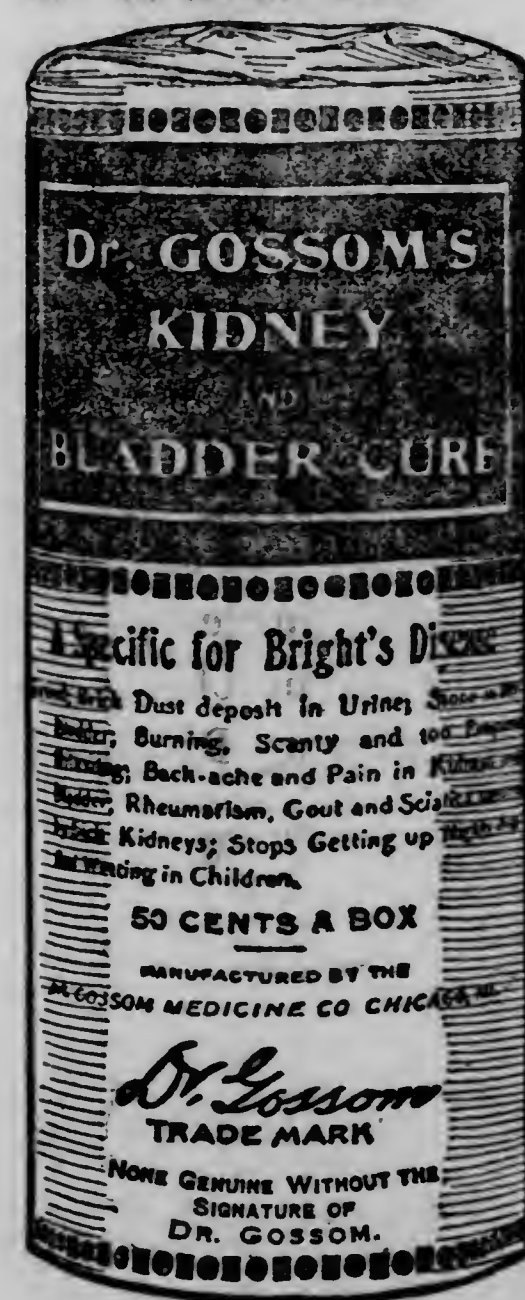
Scanty Urine, Dimmed Vision, Irregular Heart Action, Frequent Urinating, Puffiness under Eyes, Pain when Urinating, Aching Pains over Hips and Kidneys, Backache, Milky White Urine, Pains in Urethra, Swollen Ankles, Sudden Stoppage of Urine, Blood and Mucus in Urine, Thick or Highly-colored Urine, Rheumatism Caused by Kidneys Not Throwing Out Uric Acid.

If you are, you have some form of kidney or bladder disease. These symptoms are very insidious—they creep upon you like a thief in the night. To-day they are symptoms only; in a short time, perhaps, they have developed into a disease that robs you of health, happiness, and ends with death.

Dr. Gossom's Kidney and Bladder Cure

is a perfect remedy for all diseases of the bladder and kidneys. Hundreds of testimonials from grateful people in all parts of the country testify to its merits. It is, indeed, a wonderful medicine, and every one suffering from diseases arising from the kidneys or bladder should try it NOW. Don't wait until the disease gets deep seated; it only makes it more difficult and takes longer to cure.

LYCEUM PHARMACY.



CHANGES PRODUCED

By the Policy of Segregation at Chicago University.

Lowering of the "Dress" Standard By Both Sexes.

There Is More Freedom of Speech in Class Rooms.

Chicago, Jan. 22.—Three weeks of segregation in the Chicago university has brought about these changes:

Lowering of the "dress" standard, many young men wearing sweaters instead of starched shirts; many young women wearing "any old thing" instead of smart shirt waists and attractive neck wear.

Relaxation of formality in classes; instructors in the male classes illustrate points with lively stories.

Girls find they can concentrate their minds more effectively when the men are absent.

Addition of a new slang word to the college dictionary. It is the word "segs," an adjective, coupled with the word "class," and sometimes used as a noun, as "She is a segs."

No trouble now to get the front seats filled. When the classes were mixed the boys took the back seats in order to more thoroughly contemplate their fair companions. This study was dubbed "rubberology" by the co-eds.

A majority of the professors would rather teach the young men than the young women.

"We cannot tell yet how the plan will work," said Professor Thompson. "It will take a year to arrive at any accurate estimate of the effect of segregation upon the students. It seems to be going all right at present."

The segregation affects only the freshmen and sophomore classes. The senior and junior classes are still mixed. It appears President Harper was somewhat too impressionable.

"There was too much lifting, too much squeezing, too much ogling, too much looking at the men, but it seems funny not to have any of them in our classes. We find there are not half so many arguments nor any as there used to be."

"It's great business," said a young man. "We don't have to be careful of what and how we say things. You ought to have heard the story the professor told us the other day. It illustrated the point exactly, but it would not have done to have told it in a mixed class."

This thing of reading where men only are present is just right, I always hated to think before a lot of girls and then listen to the snicker. It is much easier to think now. Many a time I have had to keep quiet rather than hurt a girl's feelings by calling in question some statement made by her.

Now the choice is easily made. If we are benefited, these books are classic, and should be read. If we are not benefited, and being time expurgated, difficult sentences.

"Less formality in the girls' classes is one result of segregation," said Prof. Williams. "The girls are more interested in the instructor and the pupil. The instructor adapts himself to the class in hand and does not have to change his attitude as he does in dealing first with a young woman and then with a young man."

Two demure coeds made a mistake yesterday that was greatly enjoyed by a "segregated" class of young men. The professor had just started to make an informal talk on a subject not adapted for mixed classes. One of the coeds opened and two girls walked in and calmly sat down. The professor stopped short, the young men laughed, looking up an entirely different subject, with the words, "As I was saying, the instructor launched forth in brilliant style. The young women seemed to find the subject very over, and were then told they had 'bottled in' to a segregated class."

MORE TIME

Given to Prepare Statement Concerning Indicted Coal Dealers.

Chicago, Jan. 22.—The case against indicted members of the Northern Illinois Soft Coal Dealers' association, which was scheduled to go to trial at 10 o'clock today, was postponed until after noon by agreement between the attorneys to allow additional time for the preparation of an agreed statement of facts for presentation to the courts. The evidence to be presented is directed against seventeen corporations of the above named association, the individual officers and members of which were not indicted on their promise to agree to an immediate trial on a statement of fact.

State's Attorney Dwyer expects that all the cases against the Dugle-Indiana dealers and the Retail Coal Dealers' association will be dismissed of this month and carried to the supreme court during February.

FOUND IN RIVER.

The Body of Missing John McAndrews Discovered.

Philadelphia, Jan. 22.—The body of John McAndrews, aged 35 years, who was missing since Christmas, has been recovered from the Delaware river. Four men and one woman are under arrest pending the coroner's inquest.

On Christmas day McAndrews and the others were guests at a house party at which a quarrel is said to have occurred. McAndrews left the house and it is alleged was followed by some of the guests. The police are endeavoring to ascertain whether the fight was renewed on the street.

We make daily deliveries to all parts of Duluth.

SPICER-FANNING CO.

The Northwest's Greatest Store.
1501-1507 TOWER AVENUE.

Take the Interstate cars direct to our doors.

Next-to-Nothing Prices on Cloaks, Furs, Suits, Skirts, Waists, Etc.

\$15.00 for \$42.50 Coats. \$27.50 for \$80.00 Coats. \$6.98 for \$13.50 Coats.
\$9.98 for \$22.50 Coats. \$2.75 for Infants' \$7.50 Coats.

The price examples mentioned above are only a few of the many astounding bargains advertised below. The news printed on this page seems almost unbelievable—yet the goods are here to back it up. Every word is plain fact—the truth can be proven by the merest glance in our show windows—while a visit to the Big Store's Cloak Department will give double emphasis to the statements here made.

Desperate cases require extreme remedies.

In our determination to make a complete showing of the season's styles we spared neither pains or expense. In all Duluth—there were no such assortments—no such styles as here. We gathered the best that New York or Europe could offer—we overbought.

The result is that we now have on hand almost half a thousand superbly stylish new coats—every one of which *must* be sold this season. Inventory is but seven days ahead and so we resort to price slashing such as you never saw before—we reserve nothing.

We place rich imported garments on sale at such paltry prices that their proudly sensitive French makers would be frantic with rage if they saw their master work so price-slaughtered—and the hundreds of elegant and exclusive New York-made coats for women and misses go on sale at most beggarly little prices.

These last reductions are the greatest you ever heard of at any time or any place—we take losses no other house would dream of taking on really good garments—let alone such high class styles as ours.

No credit—no approvals—no exchanges. Alterations extra. Here are the prices—the lucky buyers can never forget them.

Be on hand early tomorrow—get first choice—take Interstate cars direct to our door.

\$13.50 Coats at \$6.98—Take your pick of every women's and misses' coat at \$10, \$10.50, \$12.50 and \$13.50 coat in our stock at the ridiculously low price of

\$6.98

\$22.50 Coats at \$9.98—Every women's and misses' coat in our stock selling at \$15, \$16.50, \$17.50, \$18.50, \$20.00 and \$21.50 and \$22.50—on sale without reserve—choice only

\$9.98

\$10 Coats at \$2.48—We offer 50 of this season's \$5.00 Monte Carlo coats for women—and all we have left of our women's and misses' \$7.50 and \$8.00 coats from last season at the absurd price of

\$2.48

\$42.50 Coats at \$15.00—You may take your unrestricted choice of every women's and misses' \$25, \$31, \$32.50, \$35, \$40 and \$42.50 coat in the house for only

\$15.00

\$80.00 Coats at \$27.50—Our entire stock finest New York made and imported novelties in women's coats that sold at \$50, \$60, \$65, \$75 and \$80. Choice, only

\$27.50

Infants' Coats—Two Great Bargains—Sizes 2 to 5 years.
Choice of thirty \$5.00 and \$7.50 coats at \$2.75
Choice of 18 \$8.00 and \$12.00 coats at \$5.00

Children's Coats Sacrificed—We offer some great bargains in children's automobile and full length Monte Carlo coats. The \$16.50 to \$22.50 coats are on sale at \$12.00—the \$21.00 to \$25.00 coats at \$9.00—the \$7.00 and \$7.50 coats at \$5.00—the \$5.00 and \$5.50 coats at only

\$3.50

Many of you will remember garments you saw here and admired some weeks ago—you remember their regular prices? Yes—we'll look at the prices now—the reductions are exactly as advertised—we quote no fictitious "worths"—no inflated "values"—simply our regular prices and the reduced prices.

We will give you a coat and pay your car fare besides if this is not absolutely just as advertised.

Notwithstanding the fact that many lines of goods are almost given away—we shall give gift-tickets free for every 25c spent here. Every gift-ticket has 20 chances of being redeemed with one of the 20 handsome and useful presents on exhibition in our largest show window.

Spicer-Fanning Co., West Superior, Wisconsin.

Spicer-Fanning Co., West Superior, Wisconsin.



AT WEST DULUTH

The West Duluth Commercial club will hold its regular meeting tonight in the club rooms at Republican club headquarters. There is much important business to come before the meeting. It is likely that the club will pass a resolution endorsing the paving of Fifty-fifth avenue. This would be of much assistance in procuring the signatures of out-of-town property holders to the paving petition.

The banquet committee will make its report and the particulars of the arrangements for the banquet will probably be made known.

The report of the committee on the extension of the gas mains to West Duluth is also due tonight.

The committee which has had charge of West Duluth's interests in the suit against the Northern Pacific railway, to force the reopening of the Fifty-fifth avenue depot will also report its proceedings.

CUTTING RUTHLESSLY.

A citizen of West Duluth, who is engaged in cutting wood from land on the St. Louis river, declares that wood is being taken from the islands of the river without the knowledge of the owners. Some of these islands are thickly covered with excellent firewood, and the good sleighing in the river has made them very easy of access. He says that the owners of the islands are unaware of the depredations being committed, as many of them do not visit their property during the winter months.

FAIRMOUNT IS EASY.

The initial appearance of the Fairmount hockey team proved to be its Waterloo. The Central hockey team of Duluth succeeded in piling up seven goals, while the Fairmount drew a blank. The play throughout the game was largely in Fairmount territory.

Goals: Fairmounts: Goal, Winkie; point, Frank Winters; cover, Wood; forwards, Fred Winters, Di Marco, Fairweather, Buchanan.

Centrals: Goal, Mathewson; point, Jensen; cover, Sullivan; forwards, Mel-dahl, Solberg, Kenny, Johnson.

STAYED TOO LATE.

Two well-known West Duluth young men drove to Proctorville. When returning shortly after midnight the horse became frightened and ran away, throwing out the two occupants of the carriage, who were compelled to walk the remainder of the way to

TO-NIGHT

Music at West Duluth Covered Rink.

Also voting contest for the most popular lady, who will receive the prize. Gents, 25c. Ladies, 15c.

West Duluth in the brisk evening air. Beyond a few scratches, neither of the men were hurt, and the horse found its way to the livery stable from where it had been taken.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

J. and A. St. Denis have returned from Spokane. Oliver Buell is seriously ill at his home.

A daughter was born this morning to Mr. and Mrs. Herman Mahling, of 22 North Sixty-third avenue.

Rev. M. J. Johnson, of Ishpeming, Mich., will preach this evening in the West Duluth Baptist church.

Charles Jacobson, of 3311 Waseca street, died this morning of consumption, after a lengthy illness. The deceased was 34 years of age. No funeral arrangements have as yet been made.

Edward Robinson sustained a painful accident while cutting wood at Fond du Lac. A tree fell on him, breaking his collar bone. He is at present confined to his bed at his home in Munger terrace.

Haven Forbes is down from Scanlon for a short visit with his relatives in West Duluth.

Mr. and Mrs. Hartley, of St. Paul, are visiting Mrs. Hartley's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Caruthers, of Fifty-seventh avenue.

H. G. Shumake, of Marlon, Ohio, is in West Duluth today.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Foss, of Seventy-second avenue, this morning.

Rev. A. Jamison, pastor-at-large of the Duluth presbytery, will speak in the West Duluth Presbyterian church this evening at 8 o'clock.

Miss Anna Casey and Thomas Casey left yesterday for Brainerd for a short visit with relatives.

Victor Johnson and Gust Anderson have purchased the building recently occupied by O. Olson's jewelry store and will open a grocery store in the near future.

IN MICHIGAN.

Remains of James Boyle Found at Bottom of Shaft.

James Boyle was killed in the Ash land mine this morning. He rode to work at the bottom of the mine with the rest of the miners as usual, and a half hour later his mangled remains were found in the bottom of the shaft. It is thought he started to climb to the surface and fell several levels. Nobody saw the accident. Boyle was a single man, about 30 years old.

Calumet—A premature explosion at the Trinitro mine seriously injured James Hill, brothers, James Hill and John Hill.

A civic federation has been organized by Austrians to secure the enforcement of the liquor laws. Temperance societies have been formed by the Finns, and saloonkeepers who persist in disregarding the laws are meeting with organized opposition on every side.

Lansing—Miss Lucy Page Gaston, of Chicago, has succeeded in working up a strong sentiment in favor of legislation prohibiting the sale of cigars.

Senator Brown has introduced a bill, the provisions of which are almost identical with those of the Tennessee

law. Any bill that may be passed will be approved by Governor Bliss.

Menominee—The Ladies' Loyal League will be organized in the course of the month. It will be composed of women who pledge themselves to buy only union label goods from union clerks.

A large dormitory is being erected on the grounds of the Northern Chataqua assembly.

The services of conductors on the street cars has been dispensed with at Menominee and hereafter the patrons of the street car line will deposit their fares in boxes. An order has been issued discharging most of the conductors, and a dozen or more men are affected by this change in the operation of the cars. The company is adopting an economy policy, and thinking the services of the conductors can be dispensed with without great sacrifice to the traveling public.

Escanaba—Messrs. Maynard and Barabale, of Escanaba, who are the chief stockholders in a mining property now being developed in Canada, have received reports from an assayer in Denver, which sets them to thinking. Three shafts have been sunk, the deepest of which is thirty feet, and the assay runs from \$20 to over \$60 in part.

The assay that gives \$20 per ton is for rock found immediately below the surface.

EXORBITANT

Price Charged For Fumigating the Steamship Meteor.

Seattle, Jan. 22.—For refusing to pay \$1200 in gold for what her master and owners, the Globe Navigation company, of this city, says is an exorbitant charge for an unnecessary fumigation, the steamship Meteor, Capt. John Roberts, is detained at Guaymas, Mex. The matter was referred to the state department, and in turn referred to the United States minister at Guaymas. The owners of the vessel authorized the payment under protest of the sum demanded through the United States consular agency at Guaymas.

PRAISED.

Bishop Burgess Speaks of Catholic Church Regardng Divorce.

New York, Jan. 22.—Bishop Burgess of the Protestant Episcopal diocese of Long Island, made an address at the annual dinner of the Church Club last night, in which he commended the attitude of the Roman Catholic church on this question. The bishop said in part: "The Roman Catholic church has stood like a bulwark against divorce. It has stood for the inviolability of the marriage tie and the unity of the home. It is in the world today one of the greatest forces for progress and for Christianity."

"Our prayerbook says one thing and our canon law says another. When our canons declare that communicants in our faith once married are barred for life from the Protestant Episcopal church will have to take it upon itself to do for the cause of civilization and the cause of Christ."

Don't let the little ones suffer from scabies or other tormenting skin diseases. Use Doan's Ointment cream. Can't harm the most delicate skin. At any drug store, 50 cents.

FREIMUTHS

Victorious Over Big Duluths--To Settle Leadership.

At indoor baseball last evening the Freimuths triumphed over the Big Duluth team in the contest for the leadership of the first series by a score of 21 to 7. The Great Easterns also succeeded in giving the newly arrived Hub aggregation a drubbing to the tune of 20 to 11.

Neither game was particularly exciting or close. Hubert, the new pitcher from Winona, who did the twirling for the Freimuth team, proved an enigma for his opponents, while the Big Duluth man, Dennis, was pounded around the lot easily.

Hubert is an outdoor as well as indoor twirler and will prove a valuable addition to the amateur baseball world of Duluth. It is a peculiar fact that, while the Big Duluth men have won every game they have played with the other teams in the league, they never have been able to defeat the Freimuths, though they have won over teams which did lower the colors of the department store men.

While the Huberts are not very successful in their game last night, they give promise of doing good work in the future. Cummins, the amateur pitcher, was off color physically last night, but in spite of that fact his pitching wheel has brought victory if it had been well backed up in the field. The team showed their old fatal habit of getting rattled by a lunch.

Two more games will be played on Monday evening. The Great Easterns and the Freimuths will meet to settle the first series leadership for good and the Big Duluth team will play a regularly scheduled game with the militia boys of West Superior.

LAWYER INSANE.

Iowa Young Man in Trouble In New York.

New York, Jan. 22.—Unless friends take him to a private sanitarium, Charles Finney Wilcox, a young Iowa lawyer, will be sent from Bellevue to the Manhattan state hospital for the insane.

Wilcox, who was here on a visit, was taken into custody on Jan. 13 after acting peculiarly in the Grand hotel. He was taken to Bellevue for a few days, but then he began to talk a little and the doctors decided it would be safe to release him in the custody of his sister, Miss Clara L. Wilcox.

He went to his sister's home, but became worse, and on Wednesday she took him back to Bellevue. Now he is in the custody of his sister, Miss Clara L. Wilcox.

PENSIONS GRANTED.

Washington, Jan. 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following pensions have been granted to Minnesota people: Increase—John Houston, of Silver Creek, Minn.; Elizabeth Horsch, of Delano, Minn.

THE SECRET OF LONG LIFE.

Consists in keeping all the main organs of the body in healthy, regular action, and in quickly destroying deadly disease germs. Electric Bitters regulate Stomach, Liver and Kidneys, purify the blood, and give a splendid appetite. They work without hurting. Kidney Troubles, Femoral Complications, Nervous Disease, Constipation, Dyspepsia, and Melancholia. Vigorous health and strength always follow their use. Only one guaranteed by W. A. Abbott, druggist.

BLACK CHIFFON EVENING GOWN.



Gown of black chiffon, embroidered with black and white silk spots. Medallions of white lace and pale green velvet appliqued in Princess effect on skirt and bodice. Applications of black and white lace on skirt, flounce of killed and ruffled chiffon. Yoke of black and white lace, bodice and upper sleeve of tucked chiffon, killed elbow ruff. Underskirt of white taffeta.

BEFORE-INVENTORY

SHOE SALE!

Winter Shoes, Felt Shoes and Overshoes for everybody at largely reduced prices—some lines at cost and below. Only a few specials:

LADIES' STORM OVERSHOES sizes 2 1/2 to 4—close, at—per pair..... **19c**

Men's Felt Shoes— \$1.48 **Ladies' Shoes, new style** \$2.98
Odd lots—\$2.00 to \$3.00 grades
—go at, per pair.....

Men's \$3 Felt Shoes— \$2.50 **Ladies' Felt Shoes** 98c
rubber soles, at per pair.....

Men's Rubbers..... 50c **Ladies' New Style Storm Overshoes** Special 69c
Shoe Bargains for Everybody. **Children's Arctics and Alaskas** 39c

WIELAND'S

SOROSIS \$3.50 Shoes—123 W. Superior St. SOROSIS—the stand-
for women. ard of Shoes—all styles.

The Five Franc Piece

By James S. Evans.

(Copyright, 1902, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

In the "five" days of the newspaper reporter Troupe McIntosh saw little in life that had more than ordinary interest for him. He got few assignments, and those were chiefly editorial notices, church bazaar and small fires. The city editor did not have confidence in him. He had displayed little of the methods that are essential to reporters who make names and are permitted to sign stories. But McIntosh knew the stuff was in him and that some time or other he would show it.

One afternoon the city editor walked hurriedly from his room to the local room. In his hand was a piece of yellow paper and he was excited. "Where is Xavier? Where is Xavier? Where is Xavier?" he shouted at McIntosh. "I think they have gone," said the "cub" meekly.

"You think they have? You don't see them do you? And they don't usually leave with you a memorandum of their doings, hey?"

The "cub" attempted to say something, but before he had uttered a word the city editor said: "Here, go to Butler on the 3 o'clock train. I do not like to trust so important an assignment to such an ordinary blockhead, but you are the only man I have who can get some expense money down stairs and hurry. You've got busy time in the city. Take this telegram. Get your facts and write all you can get out of the story. By the time you arrive here, I have a train for you. Get along now, and do your best."

The cub fairly flew to the depot. Out of breath almost, he found a seat in the car and for the first time looked at the telegram. It was from the publisher of the Butler correspondent and read:

John Billings, cashier Second National bank, found his wife in arms of William Champenois this afternoon. Billings killed Champenois, then his wife and then himself. Society is greatly excited. Both the wealthiest and most influential in town. How much?

Well, here was a story for the cub after all. Butler was forty miles distant, and the cub would make it in less than an hour. As the cars sped along, the cub's mind began framing sentences. He paced nervously up and down the aisle, occasionally throwing back the lapel of his coat, showing his reporter's star. He was so busy that he did not notice a pair of papers from his pocket and scribble. The opening sentence of his story could not be framed exactly right to suit him. At last, however, he was able to catch and elucidate the city editor's eye at first glance. Finally he wrote something that looked at it long while, smiled and put the paper in his pocket. At last there was little difficulty in obtaining the facts. The coroner's jury was in session when he was called from the train. He heard the testimony of the

A Cloak Chance
Choice of any Coat in the house positively without reserve, ranging in price from \$7.50 to \$25.00, for only—

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S. Bernhardt
12 West Superior St.

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EDITOR N. G. GONZALES OF COLUMBIA, S. C., WHO WAS SHOT AND KILLED BY JAMES H. TILLMAN.

ANOTHER CONTEST

Sides of President and Vice Presidents Will Curl.

Supper to Be at the Club House Saturday Evening.

First Games With Superior to Be Played Tuesday.

The curlers are planning for another big time tomorrow evening. The sides led by the president and vice-president will compete again and the side winning out will feast at a big supper that will be served tomorrow evening at the club house to be paid for by the losers. Both sides will, of course, be at the feed, but the losers will have the very poor satisfaction of paying for the whole thing. The vice-president side has been victorious in all of the contests thus far, but the president's side hopes to change affairs this time.

The games will be played tonight and tomorrow afternoon and evening. The following is the order in which they will be played:

FRIDAY.

W. J. K. Osborne vs. S. L. Reichert.

G. E. Hart vs. F. H. Hargrave.

C. L. Frederick vs. R. N. Hooper.

G. B. Woodruff vs. J. C. Hunter.

D. Morrison vs. D. W. Stocking.

Dr. Clelland vs. J. C. Hunter.

G. B. Woodruff vs. J. C. Hunter.

G. C. Tyre vs. R. N. Hooper.

The first series of the evening, between the Manley-McLennan agency trophy

will be played at 7 o'clock. The trophy

change is necessitated from the fact

of the turn-out of the curlers on

Monday evening and no Scotchman would

curl.

The games played at the rink last evening

were as follows:

Stanley McLennan vs. H. H. Farrell.

W. J. K. Osborne vs. S. L. Reichert.

G. E. Hart vs. F. H. Hargrave.

C. L. Frederick vs. R. N. Hooper.

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STACK & CO.

After-Inventory Sale

Unprecedented prices in House Furnishings. Cost of the goods lost sight of in this instance. The bargains for tomorrow unusual.

Graniteware Clearance Sale.

10c Granite Cups, sale price.....5c

20c Granite Dippers, long handle, only.....10c

25c Granite Wash Basins, large size, only.....10c

2-quart Granite Cake Moulds, 25c.....10c

kind—sale price only.....10c

10x15 Granite Bake Pans, oval, the regular 45c kind—sale price.....19c

25c 8-cup Muffin Pans, in granite, while they last—sale price.....10c

29c granite Milk Pans, 4-quart size, and best goods made, only.....19c

33c granite Tea and Coffee Pots, sale price only.....19c

55c Tea and Coffee Pots, 3 and 4-quart sizes, 10 doz in all—your choice.....25c

10-qt granite Dish Pans, the 65c kind, for this sale only.....37c

98c granite Tea Kettles—full No. 8 size, special price for this after-inventory sale.....53c

Cheap Sale of Little Things.

Best Parlor Matches.....6 boxes for 5c

Chair Seats, each only.....2c

60 Clothes Pins, best made, for.....5c

10c patent Mop Sticks, sale price.....5c

10c pint bottle of Bluing, only.....5c

Good steel-blade Mincing Knife.....3c

10c Brass Cage Hooks, 12 inches.....3c

15c patent Stove Mitts, each.....7c

5c package of Wax Gaps, only.....3c

15c can of Putz Silver Polish.....5c

Tooth Picks, 1000 in a package, for.....2c

Wooden Ware Clearance Sale.

Wooden Spoons each only.....3c

7c Potato Mashers, large size.....3c

4c Hand Scrub Brushes each only.....2c

7c Scrub Brushes, good size, only.....3 1/2c

Wooden Bowls each only.....4c

10c Three-armed Towel Racks for.....5c

12 1/2c Nickel trimmed Towel Rollers.....8 1/2c

50-foot Clothes Lines 5c.....5c

Large 29c Coffee Mills.....18c

10c House Brushes with heavy hand strap.....10c

25c Shoe Brushes like cut, good ones—half price.....12 1/2c

Good Willow Clothes Baskets sale price.....39c

79c large size Willow Baskets for.....55c

25c Good House Brooms, sale price only.....15c

15c Heavy Whisk Brooms each, only.....10c

\$1.95 Carpet Sweepers, nicely finished with full rubber trimmed runners—sale price tomorrow.....\$1.25

\$1.20 Patent Folding Ironing Boards sale price only.....69c

Tinware Clearance Sale.

Tin Cups, each.....1c

Egg Beaters, the regular 5c wire one, for this sale, each.....1c

5c Asbestos Zinc-bound Matts.....2c

15c Tube Cake Moulds, 2-quart, for.....5c

10-quart Dish Pans, pieced 19c kind, for.....10c

BEFORE-INVENTORY

SHOE SALE!

Winter Shoes, Felt Shoes and Overshoes for everybody at largely reduced prices—some lines at cost and below. Only a few specials:

LADIES' STORM OVERSHOES sizes 2 1/2 to 4—close, at—per pair—**19c**

Men's Felt Shoes— \$1.48
Odd lot—\$2.00 to \$3.00 grades
—go at, per pair—

Men's \$3 Felt Shoes— \$2.50
rubber soles, at per pair—

Men's Rubbers— 50c

Shoe Bargains for Everybody.

Ladies' Shoes, new style \$2.98
—\$3.50 and \$4.00 patent colt and
kid, heavy sole, reduced to—

Ladies' Felt Shoes 98c
and Slippers—\$1.25 and \$1.50
grades—your choice at—per pair—

Ladies' New Style Overshoes Special 69c

Children's Arctics and Alaskas 39c

WIELAND'S

SOROSIS \$3.50 Shoes for women. 123 W. Superior St. SOROSIS—the standard of Shoes—all styles.

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One afternoon the city editor walked hurriedly from his room to the local room. In his hand was a piece of yellow paper and he was excited. "Where is Davis? Where is Horn? Where is Alinger?" he shouted at McIntosh.

"I think they have gone," said the "cut" meekly.

"You think they have? You don't see them do you? And they are usually late with you a memorandum of their doings, hey?"

The "cut" attempted to say something, but before he could proceed the city editor said: "Here, go to Buller. Tell him to get the men. Get them to sign an ordinary usebook. But you are the only one in sight. Get some expense money and make a dash for it. You've barely time to catch the train. Take this telegram. It will explain why they are sent. Get your facts and write all you can get on the story. By the time you arrive there, I have made arrangements with the telephone editor. The matter is as fast as you can write it. Get along now, and do your best. Out of breath almost, he found a seat in the car and for the first time looked at the telegram. It was merely a bulletin from the Butter corporation, out and ready.

John Billings, cashier Second National bank, could his wife in arms of William Champeons this afternoon. Billings killed Champeons, then his wife and then himself. Society is greatly startled. Both the wealthiest and most influential in town. How much?

Well, here was a story for the cut after all. Buller was forty miles distant, and the train would make it in less than an hour. The "cut" smiled along the "cut's" mind was racing. The "cut" placed nervously up and down the aisle, occasionally throwing back the lapel of his coat, showing his reporter's star. Recalling his seat, he would take out a pad of paper from his pocket and scribble. The opening sentence of his story could not be framed exactly right to suit him. He wanted something that would catch and gladden the city editor's eye at first glance. Finally he wrote something, looked at it a long while, smiled and put the paper in his pocket. At Buller there was little difficulty in obtaining the facts. The editor's plan was in session when he alighted from the train. He heard the testimony of the

servants in the Billings' home, who saw the shooting. They also testified that Champeons had been a frequent visitor at the Billings' home both while Mr. Billings was at home and occasionally when the husband was absent. Their testimony was somewhat sensational and disclosed a phase of Mrs. Billings' life that was not in keeping with her reputation in the community. Champeons left a widow; Billings had no children.

The cut secured photographs which he mailed on the 3 o'clock train. By 1 o'clock he was in possession of all the information necessary for a long story. He began to write. At first he wrote rapidly, and by midnight he had three columns of matter in the newspaper office. At 1 o'clock the fast train for New Orleans was due and the cut boarded it. He attempted to write on the cars, but he found that difficult, gave that up and tried to talk to the conductor, but the conductor was busy in a double seat just in front of him. He sat calmly smoking a cigar while looking out at the flashing landscape. The train was making its way down the river, and the cut was down by the stranger, uninvited. He had some ear to listen to the horrible tale that would appear in the morning. He was a Frenchman and a traveler. He had told the story in all his glibly details, the Frenchman looked intent by out of the window for some minutes before making any sort of comment. Finally he turned his head and remarked that it was "too bad, too bad."

"I remember a story of a wife's lunacy," he went on after a bit. "A young Frenchman married the most beautiful woman in Paris. He was immensely rich, so was she. They had been sweethearts for years and when they were married it was the most fashionable ceremony that had taken place in Paris for a decade. In the suburbs of that city he built the most expensive home that architects would suggest, and surrounded it with every luxury. Apparently the woman loved him and worshiped him with unreserved devotion. He was always devoting little things, making her presents, doing things he thought would please and delight her. Occasionally he would take a walk with her and drive to the station, saying that he would be gone for the day, only to return within an hour or so. His sudden appearance being for the purpose of surprising her, and so they lived for a year with no serpent in that beautiful paradise of theirs to strike at them with its fangs and annoy them with its hissing.

"But one day the husband returned home to find his wife in the embrace of one of the supposed friends. Both were wild with love when they were discovered. But the husband spoke kindly, almost kindly. They need not fear. He would not harm either. He even assisted the false friend in putting on his overcoat, and as the man started to the door, invited him to call again. As he reached the steps the husband called him back. 'The kisses?' The pleasure of those beautiful lips—ah, should you not leave the madame alone—a five franc piece, say? Yes, that would be the thing. So the man, now weeping because of his shame, went to the hysterical woman and kissed the cold lips of her husband.

"The husband ate his dinner alone. In the morning he asked the maid to say to his wife that he should be pleased to have her breakfast with him and the woman went to the dining room, her eyes red and swollen from long hours of crying. He even kissed her as she entered, and during the meal made an reference to what had happened the day before. But when she went to pick up a napkin, or to answer a dish there would appear before her a live franc piece. In the morning she would find a gold coin in her stockings; if she went to pick up a rose, there would fall from its stalk a five franc piece—always. Wherever she would turn would be the cruel reminder of her unfaithfulness. And so, this went on from week to week, and from month to month, until finally, ah, that grand, beautiful, royal, clear-eyed woman—she went mad. Talk to some one who has been to an asylum. Dugone it.

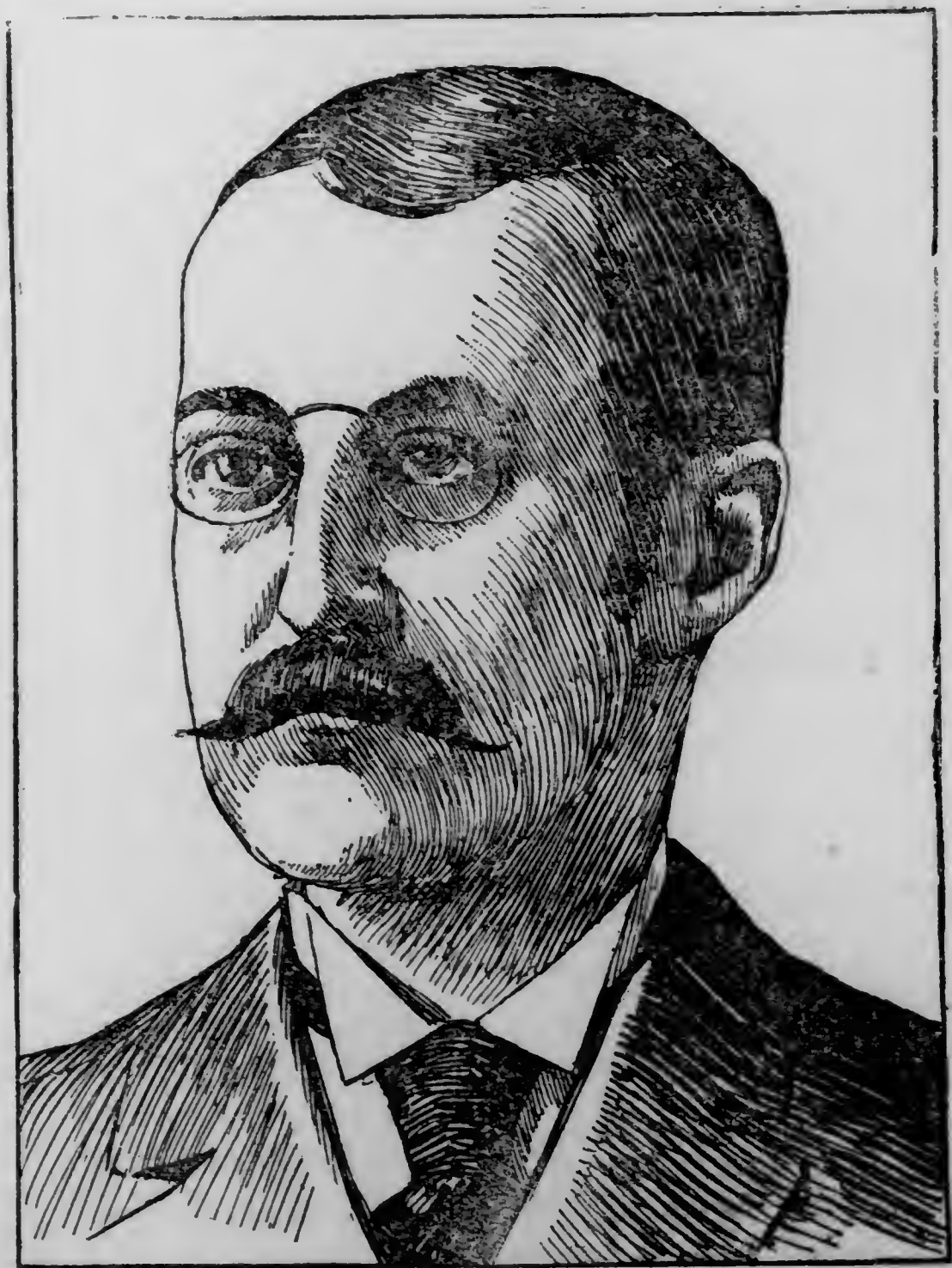
"Why, sure thing," replied the city editor. "And, say, cut, I think there is the making of a reporter in you. After all, your assignment was to write the story of the Frenchman and make him confess."

ALICE ROOSEVELT

Will Attend the New Orleans Mardi Gras.

New Orleans, Jan. 23.—Mardi Gras of 1903 will be memorable to social devotees by the presence in New Orleans of Miss Alice Roosevelt, daughter of the president of the United States. She will be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. McIlhenny at the beautiful Hayden home on Louisiana avenue near Prytanee street. The McIlhennys have taken the house for February and will elaborately entertain during Miss Roosevelt's visit.

It is not peculiar that Miss Roosevelt should visit the McIlhennys, who were lieutenant colonel of the regiment in the famous First regiment of cavalry, the "Rough Riders," when Roosevelt was lieutenant and San Juan hill. Mr. McIlhenny and Col. Roosevelt became close personal friends.



EDITOR N. G. GONZALES OF COLUMBIA, S. C., WHO WAS SHOT AND KILLED BY JAMES H. TILLMAN.

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CLOAKS

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Supper to Be at the Club House Saturday Evening.

First Games With Superior to Be Played Tuesday.

The curlers are planning for another big time tomorrow evening. The sides led by the president and vice-president will compete again and the side winning out will feast at a big supper that will be served tomorrow evening at the club house to be paid for by the losers. Both sides will, of course, be at the feed, but the losers will have the very poor satisfaction of paying for the whole thing. The vice-president's side has been victorious in each of the contests thus far, but the president's side hopes to change affairs this time.

The games will be played tonight and tomorrow afternoon. The following is the order in which they will be played:

FRIDAY.
W. J. K. Osborne vs. S. L. Reicher. C. Taylor vs. C. Sherwood. C. L. Frederick vs. R. N. Hoople. S. A. R. R. vs. J. C. McIlhenny. D. Macdonald vs. D. W. Stocking. Dr. Clelland vs. J. C. Hunter. C. E. W. vs. J. C. McIlhenny. G. C. Tyne vs. R. N. Smith.

The first series of games with Superior for the Manly-McIlhenny agency trophy will be played Tuesday evening, just as Monday night was the last evening. The change is necessitated from the fact that the curling club will have a social Monday evening and no Scotchman would curl on that night.

The games played at the rink last evening were as follows:

W. J. K. Osborne vs. S. L. Reicher. C. Taylor vs. C. Sherwood. C. L. Frederick vs. R. N. Hoople. S. A. R. R. vs. J. C. McIlhenny. D. Macdonald vs. D. W. Stocking. Dr. Clelland vs. J. C. Hunter. C. E. W. vs. J. C. McIlhenny. G. C. Tyne vs. R. N. Smith.

THE STAGE

Adelaide Thurston achieved a triumph at the Lyceum last evening—not that there was anything new in that, for the pathway of Miss Thurston's histrionic career is strewn with triumphs, no matter where she appears. The spirit of the saying that a woman who is not without honor save in her own country obtains to some extent in the case of Miss Thurston. Her triumph was placed. Genoa gradually developing an acting talent, is ready to find the greatest acknowledgment in the home of its possessor. Not so with Miss Thurston. She is not only a native actress, but a year or so ago, she completely won the hearts of the people of the little town of the friendship for her own existence. It was her own her own she received. In it there was the unhesitating recognition of her talent.

The play in which Miss Thurston is appearing this evening is called "The Conquerors," a somewhat old adaptation, but it is not devoid of a very lovable character. It is a play in which the place in which the scene is laid, it is better adapted to Miss Thurston's talents than was "Sweet Clove," in which she last appeared here, being less somber and more pleasing to the eye. The story is simple, not especially stirring, but there is a certain amount of simplicity brought out. It is a simple picture of New England life in a pretty little village, telling the story of a young minister who marries a famous violinist and the violinist's daughter. The story is simple, not especially stirring, but there is a certain amount of simplicity brought out. It is a simple picture of New England life in a pretty little village, telling the story of a young minister who marries a famous violinist and the violinist's daughter.

STACK & CO.

After-Inventory Sale

Unprecedented prices in House Furnishings. Cost of the goods lost sight of in this instance. The bargains for tomorrow unusual.

Graniteware Clearance Sale.

10c Granite Cups, sale price—5c
20c Granite Dippers, long handle, only—10c
25c Granite Wash Basins, large size, only—10c
2-quart Granite Cake Moulds, 25c
kind—sale price only—10c
10x15 Granite Bake Pans, oval, the regular 45c kind—sale price—19c
25c 8-cup Muffin Pans, in granite, while they last—sale price—10c
29c granite Milk Pans, 4-quart size, and best goods made, only—19c
33c granite Tea and Coffee Pots, sale price only—19c
55c Tea and Coffee Pots, 3 and 4-quart sizes, 10 doz in all—your choice—25c

Tinware Clearance Sale.

Tin Cups, each—1c
Egg Beaters, the regular 5c wire one, for this sale, each—1c
5c Asbestos Zinc-bound Mats—2c
15c Tube Cake Moulds, 2-quart, for—5c
10-quart Dish Pans, pieced 19c kind, for—10c
10-quart Water Pails, sale price—10c
No. 8 Wash Boilers, in granite, the regular 89c kind, zinc bottom—59c
Copper-bottom Tea Kettles—full size—33c
75c nickel-plated Tea Kettles in No. 8, 43c full size—sale price—

Glass and China Clearance Sale

5c Glass Sauce Dishes—each for—1c
No. 1 Lamp Chimneys, only—3c
No. 2 best Crimp-top Chimneys for—4c
No. 1 Hinge Lamp Chimneys, only—2c
No. 1 Lamp Burners, best goods—3 1/2c
No. 2 Lamp Burners, best goods—5c
5c gold-band Egg Cups, each—2c
10c white Cups and Saucers, both for—5c
5-inch white Plates, 8c kind, for—3 1/2c
7-inch Dinner Plates, 10c kind, for—5c
Fine Banded Glass Tumblers, each—2 1/2c
45c large Chambers, covered—25c
\$1.25 decorated Vase Lamps, with full 8-in. decorated globes, 17 inches high—69c
One large assortment of fancy plates, all goods between 35c and 75c inclusive—your choice of the lot at—25c
Glass Stand Lamp, complete, the regular 25c kind, sale price—15c

Cheap Sale of Little Things.

Best Parlor Matches—6 boxes for 5c
Chair Seats, each only—2c
60 Clothes Pins, best made, for—5c
10c patent Mop Sticks, sale price—5c
10c pint bottle of Bluing, only—5c
Good steel-blade Mincing Knife—3c
10c Brass Cage Hooks, 12 inches—3c
15c patent Stove Mitts, each—7c
5c package of Wax Candles, only—3c
15c can of Putz Silver Polish—5c
Tooth Picks, 1000 in a package, for—2c

Wooden Ware Clearance Sale.

Wooden Spoons each only—3c
7c Potato Mashers, large size—3c
4c Hand Scrub Brushes each only—2c
7c Scrub Brushes, good size, only—3 1/2c
Wooden Bowls each only—4c
10c Three-armed Towel Racks for—5c
12 1/2c Nickel trimmed Towel Rulers—8 1/2c
50-foot Clothes Lines 5c
Large 29c Coffee Mills

Large 29c Coffee Mills

sale price—18c
19c Horse Brushes with heavy hand strap—10c

25c Shoe Brushes like cut, good ones—half price—12 1/2c
Good Willow Clothes Baskets—39c

79c large size Willow Baskets for—55c
25c Good House Brooms, sale price only—15c
15c Heavy Whisk Brooms each, only—10c

\$1.95 Carpet Sweepers, nicely finished with full rubber trimmed runners—sale price tomorrow—\$1.25
\$1.20 Patent Folding Ironing Boards sale price only—69c

Clearance Sale of Hardware.

Brass picture hooks, per dozen, only—3c
Heavy iron clothes hook, per dozen—10c
Tack pullers, good ones, sale price—3c
7c favorite tack hammer, 10-inch handle—3c
10c curry combs, sale price only—4c
1 lb. hammer, 14-inch handle, heavy and durable, sale price—10c
3-lb. wood chopping axes, 27-inch hickory handle, worth 59c, sale price—39c
5-lb. chopping axes, full size 30-inch handle, sale price—49c
22-inch panel saws, worth 45c, sale price—25c
26-inch panel saws, worth 65c, sale price—39c
20-inch, full size buck saws, worth 75c, with best swivel frame gearing, only—43c
15c handsaws, 14 inches long—9c
95c straight spring scales with solid steel table, weighs 1 to 50 lbs., while they last, sale price 45c

Mada m Potts' sad irons, the best made, nickel finished, worth \$1.25, the sale price—89c

50-foot Clothes Lines 5c
Large 29c Coffee Mills

25c Shoe Brushes like cut, good ones—half price—12 1/2c
Good Willow Clothes Baskets—39c

79c large size Willow Baskets for—55c
25c Good House Brooms, sale price only—15c
15c Heavy Whisk Brooms each, only—10c

\$1.95 Carpet Sweepers, nicely finished with full rubber trimmed runners—sale price tomorrow—\$1.25
\$1.20 Patent Folding Ironing Boards sale price only—69c

she rises to a fine height, acting with keen emotion, naturally, and with no straining after effect. It is a finished and artistic portrayal of a very lovable character. Miss Thurston dresses the part most beautifully, and captivated the women with her charming gown.

The part of the minister is a difficult one and not particularly appealing by reason of the narrow jealousy and lack of reason which pervades, yet, Francis X. Hope plays it finely and gives to it character sympathetic to the audience. The minister is a manly man in spite of the narrowness of his views, and when the crisis comes brings out the manly side of the character effectively.

The support is good. Leo Hardmann, excellent as Deacon Pettibone, a grasping old miser who has a mortgage on the church and uses it to pester the life out of the young minister. Another excellent character is that of Amanda, the singular, red-haired, assertive female, who works only for accommodation, and who is made one of the most effective in the play by Miss Constance Glover, who plays her with a fine touch.

Miss Helen Harcourt as Mrs. Bartlett, and Adam Fox as Bob Bartlett, are good.

The play will be produced this evening.

A fine production of "The Lady of Lyons" was given by the Ferris comedians at the Metropolitan last night to a large audience. The play has many times been seen here at high prices, but this production compares favorably with any. Gus A. Forbes was excellent in the role of Claude, while Miss Isabelle Fletcher, as Pauline, looked and acted the part well. The entire supporting cast were all new, and scored the usual big success. The Millar Bros' diorama displayed new mechanical effects and the play, the "Lady of Lyons" will be repeated tonight, tomorrow afternoon and night.

"O Promise Me," "Brown October Ale," "The Thinkers Chorus," and the famous armorer's song will be very much in evidence at the matinee performance at the Lyceum by the Bostonians tomorrow afternoon. The original sheriff of Nottingham, H. C. Barnabee, the original John, W. H. MacDonald, the original Dame Durden, Josephine Bartlett, and the original Pizarro Tuck, George B. Frothingham, will all appear in the fine new production of "Robin Hood" promised. At the evening performance "Maid Marion" will be given.

CREW ALL DEAD.

Two More of Gun Crew Have Died.

San Juan, P. R., Jan. 23.—Alex Newton Dasset, of Durham, N. C., and James Garfield Patterson, of Pittsburg, landmen of the battleship Massachusetts, who were injured by the explosion Jan. 26, of the powder charge of an eight-inch gun, died in the military hospital here today. The remains of Dasset will be embalmed and shipped to the United States. Patterson's body probably will be buried here. They were the last survivors of the gun crew of nine men.

Not a dollar need be paid until you're cured. Get a package of Rocky Mountain Tea. If it fails to make you well, and keep you well, it don't cost a cent. 35 cents. S. F. Royce.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

MEN'S SUITS—Made by Hart, Schaffner & Marx. Our **BOYS' CLOTHING** is the Henry W. Cane & Co.'s "Crescent Brand" Boys' Clothing—no better made. We handle none but the best and we are not afraid to advertise the makers' names, and in this sale our prices are exactly one-half earlier-in-the-season prices. All our clothing is of this season's styles and you are offered the big ends of accumulations of years of sweat-shop productions. This is an up-to-date Clothing Store, conducted on modern methods, selling known makes of merchandise at prices that have played havoc with the old timers who now try to ape us in the new ways of doing business.

New patterns in Spring Shirts are here for your inspection.

HALF PRICE!

The New Spring Blocks in both stiff and soft Hats are now ready.

Men's Fine Suits and Overcoats Boys' Suits, Overcoats, Reefers

No Small Lots, but our Entire Stock of Men's and Boys' Clothing,

At Exactly One-Half of the Regular Selling Price!

We will take our loss now and open the spring season with an entirely new line. This will be the greatest Slaughter Sale of Men's and Boys' Fine tailor-made Suits and Overcoats ever witnessed at the head of the lakes. This sale will positively end February 1st.

Men's Fine Suits and Overcoats.

| | |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| \$32 Suits or Overcoats \$16 | \$18 Suits or Overcoats \$9 |
| \$30 Suits or Overcoats \$15 | \$16 Suits or Overcoats \$8 |
| \$28 Suits or Overcoats \$14 | \$15 Suits or Overcoats \$7½ |
| \$25 Suits or Overcoats \$12½ | \$12 Suits or Overcoats \$6 |
| \$22 Suits or Overcoats \$11 | \$10 Suits or Overcoats \$5 |
| \$20 Suits or Overcoats \$10 | \$8 Suits or Overcoats \$4 |

Boys' Suits, Overcoats, Reefers.

| | |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| \$22 Suits or Overcoats \$11 | \$10 Suits or Overcoats \$5 |
| \$20 Suits or Overcoats \$10 | \$8 Suits or Overcoats \$4 |
| \$18 Suits or Overcoats \$9 | \$6 Suits or Overcoats \$3 |
| \$16 Suits or Overcoats \$8 | \$5 Suits or Overcoats \$2½ |
| \$15 Suits or Overcoats \$7½ | \$4 Suits or Overcoats \$2 |
| \$14 Suits or Overcoats \$7 | \$3 Suits or Overcoats \$1½ |
| \$12 Suits or Overcoats \$6 | \$2½ Suits or Overcoats \$1¼ |

Our motto is to carry no goods over from one season to another.

Open each season with an entirely new stock of merchandise. Come early and get your choice while they last.

KENNEY, ANKER & DENNY,

409--411 West Superior St.,
Duluth, Minnesota.

This sale is for cash only.

No discount during this sale.

THE DAKOTAS.

Mon Arrested on Suspicion Will Soon Be Released.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Sioux Falls—"Red Tobi" and "Port Dodge" brought here on suspicion of being James Wiley and William Morris, who escaped from the "Yankee" jail after being arrested for robbing the Deadwood postoffice in December, 1899, are probably not the men wanted. The man who developed during an examination before D. J. Conway, United States commissioner, is the intention of the authorities to hold them a day or two longer for the arrival of a postoffice inspector.

The first annual show of the Queen City Poultry association, to be held in Sioux Falls Jan. 27th, promises to be a decided success. F. K. Pruner, secretary,

reports that the demand for entry blanks is beyond all expectations. Numerous applications have come from Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Kentucky, Kansas, Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska, Wisconsin, Kansas and even from as far away as Texas.

Lead—T. Theodore Peuman of Omaha, died at St. Joseph's hospital in Deadwood, of pneumonia.

Deadwood—The cabin occupied by M. H. McClintock on City creek, was burned, and cannot be found. It is supposed he is away at work.

A car loaded with cyanide of potassium got away from employees at the Home state cyanide plant in Gayville, where it had been set out, and caused a smashup in Deadwood two miles from Gayville. An Elkhorn freight train was making up and the runaway crashed into a way car.

Fort Randall—A mail sack filled with mail matter has been lost in the Missouri river. While the carrier on the route between Fort Randall and Lake Arches was crossing the river his horses and sleigh broke through the ice. The horses were saved, but the mail was carried away.

Bonesteel—Cowboys are rounding up the "Pickit Pin" cattle and horses which formerly belonged to Matt Patterson who disappeared last fall. Patterson was supposed to have been murdered, but it has since been reported that he went to Canada. The stock was rounded up in such an extent that it was impossible for him to pay, hence his sudden departure. The stock will be shipped to Page, Neb. Patterson's old home.

North Dakota. Grand Forks—A peculiar suit has been started here by G. W. Becker, a resident of Northwood vs. the Scandinavian bank of St. Paul. Several years ago Becker's wife left him and during the time Becker

mortgaged his farm to the State bank at Northwood, which turned the mortgage over to the St. Paul bank as collateral. Later Becker and his wife made up and now bring the suit for the recovery of the collateral mortgage on the grounds that Mrs. Becker did not sign the mortgage and that the land is a homestead. The tract is valuable.

NOT QUICK ENOUGH.
Attempt of Kirby to Get Away Frustrated.

Billings, Mont., Jan. 23.—John Kirby, one of the alleged robbers of the Bridger bank, was released as the result of habeas corpus proceedings. No sooner had the judge ordered the prisoner discharged than Kirby made a dash for the door. He was not quick enough, for Sheriff Hubbard hung himself upon the fleeing man and again placed him under arrest. Kirby will be taken to Red Lodge to stand trial.

TAILOR SHOPS REOPEN.
Chicago, Jan. 23.—The big tailor shops which have been shut down since the beginning of the lockout of special-order tailors, began a week ago, resumed operations today under police protection. Union men, members of the United Garment Workers' union, replaced the 200 locked-out women and men in the shops of M. Born & Co., where the trouble originated. The opening of the shops was accomplished without any disturbance.

SNOW IN KANSAS.
Kansas City, Jan. 23.—A driving snow storm prevails in Central Kansas today and light snow is falling in other parts of the state, as well as in western Missouri. No delay to trains has yet been reported.

RESIGNS.

President of Reichstag Dissatisfied With Disapproval of Action.

Berlin, Jan. 23.—Count Von Ballestrom has resigned the presidency of the Reichstag in consequence of disapproval of his attitude during the attempt, Jan. 20, of Herr Volmer, Socialist, to raise a debate in the house on the charges brought against the late Herr Krupp and on Emperor William's telegram and speeches on the subject. The president at the time declined to permit the discussion on the ground that it was out of order to discuss a private person while debating the budget. His remarks called forth violent protests from the Socialists, who asserted that he was violating the rights of the Reichstag.

The Saturday Club.

At the meeting of the Saturday club this week the following will be the program:
Current events—"News from Countries."
Mrs. Ely, leader.
Subject for the day—"Thackeray" Satire and humor of Thackeray.... Mrs. Hubbard.
Comparisons of Thackeray and Dickens.... Miss Ray.
Readings....
Leader, Mrs. Currie.

It costs but 10 cents a week to have The Herald delivered regularly at your home either in city or suburb.

OPINIONS DIVIDED

As to the Merits of Mr. Joy's Battleship Plan.

Most Think It Wiser to Continue the Present Policy.

Need More Officers and Men Rather Than More Ships.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, Jan. 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—A wide difference of opinion exists between senators and members of congress as to the merits of the plan proposed by Representative Joy for increasing the navy by the immediate construction of twenty-five battleships. While there appears to be but little opposition to liberal appropriations for increasing the navy, many of the members doubt the advisability of the plan suggested by Mr. Joy. They think it would be wiser to continue the present method of making appropriations from year to year or to adopt a definite building program to include a number of battleships, armored and unarmored cruisers, torpedo boats, etc., to be completed in a certain term of years. The following expression of opinion will give some idea of the drift of sentiment in this subject. Senator Perkins, of California, "That's not fair. Mr. Joy has been thinking out some plan to man the ships already in course of construction. We need officers and men just now more than additional ships."

Senator Hale, chairman of the senate committee on naval affairs, "No, we will do nothing along the lines proposed in Mr. Joy's resolution. We will make liberal appropriations from year to year as new ships are needed. Our Naval Budget this year will authorize the construction of at least three new battleships. It would be unwise to construct as many ships of one class as provided by Mr. Joy's resolution. Changes in naval architecture are so frequent that it would be folly to load ourselves up at one time with twenty-five ships which might even before completion be out-classed by some new invention or idea of value in naval construction."

Representative Cousins, Iowa, "I am and always have been in favor of liberal appropriations for our naval strength. Mr. Joy's resolution for twenty-five battleships at this time is not what we are getting about as many battle ships now as we need. I am favoring mostly a greater number of torpedo boats. Very necessary adjuncts to our navy."

Representative Sulzer, New York, "I have always been an advocate of and have voted for all appropriations looking to increasing our naval strength. However, our extended sea coast on the Atlantic and Pacific, together with our insular possessions we must have a navy as large, if not larger than that of any other nation. It is so if we are to maintain the integrity of the Monroe doctrine. I am decidedly for more ships of war."

Representative Adams, Pennsylvania, "I think Representative Joy's proposition immense. It's a grand scheme and I am for it. I have seriously I don't think it can be enacted."

Representative Cooper, Wisconsin, chairman insular affairs, "We don't need so many ships of the battleship class as Mr. Joy suggests. We are building ships rapidly enough I think, but what I favor is perfecting our coast defenses so as to make them impregnable. I favor the report of the Endicott commission, which evolved a complete plan for harbor defense. Forts and sea coast batteries are what we need so many ships."

Representative John Young, Pennsylvania, "I am in favor of a great big navy, but I don't think Mr. Joy's proposition a good one for the reason that naval architecture in these days changes so rapidly that before we could build such a large number of great battleships fashions in design and weapons might change so materially that we would find ourselves with a lot of junk on our hands."

Representative Champ Clark, Missouri, "I don't know whether we need as many battleships as Mr. Joy's resolution calls for, but if it is ever properly brought into the house I will vote for it. I am in favor of a great big American navy."

Representative Mudd, Maryland, "Mr. Joy's concurrent resolution asks for too much. We could never get it through. I will be satisfied if we can secure appropriations for three additional battleships, a cruiser or two, and several other smaller vessels at this session, but twenty-five battleships at one fell swoop is too much."

Representative Lunderslager, New Jersey, "I am in favor of liberal appropriations to build up our navy, but don't quite favor Mr. Joy's proposition. We should have a diversified navy. All favor the report of the Endicott commission, which evolved a complete plan for harbor defense. Forts and sea coast batteries are what we need so many ships."

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VIKING

LEADS THEM ALL. Viking Flour stands for the highest in the art of milling products. Perfect machinery, skilled milling and best quality wheat makes it sweet, pure and strong. It is a prize winner everywhere.

GRONSETH & OLSEN

401 and 403 East Fourth Street.

WHERE IS A LEADER?

(Continued from page 1.)

dored by that dispute appear to be still alive, and it is frequently manifested by the attacks upon the Babcock or ganization of the house. Fighting against it is futile, however, for the Babcock followers are loyal.

All of the Democrats voted against the Rosenwald attempt to have the house committee on public accounts and expenditures see if legislative expenses could not be cut down yesterday.

The normal school committee of both houses are likely to pay Duluth a visit within a short time to look over the new normal school there, with a view to determining its needs. The Duluth members are actively engaged in working up the trip, particularly Dr. Graham, who is chairman of the house normal school committee. The arrangements have not yet been made, and the date is not yet set, but it will probably be a week from next Thursday, when the committees from both house and senate will leave St. Paul, visiting the school Friday. This day may be changed, but at present it is the only under consideration.

Capt. Lewis, who is chairman of the public buildings committee of the house, has been busy engaged during the past two or three days in looking up the title to the present state-house grounds. An impression has prevailed, and it is said that it is shared by the heirs of the donors of the site, that the deed had a string to it by which the property was for capital purposes only, and that when it ceased to be used for that purpose it reverts to their heirs.

"I have looked the matter up," said Capt. Lewis yesterday afternoon, "and unless my real estate experience plays me false, the deed is an absolute warranty deed without any conditions whatever. The deed was lost for forty years, and it was not found until about five years ago, when it was dug up among a lot of old rubbish. It was made in 1851, and transfers the property for \$1 and other valuable considerations, among which is the benefit to surrounding property arising from the location of the capitol there. I think there is no question about the right of the state to sell the property and use the proceeds of the sale on the new capitol."

Capt. Lewis has had an abstract of the title prepared, and has submitted it to Attorney General Douglas, who will present his opinion upon it within a few days.

Capt. M. L. Fay, of Virginia, was in St. Paul yesterday. He came up from Florida, where he is spending the winter with his family, to attend a meeting of the Fay Exploration company, which was also attended by John G. Williams and A. M. Chisholm, of Duluth. Capt. Fay reports that living is very enjoyable in Florida at this season of the year, and he said that he found it much more pleasant than running for congress. He returned there last evening.

Thomas Downs, sergeant-at-arms of the senate, was very busy yesterday distributing a new storm among the senators.

"Have you heard the story about the coal scuttler?" he inquired of his victims.

"No, I haven't," was the reply.

"There is nothing in it," answered the sergeant-at-arms, with a chuckle.

One of the new members—not from the northern part of the state—got a little tangled up in the house yesterday. He sent a paper up to the speaker while bills were introduced, and Speaker Babcock picked it out of the pile in front of him and announced, by the usual form, "Mr. So-and-so introduces the following bill." Then he looked at the bill and withdrew it. The member got up and shouted: "Mr. Speaker, that bill isn't a bill, it's a petition."

The bill introduced in the house yesterday by Mr. Cole, of Walker, providing for township superintendents of schools, is limited so that it applies to but one school district in the state, and that is a very unique one in Cass county. It includes nearly the whole of the county, has sixty platted townships in it and a number of organized townships. It is all under the prescribed board of three trustees, and it is impossible for them to cover the district satisfactorily. The district has over seventy schools, and some of them are far away from the supervision of any member of the board. The object of the bill is to make the township superintendent an advisory officer, only powers shall be delegated to him by the board. This insures more direct supervision of the schools in the enormous school district.

Mr. Cole's bill prescribing the manner in creating new counties and changing the boundaries of old ones is designed to prevent such a mix-up as there was in the recent election over the division of Beltrami county, where there were several conflicting propositions, and much mystification in consequence. The Cole bill provides that but one proposition shall be submitted at any election.

Several insurance bills were introduced in the senate yesterday, and one of them makes some rather radical changes. That was the Morgan bill, which provides that all losses shall be referred to three disinterested men, actual residents of the county in which the loss occurs, and that they must be named and appointed by one of the district court judges of the district in which the property is situated. The adjusters may be appointed on application of either party on eight days' notice, the other. The referees are to be paid \$5 per day and 10 cents a mile for traveling expenses.

Senator L. O. Thorpe is preparing a new amendment to the primary election law, which will provide that all of

Good Judges

—Those who are particular and are satisfied only with the best, use

Primus Brand Butter

A home product, made from the richest of sweet cream, and sold by all grocers.

Manufactured by
Bridgeman & Russell,
16 West First Street.
Both Phones.

The Morning Muffin Should be Made from

Commander Flour.

Any Man Can Eat a Dozen.



Good Muffins.

Two cups of Shannon & Mott company's Falcon Self-Raising Pancake Flour, one cup milk, one heaping tablespoonful of sugar, two eggs; mix the ingredients thoroughly before adding the pancake flour. If richer muffins are wanted, add more eggs. Use no salt, yeast or baking powder. Falcon Self-Raising Pancake Flour is a mixed flour of the best portion of wheat, corn and rye. The flour is self-raising. Sold by the best grocers.

The tickets shall be printed on one ballot, the names of the parties appearing in bold type across the top of the ballot, the names of candidates running down from each party heading. No voter can vote for the candidates of more than one party, and he must mark the name of the party at the head of the ticket. Should he vote for other candidates, that vote is void, but his vote for the members of the party chosen by him are valid nevertheless.

Senator Thorpe introduced in the senate yesterday a bill providing that municipalities may increase their library levies from 1 mill to 1½ mills.

The resolutions for free trade with Canada and for free lumber are sure to bring about a flood of entries in the senate when they come up next Tuesday. They will have strong opposition and strong support, and their advocates and opponents are preparing themselves for the struggle.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

Skeptics Turn Believers and are Cured.—When I read that Dr. A. J. E. Catarrhal Powder could relieve catarrh in ten minutes I was far from being convinced. I tried it a single puff through the flower arranged instant relief stopped pain over the eyes and cleansed the nasal passages. Today I am free from catarrh. B. L. Egan, Easton, Pa. Sold by Max Wirth, 12 West Superior street.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink
ANHEUSER-BUSCH and FITZGER'S BEER.
Sold in Duluth at the

Ideal Beer Hall

PILES
Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Piles. It is a simple, safe, and effective remedy. It is sold by all druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of 50 cents. Write to Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., New Haven, Ct. For sale at White Swan Drug Store.

WORMS
If your child is restless at night, grinds its teeth, wets the bed, is constipated, craves indigestible food or is fretful and peevish, you can be sure it has worms.
Kickapoo Worm Killer will expel them and restore the child's health. These tablets are pleasant to take and won't harm the most delicate child. 25c a box at druggists, or by mail from KICKAPOO INDIAN MEDICINE CO., New Haven, Ct.

THE STORE THAT SAVES YOU MONEY.

THE FAMOUS SHOE STORE

115—WEST SUPERIOR STREET—115

Saturday Shoe Bargains!

Prices Reduced on Many Lots to Less Than Cost.
Stocks Must Be Adjusted. Hence the Prices.



\$2.98

For Choice of Men's and Ladies' Fine Shoes. Patent Leather, Enamel, Vici Kid, or Box Calf. Broken lines of shoes that have sold all season for \$3.50, \$4.00 and \$5.00; sale price **\$2.98** only.



\$1.69

For choice of Ladies' \$2.50 Vici Kid Shoes—patent tip, extension sole. Very stylish, and just the shoe for street or house wear. Sale price, **\$1.69** only.

FELT SHOES, OVERSHOES AND RUBBERS, ALL REDUCED IN PRICE.

| | | | |
|--|-----|---|-----|
| Ladies' 75c Storm Alaskas for | 59c | Ladies' \$1.35 Leather Sole and Foxed Felt Shoes, for | 98c |
| Ladies' \$1.00 Fine Jersey Buckle Arties for | 69c | Ladies' \$1.25 Fur Trimmed Felt Nullifiers, Red or Blue | 98c |
| Ladies' 75c All-Felt Slippers, or Felt Lined Kid Slippers, for | 49c | Men's \$1.25 first quality fine Jersey Storm Alaskas, for | 79c |

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

During a test with shells loaded with high explosives, a 12-inch gun exploded Thursday at the experimental grounds at Sandy Hook. No one was hurt, but such an accident as occurred was thought possible, and everyone was under cover. The incident in the gun trials was conducted by Commander Green in the county court Thursday and the verdict found in less than five minutes after the jury retired, was a plain statement that the deceased, N. C. Gonzalez, came to his death from a gunshot wound, inflicted by the hands of James H. Tillman, on the 15th of January, 1903.

The Italian who was found stabbed to death in Jackson Park, Chicago, ten days ago, has been identified as Joseph Dugo, by his relatives. On the night of January 12 Dugo left his home at 113 Milton avenue, in search of another house, he having decided to move. That is the last known of him. His body was discovered thirteen days with a stillife, was found in the park.

The Scotch order played a five-rink match Thursday, against Barrie, O'Shaw, White, Churchill and the Ontario Curling association officers, at Toronto, which resulted in a tie, each side scoring 41 shots. The Scotchmen were defeated at night in a five-rink match with the Granite club, by a score of 15 to 25.

President and Mrs. Roosevelt's reception in honor of the football players of the formal evening affair of the place at the White House, was a large attendance, but arrangements for handling the crowd were perfect and every thing passed off without any apparent hitch.

THEORIES ABOUT FOOD.

Also a Few Facts on the Same Subject.

We hear much nowadays about health foods and hygienic living, about vegetarianism and many other fads along the same line.

Restaurants may be found in the larger cities where no meat, pastry or coffee is served and the food cranks in his glory, and arguments and theories galore advanced to prove that meat was never intended for human stomachs, and almost make us believe that our sturdy ancestors who lived four score years in robust health on roast beef, pork and mutton must have been grossly ignorant of the laws of health.

Our forefathers had other things to do than formulate theories about the food they ate. A warm welcome was extended to any kind from bacon to acorns.

A healthy appetite and common sense are excellent guides to follow in matters of diet, and a mixed diet of grains, fruits and meats is undoubtedly the best.

As compared with grains and vegetables, meat furnishes the most nutriment in a highly concentrated form, and is digested and assimilated more quickly than vegetables and grains.

Dr. Julius Remmon on this subject says: "Nervous persons, people run down in health and of low vitality should eat meat and plenty of it. If the digestion is too feeble at first, it may be easily corrected by the regular use of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets after each meal. Two of these excellent, pleasant-tasting tablets will digest several thousand grains of meat, eggs or other animal food in three hours, and no matter how weak the stomach may be, no trouble will be experienced if the regular practice is made of using Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, because they supply the pepsin and diastase necessary to perfect digestion and every form of indigestion will be overcome by their use."

That large class of people who come under the head of nervous dyspeptics should eat plenty of meat and insure its proper digestion by the daily use of a safe, harmless digestive medicine like Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, composed of the natural and powerful pepsin, diastase, fruit acids and salts, which actually perform the work of digestion, and are absolutely no effect upon the actual digestion of food.

Dyspepsia in all its many forms is simply a failure of the stomach to digest food and the sensible way to solve the riddle and cure the dyspepsia is to make daily use at meal time of a preparation like Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, which is endorsed by the medical profession and known to contain active digestive principles.

A LIVELY SEASON

Minnesotans at Washington Enjoying Social Functions.

Governor Merriam Gave a Dinner to the Delegation.

John Boobar Makes His Appearance on the Stage.

Washington, Jan. 23.—Amid one of the gayest and liveliest social seasons Washington has known for many years, the Minnesota colony at the national capital is enjoying a goodly share of entertainments.

Governor William R. Merriam, director of the census, entertained the dinner on Tuesday evening, the Minnesota delegation, and a few other guests prominent in official life.

Mrs. Frank M. Eddy, wife of the retiring congressman from the old Seventh district, has been giving a series of receptions to the delegation, which is a delightful "at home" on Monday afternoon, which was attended by all Minnesota senators and every member of the state delegation, as well as a large contingent of resident Minnesotans.

Congressman Loren Fletcher and his niece, Miss Susanne, entertained Judge Advocate General Lemly and Mrs. Lemly, Captain and Mrs. Weaver, old friends from Duluth, at lunch in the senate cafe Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. Joel P. Hewitt and her daughter, Miss Archibald, are at home one day each week at the Gratiot hotel, on Connecticut avenue. Senator and Mrs. Nelson and their daughter, Miss Ida, are "at home" every Monday afternoon, which is Capitol Hill during the season. One evening last week Senator and Mrs. Nelson gave a dinner in honor of Congressman and Mrs. Eddy.

Two of the most charming young ladies in Washington society are the Misses Page and Mary Morris, daughters of Page Morris, who is serving his final term in congress. Judge Morris and family are very popular with the Washingtonians, the judge having been born and reared nearby, in Virginia.

Congressman and Mrs. F. C. Stevens are often seen at the afternoon and evening functions in the congressional circle. Mrs. Stevens and Mrs. Vesperian Warner, wife of Representative Warner, are also popular with the other congressmen and ladies at the Capitol on Thursday.

Senator Moses E. Clapp is a social favorite, although he strenuously avoids the gay world, preferring a quiet evening in his cozy study at the Capitol. In this respect Gen. Clapp reminds one of his predecessor, Cushman K. Davis. Nothing so delightful Senator Davis as to have a few of his friends come to his house for a quiet evening. It is observed that Senator Clapp is one of the most frequently invited guests at the White House, both at dinners given by the president, and the functions under the more direct attention of Mrs. Roosevelt.

Mayor Frank M. Kraska gave two theatrical parties this week. At the new National theater Senators Nelson and Clapp, Representative Stevens and Col. F. J. Carmody, of the governor's staff, witnessed the "Sisters of Charity" and "The Beast" on Wednesday evening from a party to see Francis Wilson in "The Tormentor."

John Johnston Boobar, of Minnesota, made his initial appearance before a critical Washington audience on Tuesday afternoon at 415.

Boobar scored a success in an eccentric monologue. The performance was in the nature of a special vaudeville entertainment for the benefit of St. Catherine's Home for Self-Supporting Women, which is endorsed by the medical profession and known to contain active digestive principles.

For Sale.

EIGHT CARY SAFES.
Purchasing Agent
Duluth, Missabe & Northern Ry. Co.

SUSTAINED

Are Charges of Attempt to Bribe Representative Lessler.

Washington, Jan. 23.—"Every one of the allegations made by Representative Lessler, of New York, before the house committee on naval affairs to the effect that he had been offered money to vote for the Holland torpedo boat proposition before the committee has been amply sustained by reliable evidence," said a statement by a member of the sub-committee of the committee of investigation are kept secret.

"There is no doubt that the disclosures made will result in a thorough investigation of the whole submarine boat business," continued this member of the committee. "In any opinion, it will kill all future legislation for submarine boats. The investigation will reach some of the great newspapers of the country, the owners of which are said to have some of the \$7,000,000 of stock which has been issued by the Holland company."

"This stock was presented gratuitously, the only consideration being favorable news and editorial matter in the columns of the papers."

In a further statement before the committee, Mr. Lessler mentioned the names of ex-Representative Lemuel Eli Quize, of New York, and John McCullagh, superintendent of elections of New York, in connection with what he termed the efforts to intimidate him to vote for a proposition to purchase submarine boats of the Holland type.

The name of the man who Mr. Lessler said offered him the bribe of \$5000 through his secretary, to vote for the purchase of the boats, the members of the committee decline to divulge.

LORD WOLSELEY Preparing a Book on Napoleon's Oriental Campaign.

London, Jan. 23.—Lord Wolseley's Mediterranean journey has brought him to Naples, where he has formed an interesting plan for literary work. He intends to visit the scenes of Napoleon's ill-starred Oriental campaign and obtain local color for a military article, possibly a book.

As he is traveling by private yacht, he probably will follow Napoleon's track to Malta and sail thence to Alexandria. He will visit Napoleon's battlefields at Chelres and Embelbeh from Cairo and subsequently to the Nile, making the journey from El Arish to Gaza and Jaffa, trying at Acre.

He will visit the plain of Esdrone, the famous Hebraic battlefield, where Napoleon won a victory after the disastrous siege of Acre. Wolseley is full of plans for literary work and in excellent spirits. His memoirs are hardly more than half finished.

THE LAKE CARRIERS

Vote to Reorganize and Incorporate a New Association.

Intentions of the Steel Trust Not Made Public.

New Association Will Be Organized For Mutual Benefit.

Detroit, Jan. 23.—Without a dissenting vote the plan for the reorganization and incorporation of the Lake Carriers' association was adopted at the convention yesterday. The plan decided upon by the reorganization committee was presented to the convention yesterday morning and finally adopted late yesterday afternoon, after two long executive sessions. Just before adjournment of the morning session, at 1 o'clock, an informal vote was taken on the incorporation proposition. Not a vote was registered against it. Capt. Dennis Sullivan, of Chicago, who is the representative of the steel trust fleet in that city, and who is the only representative of that fleet present, suggested, however, that when the final vote was taken it be on a basis of tonnage. Later he withdrew the request. When the vote was taken on the adoption of the articles of reorganization and incorporation, at the afternoon session, Capt. Sullivan did not vote, it is said, although when he came to the "noon" session, when the steel trust fleet was made he was silent. It is said that the management of the Steel trust fleet has signified its intention as to future membership in the lake carriers' reorganization committee, but none of the members would discuss the matter.

The Lake Carriers' association will be organized under the laws of West Virginia, with a capital stock of \$20,000, and the articles will be filed as soon as possible. Members will be entitled to one share of stock for every 100 net tons they have enrolled in the association. The stock will be valued at \$1 per share. The headquarters of the association will be located at Detroit, and the agreement to incorporate says that the object and purposes of the incorporation are:

"To establish and maintain shipping offices for the convenient securing of tonnage for vessels on the great lakes, to establish and maintain and procure the establishment and maintenance of the navigation, to improve and secure the improvement of channels, locks, wharves, loading and unloading and terminal facilities; to establish and maintain, by contract or otherwise, such amicable relations between employers and employees as will avoid the public injury that would result from lockouts or strikes in the lake carrying service; to provide, when necessary, for the prompt and amicable adjustment of matters affecting shipping, to carry out the letter and spirit of the great lakes, and the connecting and tributary waters, and to lease, purchase, sell, lease, real or personal property as may be necessary or convenient in carrying out the foregoing purposes."

The annual meetings of the stockholders will be held the second Thursday of January in each year, and at that time a board of twenty directors will be elected, who will manage the business of the association.

The board of directors will elect the president and vice president of the association to serve one year.

The bylaws also provide that all contracts made by the board of directors shall be terminable in one year.

The bylaws also provide that all contracts made by the board of directors shall be terminable in one year.

Treaty With Colombia For Panama Canal Is Executed.

Washington, Jan. 23.—The treaty between the United States and Colombia for the construction of the Panama canal by the United States, was signed yesterday in this city.

No details of the signing of the treaty were obtainable, but at the public reception at the White House last night the news that the signing of the treaty between the two countries had become an accomplished fact became known and was later authoritatively made known on inquiry.

The signing of the treaty was kept after the long delay and suspense, and it transpired, as stated, at the presidential reception. Fearful that the members of the union did not want to interfere with the banquet plans, as it would cause dissensions. Others insisted, however, and now the union is on the verge of disruption.

CHICAGO UNIVERSITY Will Have a New Million-Dollar Library.

Chicago, Jan. 23.—A plan for the arrangement and connection of a new \$1,000,000 general library and six new buildings at the Midway has been adopted by the trustees of the university of Chicago, although no gift for the necessary \$2,500,000 have been offered, and notwithstanding the fact that John D. Rockefeller has not given the university much money for building purposes, most of it having come from Chicago citizens.

The scheme adopted provides for a completion of the general library and departmental library schemes. In this respect it is altogether new as a library building feature.

The general library, to have space for 1,500,000 volumes, is to be the central building of the group, the most conspicuous structure facing on the entire north side of the Midway, how owned by the university.

FOUGHT A DUEL.

Principals Escaped, But Two Children Were Shot.

New York, Jan. 23.—Two unknown men fought a duel in sight of Oak street police station in this city, last night, but both being badly shot escaped unscathed. There were two victims of their bullets, however, a boy and a girl. The boy, Willie Laughlin, was shot in the body and perhaps fatally wounded. The girl, 14 years old, received a wound in the leg. After emptying their revolvers the men escaped.

West End Bargain Guide.

The following dealers are leaders in their respective lines, selling only the best merchandise at prices often lower than the up-town stores.

| Department Store. | Hardware, Furniture and Dishes. |
|---|---|
| Johnson & Moe, 2102-8 W. Superior st. | R. R. Forward & Co., 21st Avenue W. |
| Jewelry and Watchmaking. | Hardware and Stoves. |
| T. A. Pinto, 2044 W. Superior street. | O. B. Johnson & Co., 1918 W. Sup. st. |
| M. N. Berg, 2003 W. Superior street. | C. E. Benson, 2023 W. Superior street. |
| Painting and Paper Hanging. | Hardware and Tinshop. |
| T. H. Hedeen, 2013 W. First street. | Leonard's Hdw. Store, 1910 W. Sup. st. |
| Paints and Wall Paper. | Boots and Shoes. |
| A. Andren, 1827 W. Superior street. | Home Trade Shoe Store, 2013 W. Sup. st. |
| Boys' Clothing, Shoes, Furnishings. | Druggists. |
| Chas. Mork & Co., 1930 W. Superior st. | Lion Drug Store, 2002 W. Superior st. |
| Clothing, Shoes and Furnishings. | Dry Goods, Notions and Furnishings. |
| S. W. Hill, 1926 W. Superior street. | The Economy Store, 1534 W. Sup. st. |
| Groceries and Provisions. | Photographs. |
| O. Dahlsten & Co., 1926 W. Superior st. | The Thompson Studio, 2005 W. Sup. st. |
| Teas and Coffees. | Installment Goods. |
| Sundby Tea Co., 1825 W. Superior st. | J. P. Crotty & Co., 1722 W. Sup. st. |
| Minnesota Tea Co., 1906 W. Sup. st. | Crocery and Housefurnishings. |
| | N. O. Nelson & Co., 2017-19 W. Sup. st. |

Last Week of the Big Sale of

PIANOS

Our Pre-Inventory Sale Closes Jan. 31, 1903.

DULUTH MUSIC CO

We will sell all remaining second-hand pianos and organs, all sample pianos, all returned-from-rental pianos, all pianos taken in exchange, and all our remaining 1902 styles in both

PIANOS AND ORGANS AT 50 Per Cent Discount

Our terms are such that every house can enjoy the pleasures of an instrument. For instance, \$3.00 down and \$2.00 monthly on square pianos and organs; \$10.00 down and \$5.00 monthly on new pianos.

YOUR LAST CHANCE To Secure One of These Genuine Bargains.

Duluth Music Co.

The Largest Dealers of Pianos and Organs in the Northwest.
Lake Ave. and Superior St. F. H. Guthrie, Mgr.

It contains no opium or other harmful substance and may be given to a baby as confidently as to an adult.

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The New Town of Pittsburg

is the first town to be located on the new Railroad now in course of construction between Virginia, Minn., and the boundary line, that is opening up one of the best portions of Northern Minnesota.

Pittsburg is favored with many natural advantages and will be a prominent center for lumbering, manufacturing, iron mining, farming, ties, poles, pulpwood, etc. Pittsburg has a billion feet of virgin pine tributary to it. Logging contracts have been let that insure employment to a large number of men for years to come. It has a saw mill, with others to follow. It is at the head of the Little Fork Valley, one of the most popular farming districts in Minnesota. It has untold quantities of ties, poles and pulpwood timber tributary to it, that will find a ready market.

Present indications promise several iron mines tributary to it. It is located at Rice Lake, a beautiful sheet of water, containing valuable manufacturing and mill sights.

Plans are being made to erect a hotel, several stores, saloons and a bank.

Pittsburg has the location and resources to make it a town of 2500 inhabitants within one year.

The first installment of lots have been placed on the market—buy now at ground floor prices. Buy now while they are cheap. Only a limited number will be sold at present prices.

For particulars, plats, maps and prices apply to the

Pittsburg Township and Development Co.,

613 Board of Trade Building, Duluth, Minn., or to any of the company agents.

Application blanks can also be had at any of the Range-town Banks, the First National Bank of Two Harbors, Lumbermen's Bank of Grand Rapids, St. Louis County Bank, West End, Duluth, and E. A. Le Clair, Agent, 1809 Winter Street, West Superior, Wisconsin.

All checks, drafts and remittances must be made payable to Walter N. Richards, Cashier Commercial Bank, Duluth, Minn.

DEADLOCK AT DENVER

Remains in Practically the Same Position as Before.

Joint Session Held at Noon But Quorum Lacking.

Armed Guard at Representatives Hall Has Been Increased.

Denver, Jan. 23.—W. H. Kelly, Democratic member of the house, who disappeared just before the convening of the quorum and prevented the re-election of Senator Henry M. Teller, returned to his lodging this morning. His wife said he could not be seen, as he was sleeping, but that he would attend the joint session today. Kelly is editor of the *Managers Times*.

The Democratic members of legislature will continue their efforts to elect a senator, but a quorum can only be mustered by securing the attendance of every Democratic member of both houses.

The armed guard under Rough Rider Sherman Bell, which is holding the hall of representatives, and will resist any attempt of the supporters of Wolcott, Republican candidate for senator, or of the Democrats to take possession has been increased from thirty to fifty men. Nobody is permitted to pass the doors, members even being excluded.

Pursuant to adjournment on Wednesday, the house will meet at 2 o'clock this afternoon. So far as known the anti-Wolcott Republicans in the house have not yet determined which, if either, the senate organizations they will recognize.

The joint session of Democratic members which took a recess late last night, reassembled at 10:30 o'clock this morning. Representative Madden and Senator Bailey were the only absentees. It was announced that Senator Bailey was ill, but would report later.

The sergeant-at-arms was sent for Madden. Representative Kelly explained his absence yesterday by saying he did not know a session was being held, having supposed that adjournment was taken Wednesday until Friday. He was about town all day, he said, but did not hear until evening that a session was in the capital and then he determined not to go there until morning. The joint session adjourned Thursday's session at 11:30 and reconvened at noon. At 1:30 p. m. the joint session took a recess until 4 o'clock without reaching a ballot. Madden being still absent.

LORD MAYOR OF DUBLIN. Dublin, Jan. 23.—Timothy Harrington, M. P., was today re-elected lord mayor of Dublin for the third successive time. How King Edward should be received by the corporation of Dublin in the event of a royal visit to this city, was one of the issues. Mr. Harrington opposed a reception of the king

RAILROADS

Stealing Cars Now Brings Boycott Upon the Culprits.

The car famine in Chicago and vicinity has reached a stage where the appropriation of cars sent loaded to elevators for Eastern shipments from the northwestern points to confer regarding a refusal to do business with the culprits at all. General Freight Agent William Campbell of the Eastern Illinois road, who suffered from want of cars through the shipping of several East by an elevator company, posted a public notice yesterday that wherever these appropriations were made, no more cars would be sent. The elevators affected are the Merritt, McKeenleys and Ironstone elevators.

No Result Yet.

Members of the committee who went to St. Paul for the railway trainmen from Western points to confer regarding a wage increase, have gone home, with the exception of chairman and secretary, to save expenses. Communication, however, is kept up, and the committee members will hurry back if the situation becomes critical. The telegraphers of the Great Northern, who are suing for concessions in hours and wages, are holding conferences, with no results as yet.

Position Abolished.

Another Northern Pacific office has been abolished, that of auditor, P. M. Martin, formerly auditor, has been appointed controller of the subordinate roads, and the office he formerly held goes out of existence with his leaving it. It is rumored that the position of auditor of disbursements will be received. It went out of existence with the death of A. G. Morton two years ago.

CJL. SOWTON SPEAKS.

Tells of Salvation Army Work in Foreign Lands.

A large audience listened to Charles Sowton, colonel in the Salvation Army, last evening, at the First Swedish Baptist church. He gave a vivid and interesting account of his five years of experience in the Scandinavian countries. Many exciting incidents were related by the speaker, telling how the army at its first entrance to those lands was persecuted and its officers put in jail occasionally because their meetings continued after 9 o'clock in the evening. Especially were the priests of the state church and police authorities hard against the army. As time has passed, the work of the army has been better understood in the Scandinavian countries and has succeeded wonderfully. King Oscar of Sweden has often showed his appreciation of the army work in his land, and has donated considerable sums of money toward it.

Sowton introduced the new local officers of the Swedish corps here, Capt. Sundberg and Lieut. Dratt, each making a short speech. Capt. Richard Gould, who has been the successful leader of the corps for a half year, left today for another field of work in the army.

BRIEF CITY NEWS

Parlor theater—Merry vaudeville. F. G. German, architect, has reopened offices at No. 18 Phoenix block. Even the bowery got too much rock and rye last night. Henry Lacey took and May Ray did things that went to the head of bowery inappropriately and made things generally very dizzy. They were arrested and this afternoon they were requested to make an explanation in police court. Parlor theater—Tonight iron fun. Wanted to rent, by May (fray), a desirable house in the East End. G. A. French, Capt. Andrew Clauson has been the place of Capt. Hawkes on the steamer Don Amel. Richard Hannan, who was arrested at Hibbing a few days ago, on the charge of having stolen a car, was released from that place so seriously that he died soon afterward. This morning he passed from St. Louis county jail, on a \$500 bond, furnished by his friends at Hibbing. Hannan's case will come before the next grand jury.

Charles S. Shea, a contractor of Duluth has filed a petition in bankruptcy. His liabilities are \$28,420.70 with no assets. Among his principal creditors are, the Eau Claire National bank, \$10,000; Taber Lumber company, Keokuk, Iowa, \$12,375.32 and the New Richmond Roller Mill company, \$552.25.

PURELY PERSONAL

H. F. Michael of the New Store was called to St. Louis, Mo., today by the serious illness of his sister.

J. P. Jerome, of St. Paul, colored Uniform Rank K. O. T. M. is in the city on a tour of inspection.

H. W. Edwards, vice president and general manager, of the Gately Supply company, left for Chicago this week, where he will meet with the managers of the several Gately stores, to buy their spring and summer stock of goods. They will visit the eastern markets and will be gone about four weeks.

R. F. Fitzgerald returned yesterday from a three weeks visit in the Eastern leather market.

C. C. Carpenter, northwestern passenger agent of the Santa Fe road, is in Duluth today looking over prospects for the summer business. A. G. Spearman, northwestern passenger agent of the Nickel Plate line is also in the city for the same purpose. They both have agencies at Minneapolis.

Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Jones, of Grand Marais, are in the city.

John A. Heffron, of 2412 West Third street, has gone to Warren, Ark., where he will be with a lumber company.

W. C. Brown left this afternoon over the Duluth South Shore & Atlantic for Marquette.

C. C. Carpenter, northwestern passenger agent of the Santa Fe route, is in the city.

C. R. Lomenager, general freight agent of Duluth, is in the city.

W. W. Nicholson, recently appointed traveling passenger agent of the Minneapolis and St. Louis railroad, is in the city.

Ensign, traveling freight agent of the Burlington, is in the city.

WRECKAGE

From the Steamer Celtic Found on Boom Point.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Jan. 23.—Wreckage from the steamer Celtic, which was lost during a fierce gale on Lake Huron, Nov. 23, has been found on Boom point, the extreme southeast end of Cockburn Island.

The Celtic broke away from the steamer Rumsel during the storm and nothing has ever been heard from the crew. Part of the wreckage is a yawl with two oars in the thole pins showing that the crew must have taken to the yawl. The captain's desk with the ship's papers were also washed up.

ADVERTISER

Supposed to Live Up to Advertisement, Says Supreme Court.

St. Paul, Jan. 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—The supreme court says a man is supposed to live up to his advertisement. In the case of M. C. Retner against the Minnesota Cold Storage company, a verdict of \$30.25 against the defendant company, given in Judge Brill's court, was today sustained by the state supreme court. Justice Collins writing the opinion. The plaintiff sued to recover on a lot of celery stored in defendant's plant, which was spoiled by too high temperature. Defendant claimed to be not liable, as the celery was suffering from the effects of temperature. The court holds that plaintiff had a right to rely on an advertisement of defendant guaranteeing "uniform and even temperature." The court further held that plaintiff, in notifying defendant that the temperature was too high, was not guilty of contributory negligence in leaving the goods with the defendant after such notification.

WAS DOPED.

Jersey City Merchant Returns Home In Dazed Condition.

New York, Jan. 23.—Louis Dreyer, a wealthy Jersey City produce merchant who disappeared mysteriously from his home Monday morning, has returned in a dazed condition. A physician stated that Dreyer was suffering from the effects of knock-out drops and refused to permit his wife to see him until he had entirely recovered.

When Dreyer disappeared he had in his possession \$400 in bills and bonds valued at \$500. He did not have either the money or the bonds when he returned.

CROWN PRINCE TO RULE. Stockholm, Jan. 23.—King Oscar has decided to temporarily intrust the government of the country to the crown prince, Gustaf, who will take over the regency this week.

WOMAN MURDERED. Chicago, Jan. 23.—The body of Stella Wright was found lying in the rear of a flat on South State street today, badly

mailed. The woman was housekeeper for Frank Lewis, a teamster, and is supposed to have been murdered.

CABINET

Held a Two Hours' Session Discussing Various Matters.

Washington, Jan. 23.—The cabinet met today for nearly two hours. All of the members of the cabinet were present. Secretary Hay presented the draft of the Panama canal treaty which was signed last evening, his associates expressing satisfaction with the results achieved in the negotiations. The Venezuelan situation was discussed, but so far as could be ascertained, no conclusions were reached, beyond a continuation of this government's policy of "sitting tight."

Secretary Moody has not recovered fully from his recent accident and at the suggestion of the president will leave tomorrow for Old Point Comfort, Va. President Roosevelt and party will leave for Canton next Monday night to attend the McKinley birthday banquet, returning to Washington on Wednesday afternoon.

CONGRESS.

Senator Quay Still Holds Senate With Statehood Bill.

Washington, Jan. 23.—Upon the conclusion of morning business in the senate today Mr. Fairbanks referred to his notice of yesterday that he would call up the immigration bill today, and said that he understood it would be agreeable to Mr. Quay.

Mr. Quay explained his position in the matter by saying that he consented to the arrangement, believing there would be no debate upon the bill, but he had been informed that senators desired to discuss the bill and he felt bound to object.

Mr. Fairbanks temporarily withdrew his request for consideration of the bill, on a suggestion of Mr. Quay that later in the day some arrangement might be made with the view of taking it up.

The statehood bill was then taken up.

IN THE HOUSE. Washington, Jan. 23.—This was pension day in the house. Mr. Loud (Cal.) reported the postoffice appropriation bill. The house then went into committee of the whole and took up the consideration of private pension bills.

DIED OF BURNS. Milwaukee, Jan. 23.—An Evening Wisconsin special from Antigo, Wis., today, says that Kate and her youngest child, of Elcho, near here, are dead from the effects of burns sustained while rescuing from their home which was burned to the ground last night. A young child escaped with only a few burns.

INCITED TO LONDON. London, Jan. 23.—Westminster chapel, one of the best known churches in London, has decided to invite the Rev. Samuel George Smith, of St. Paul, Minn., to fill the pulpit.

NO CHANGE IN DELAWARE. Dover, Del., Jan. 23.—The third ballot for United States senator resulted

as follows: Long term—Addicks, 21; Dupont, 10; Kenney, 21. Short term—Addicks, 19; Higgins, 12; Salisbury, 21. No election. Adjourned until tomorrow noon.

LAKE CARRIERS

Complete Their Routine Business and Adjourn.

Detroit, Jan. 23.—The Lake Carriers' association met this morning and after closing up the routine business adjourned. The reorganization committee went into executive session at noon to perfect the incorporation plans. It is understood that Harvey D. Goulder will go to West Virginia, and incorporate the association in about two weeks and that a meeting of the stockholders will then be called at once to elect officers, etc.

DIDN'T MAKE FIREWATER.

Old Hunter Fooled Band of Indians.

Uncle Johnnie Neupert, by the way is one of the oldest pioneers of Montana now living. He has been here since the early fifties, having come out as an employee of the North American Fur Trading company, says the *Anaconda Standard*.

As would naturally be expected, he was a man of a great deal of push and courage and these qualities often led him into compromising positions with the Indians when they were wild and dangerous.

At one time he was captured by a large band of Crows and they decided that they would make the best possible use of their prisoner by compelling him to teach them how to make fire water.

Otherwise he would have to undergo torture and death. If, however, he would demonstrate to the red men how it was done they would be willing to give him a bunch of ponies, immunity from Indian depredations in the future and his pick of the pretty squaws. In fact if he would teach them the art he could remain as king and rule with autocratic sway.

Uncle Johnnie had no hankering to become a king nor did he desire to marry a squaw and he had all of the horses he wanted, but as he did not like to have his eyes burned out, his scalp twisted off and his nose slit and other things done to him that Indians did to their captives in those days he promised to comply with their request to the best of his ability. The interpreter told him that the chief and medicine men were holding a council and that his presence was desired, so Mr. Neupert was brought before the council.

"You tell us how to make the fire water," the chief says, "suggested the interpreter."

"But I never made any," answered the prisoner.

"You white man though, and if you tell us, the chief he say he give you squaw and horses and that the Indians never come and steal from you any more."

"The chief he say if you no tell us, he will kill you same he kill white men some time."

It occurred to Uncle Johnnie that it was up to him to say or do something to relieve the strained situation. His mind thought quickly.

"Well, of course, it is the white man's great secret, and he does not want the red man to learn how it is done. But I will tell you even if the white men kill me for giving the secret to the Indians."

"In the first place," continued Uncle Johnnie, "I must have a great kettle so big," and he made a sweep with his arm.

"That I must have lots of corn and

barley and rye. Bring these to me in the tepee and I will show you."

When this speech was interpreted to the chief he looked puzzled for an instant and then gravely rising he went to the opening of the lodge and placing his hand to his mouth gave a peculiar sort of a halloo, vibrating the call by patting his mouth with his hand. Instantly a half hundred squaws appeared, as though they had risen out of the ground and came running to him. He said something to them in Indian and they disappeared, only to appear again with buckets and kettles and pans and skillets, and in fact, receptacles of all kinds. These were placed in front of Neupert in the most triumphant manner, and then they went away they returned with all of the flour and grain and rice and such things that the camp contained, which was not a great deal.

"Now," said the chief, "let us make the fire water."

Uncle Johnnie spread his hands in impotence and told the interpreter that he did not need so many things, but that he required one great large one; one as high as the chief and as wide as half way across the tepee.

"I will tell you what to do. Send your next war party for a kettle of this kind and when they bring it to you can make your own spirits, for I will tell you how it is done. If you will let me I will go home I will get one for you if I can on the condition that you give me the horses that you own, and I will also send some corn if I can get it."

He then explained all that he knew about distilling alcohol and he was given safe conduct to Fort Benton. It may be that the Indians are still waiting for the kettle and the corn. At any rate Uncle Johnnie has not sent them anything of the kind.

Advertising is the only salesman you can employ that will keep everlastingly at it all the time.

BIRTHS.

OSBORNE—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. W. J. K. Osborne, of Easter Park.

DEATHS.

FORSYTHE—Oscar Forsythe, son of Dr. and Mrs. J. G. Forsythe, of London road, died of scarlet fever yesterday morning at Two Harbors. He had been ill less than one week and his many friends here did not even know of his sickness until they heard of his death. Mr. Forsythe was twenty-two years of age. The funeral service occurred this morning. The interment was in Forest Hill cemetery.

LA DUC—Levi LaDuc, who was severely injured falling between cars in the Northern Pacific yards last week, died this morning at St. Mary's hospital. A wife and three children survive him. The funeral arrangements will be announced later.

CANDL—Alexander Candl, an old resident of West Duluth, died suddenly this afternoon as he was being taken from his home on Sixty-third avenue West to the Red Cross hospital. He was 63 years of age.

Undertaking and Embalming
Lester Back & Undertaking Goods in the Northwest
P. J. Hackett, 213 East Fourth St. In Ave W and U S 5th Ave W. Robt. Peters.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

FOR RENT—HOUSE—FIFTEENTH avenue east and Fourth street. Apply P. J. Hackett, 213 East Fourth St. In Ave W and U S 5th Ave W. Robt. Peters.

FOR RENT—1104 EAST FOURTH street. Apply Charles A. Stark, Exchange building.

WANTED—ERRAND BOY. 21 SECOND avenue west.

BRITISH MAY RETALIATE AGAINST CUBAN TREATY

A Strong Protest Is Made to the Measure.

Would Result Disastrously to the Colonies.

London, Jan. 24.—The reciprocity treaty between Cuba and the United States threatens to raise one of the most serious differences of opinion between Great Britain and the United States that has occurred for years. So much importance is attached to the matter that a meeting of the cabinet is being specially summoned to see what action can be taken. There is, of course, no alarmist feeling as to any possible straining of diplomatic relations, but Great Britain's entire commerce with Cuba is believed to be vitally concerned. The matter came to a head through the deputation from the chamber of commerce of the United Kingdom, which waited upon Foreign Secretary Lansdowne yesterday. It included several members of parliament and representatives of the most powerful business interests from all the British industrial centers. Referring to the advantages which the government had gained by securing the abolition of the sugar bounties would be sacrificed if the Cuban reciprocity treaty became operative.

Lord Lansdowne said he thoroughly realized the gravity of the situation and proceeded to read dispatches showing that Ambassador Herbert had forcefully represented the British objections to the treaty, pointing out that it was to all intents and purposes a discrimination against all the British possessions in the West Indies. Secretary Hay's reply maintained that the United States was doing no more than it had the right to do and intimated that it had no intention of modifying the Cuban treaty.

A VERDICT RENDERED

Court Has Submitted a Decision In the Glenn Case.

It Is Believed to Be an Acquittal of Prisoner.

Details of Finding Have Not Yet Been An- nounced.

Manila, Jan. 24.—The arguments in the trial by court-martial of Maj. Edwin F. Glenn, of the Fifth infantry, charged with unlawfully killing prisoners of war, were heard today and the court submitted a verdict which was believed to be an acquittal, although the finding was not announced.

BLOCKADE CONTINUES

Castro's Proposal to Raise It Cannot Be Con- sidered.

To Pursue Coercive Action. Until Guarantee Is Forthcoming.

The Allied Powers Have Arrived at This Decision.

London, Jan. 24.—It was learned today by a representative of the Associated Press that Great Britain, Germany and Italy have agreed that the blockade of Venezuela be immediately raised, cannot be entertained and that coercive action must continue until a proper guarantee is forthcoming. The foreign offices hold that any other course would entail a failure of the attempts to bring about a settlement by diplomacy at Washington.

ATTEMPT AT BRIBERY MADE PLAIN TO THE COMMITTEE



REPRESENTATIVE LESSLER.

Quigg Stated Plainly There Was \$5000 For Lessler.

Provided He Gave His Support to Sub- marine Bill.

Go-Between Dublin Tells Story of the In- terview.

Washington, Jan. 24.—The House committee on naval affairs today resumed the investigation of the charges made by Representative Lessler that he had been approached with an offer of money for his vote.

Philip Doblin was the first witness called. He was interrogated by Representative Taylor for the committee. He said he had no employment at present, but was employed by the Republican committee during the campaign of 1902 and attended to the distribution of literature and that he also was a deputy in the office of the superintendent of elections. He said he did not want to be called to aid in the election of Mr. Lessler, whom he had known since 1894.

Answering Mr. Taylor he said he had been in politics for twelve years.

"I stood ready to serve Mr. Lessler in any way I could," he said when asked as to his relations with Mr. Lessler, whose office he made his headquarters.

Mr. Doblin said he had known Mr. Quigg since 1896.

"Did you have a talk with Mr. Quigg relative to Holland submarine boats?"

"Yes, sir."

"When was that?"

"Somewhere between Dec. 10 and 15."

"Where?"

"I received a telephone message asking me to come to 10th Broadway."

He said he went to Mr. Quigg's office. He had only seen Mr. Quigg once since that time, but went up to that time. He went to Mr. Quigg's office, he continued and went out to luncheon with him.

"Mr. Quigg wanted to know how Mr. Lessler and I were," he said, "and I told him I thought Mr. Lessler and I were quite intimate."

He said they talked over the bill to build submarine boats. Mr. Quigg, he added, was trying to get Mr. Lessler favorably disposed toward the bill.

Answering Representative Roberts, Mr. Doblin said that Mr. McCullagh had never asked him to see Mr. Lessler in regard to submarine boats.

Replying to Mr. Wheeler, he said he could not fix definitely the date of his interview with Mr. Lessler.

In explaining why he made a statement before the sub-committee, he said he supposed he was obliged to do so, and he believed what he said was to be held in confidence by the committee. He said he understood that the members to have stated at that time that he must tell what he knew, and added:

"You might as well have pulled a gun and said 'Hands up.'"

Attorney Delaney Nicol cross-examined Mr. Doblin. He directed inquiries to the witness as to whether he knew he was doing an unlawful act in submitting the proposition to Mr. Lessler, which he testified he did.

Mr. Doblin said he had not read the law on the subject, and in answer to whether he thought he was doing a friendly act he said he only wanted one friend to help another.

Mr. Doblin then detailed the further connection he said he had with Mr. Quigg. He said:

MINE WORKERS CLASH

Socialistic and Conservative Factions Fail to Agree on Resolution Favoring Public Ownership of Railroads and Coal Mines.

Indianapolis, Jan. 24.—Another clash between the socialistic and conservative factions opened the United Mine Workers' convention today. A resolution from Guyton, Kan., favored public ownership of railroads and the coal mines. The committee on resolutions brought in a counter-resolution setting forth the inability of railroads to move the coal from the mines, and recommended that the convention be not committed on "get coal" movements.

There was a resolution to print the scale of wages in Hungarian, the Slav and other languages, and that the ritual of the mine be by-laws are published in several languages now. These resolutions were referred to the executive committee.

A resolution was passed favoring the establishment of co-operative stores by miners absolutely free of any connection with the organization.

A resolution presented by District No. 19, covering parts of Kentucky and Tennessee, called attention to the industrial development of that country to the fact that the 20,000 miners in organized, and asked that great effort be put forth in that district during the coming year. The resolution was carried.

L. P. Talmadge, of Iowa, presented a resolution favoring committing the committee to socialism. It was promptly voted down by an overwhelming vote.

A resolution favoring raising a heavy reserve fund for strikes was given to the committee on special defense fund, which will be announced Monday morning.

There was a resolution favoring an exchange of union flag and coal miners' membership certificates. It was referred to a committee.

NO FORTUNE FOR THE TYSONS

New York, Jan. 24.—Hopes of American Tysons for a share in an estate of \$100,000 left by James Tyson, an Australian miner, have been dissipated as the result of a thorough investigation.

J. Wesley Allison, of Philadelphia, who married a Miss Tyson, retained capable lawyers to investigate the matter and obtained documentary evidence showing that none of the Tysons in this country or England need expect any of the James Tyson property in Australia, as it was given to his heirs there shortly after his death in 1896.

Scores of persons in various parts of the country have at various times endeavored to establish their rights to the fortune.

CHAINED CHILD IN A CHAIR

Binghamton, N. Y., Jan. 24.—Mr. and Mrs. Frank Cronk, who came to Alexander Hill four years ago from McHenry, Ill., are under arrest for cruelty to their three children. The youngest died Thursday. Officer Wheaton found one child 3 years old chained in a chair and starved until it weighed only twenty pounds. It had been in the chair all its life. The condition of the other two children was pitiable. A fourth child died several weeks ago. The 3-year-old prisoner died after being released.

ARE GUILTY OF CONSPIRACY

Chicago, Jan. 24.—Four of the six brass maulers on trial for conspiracy to injure non-union men during the labor troubles of 1902, were found guilty. They are: Jacob C. Johnson, W. H. Mangum, both of whom were sentenced to pay a fine of \$1250. Gus Hoppe and Thomas Christie were fined \$750 each.

A WRECK ON UNION PACIFIC

Omaha, Neb., Jan. 24.—Union Pacific passenger train No. 3, west bound, which left Omaha at 4 o'clock yesterday, ran into an ice train at Galtburg, Neb., at midnight, and both trains were badly wrecked. Fireman P. L. Dolson, of the passenger train, was killed, and his father, W. L. Dolson, of North Platte, who also was riding on the train, was slightly injured. The other members of the engine crews saved themselves by jumping. None of the passengers were seriously hurt. The cause of the wreck is not known.

GERMANS AGGRIEVED

To Think That United States Should Criticise Bombardment of Fort San Carlos After War- ship Was Fired Upon First.

Berlin, Jan. 24.—The foreign representatives in conversation today with the correspondent of the Associated Press referred to aggrieved tones to the American press comments upon the bombardment of Fort San Carlos. One official said:

"The few of Commodore Scherer's report, Germany has a just right to feel indignant at the fact that a portion of the American press is aroused over the false statements of what occurred at San Carlos, without awaiting the facts in the case, and thereupon attacking a friendly power. The Panther's action, the official report shows, was strictly within the limits of international law. She was proceeding just the fort to enter the lagoon of Maracaibo, in order to prevent the importation of contraband articles from Colombia, and in doing so was fired upon. The Panther, of course, answered the fire, as she was entitled to do. The attack was not made by us, but by the Venezuelan fort. We were quite unable to see why any neutral power should express disapproval because the Panther replied, and we raised just as soon as the powers have adequate guarantees in hand that their claims will be met. We don't even ask for the immediate payment of money, but only for guarantees. We cannot raise the blockade, and we cannot, without any form of guarantee."

A BLAST FROM HIRSCH

Jewish Rabbi Says That Sunday School Books Are Worse Than Dime Novels and Their Theology Is Damnable.

Chicago, Jan. 24.—Fervid denunciation of Sunday school books was delivered by Dr. E. G. Hirsch last night in Temple Israel. His subject was "What Shall Children Read?" and in the course of his address he said that most of this church literature for children should be labeled as poison. After telling of the influence of good reading for children, Dr. Hirsch, in referring to Sunday school stories, said:

"There is not a single note in this trash that rings true to the life or character of the child. In these books all sorts of impossibilities are calmly assumed, and God is dragged into them in the role of a brutal and bungling policeman. There are no words in Anglo-Saxon tongue that would adequately characterize their stupidity. The Sunday school books are worse than any dime novel. Their theology is damnable and their morality is below the gutter."

He said that the books were not able to these objections they should be condemned for their literary style, for they contain so much bad grammar and baby talk that they are a cruel infliction on the child.

He said that the books were not able to these objections they should be condemned for their literary style, for they contain so much bad grammar and baby talk that they are a cruel infliction on the child.

BIG PLOT WAS FRUSTRATED

Red Lodge, Mont., Jan. 24.—Officers of Carbon county have evidence in their possession showing that the famous Bridger bank robbery last October was only intended as the first step in one of the biggest plots in the criminal history of Montana.

The statement is made by a high county official that when the cases of the Bridger bank robbers came before the district court, the prosecution will prove that it was intended by the gang, after the successful robbery of the Bridger bank, to assemble twenty men in Western Carbon county and make a raid on Red Lodge and loot the three banks in that city. The plan was frustrated by the capture of the men who are said to have robbed the Bridger bank.

This is the second time a plot has been formed to raid Red Lodge. Last summer officers received word that the Hole-in-the-Wall crowd were on their way to hold up the town. The desperadoes, however, learned that the officers were prepared to receive them and abandoned the plan.

FEARS FOR THE FLORENCE

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 24.—The steamer Mowera brought from Honolulu news that great anxiety is being felt at that port for the ship Florence, which was forty-five days out from Tacoma for Honolulu when the Mowera sailed on Jan. 16, and has not since been reported. She sailed from Puget sound on Dec. 2, during a heavy gale. The steamer D. Carleton preceded the Flo-

OLD DIVORCE.

Decree Issued Twenty- Five Years Ago Made Public.

New York, Jan. 24.—A decree of absolute divorce which Benjamin Loder, Jr., obtained from his wife, Sarah E. Loder, twenty-eight years ago, was filed in the county clerk's office yesterday. The decree was granted by Justice Lawrence in the supreme court on Feb. 18, '78.

The action was one of the fastest referred, was not defended by Mrs. Loder and for the sake of his children her husband refrained from filing the decree, although it became necessary for Mr. Loder to sign some real estate, as a meeting that in order to pass title without Mrs. Loder's signature, it would be necessary to place the decree on file.

WRIGHT WAS WRONG.

Must Pay Damages For Is- suing Prospectus.

London, Jan. 24.—An important test case, that of McConnell against Whiteaker Wright, claiming damages for an alleged fraudulent prospectus issued in connection with the Standard Exploration company, was decided by the appeal court against Mr. Wright. The Standard is one of the London and Globe Finance corporation's undertakings and the present case is the first of very large series of similar actions pending against Mr. Wright.

WILLIAM'S BIRTHDAY

Will Be Observed By Dinner at Windsor.

London, Jan. 24.—The invitation extended by King Edward to the German ambassador here, Count Wolff Metternich, to dine at Windsor castle next Tuesday, Emperor William's birthday, has aroused considerable interest. It is the first time that Emperor William's birthday has been formally observed by the British court, and therefore the king's action has given much satisfaction at Berlin, where it is regarded as emphasizing the friendship between the two countries.

EMERY WHEEL COMBINE.

Worcester, Mass., Jan. 24.—A \$100,000 combine of emery wheel manufacturers, along the lines of the American Steel & Wire company is being formed. Twenty large concerns in different parts of the country have been asked to join the combination. A meeting of the promoters will be held in New York on Jan. 25.

BISHOP WATSON PARALYZED.

Washington, N. C., Jan. 24.—The Rt. Rev. Alfred Augustine Watson, bishop of the Protestant Episcopal diocese of East Carolina, who is 86 years old, has had a stroke of paralysis affecting his right side and arm, at his home. It is said that the bishop is perfectly conscious, but he is not expected to recover.

HOCKEY.

St. Paul Defeated By Port- age Lake Team at Houghton.

Houghton, Mich., Jan. 24.—(Special to The Herald).—St. Paul was defeated by Portage Lake in a hockey game last night before a crowd of 2000 persons. It was one of the fastest contests seen here in years, despite the fact that the game seemed to be slow, judges took the final score, 2 to 2. The team work of the local seven was brilliant, some of the prettiest plays being made by the Portage Lake team. The St. Paul team was light and swift, but no match in team work or weight for heavier opponents. The principal lack of St. Paul was the inability of some of the men to shoot and handle the puck accurately. The forwards showed up much better than the defense men. St. Paul made several desperate attempts to stem the tide of battle, but always unsuccessfully. Armstrong, Cook and Clayton played the best game for the visitors. St. Paul plays again tonight.

NEW RURAL ROUTES

To Be Established In Wright County.

Washington, Jan. 24.—(Special to The Herald).—Rural free delivery routes have been ordered established March 2 in Minnesota as follows:

Annamdale, Wright county—Four routes; area covered, 77 square miles; population to be served, 460.

Cedar, Anoka county—Two routes; area, 35 square miles; population, 464.

Howard Lake, Wright county—Two routes; area, 50 square miles; population, 1885.

The postoffices at Granite Lake and French Lake are to be discontinued. Mort and Jespersen will be supplied by rural carriers.

WIRELESS RATE.

New York, Jan. 24.—Senator Marconi, in reply to a query regarding the rate to be charged for wireless messages, said: "You know the cable companies started at \$5 a word, and now they have come down to 25 cents a word. In the usual course of events it is quite probable that we, beginning at 10 cents per word, will be able eventually to transmit messages across the Atlantic at a 1-cent rate."

FIRE AT PIGEON COVE, MASS.

Rockport, Mass., Jan. 24.—The Pigeon Cove hotel, a popular resort, was damaged by fire early today. The loss is \$32,000.

SCHWAB IS BETTER.

New York, Jan. 24.—Oliver Wrenn, the private secretary to President Charles M. Schwab of the United States Steel corporation, said today that he had received the following cable message from Mr. Schwab at Palermo, Italy: "Report concerning health being worse entirely unfounded. Am better."

The Amounts Necessary to Run Them.

THE OZONULSION CO., 100 De Peyster St., New York

THE EVENING HERALD

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DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING COMPANY.

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

TO SUBSCRIBERS:
It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for Duluth, Minn., ending at 7 a. m. (central time), Jan. 24.—Barometric pressure, 30.1; low over British Columbia and high over California. The Upper Mississippi Valley "high" has moved to New England, while the Oklahoma "low" has disappeared. Freshening and clearing, with generally somewhat warmer throughout the Northwest. The barometer has risen and it is colder in Western and Northern Atlantic states. Snow or rain fell in the Central valleys, the South and the coast states, and light snow in the Red River valley.

Minimum temperatures recorded in the past twenty-four hours:
Abilene.....42
Baltimore.....41
Bismarck.....40
Boston.....39
Buffalo.....38
Calgary.....37
Charleston.....36
Chicago.....35
Cincinnati.....34
Cleveland.....33
Dallas.....32
Denver.....31
Detroit.....30
Dodge City.....29
Duluth.....28
El Paso.....27
Emporia.....26
Evansville.....25
Galveston.....24
Green Bay.....23
Hartford.....22
Havana.....21
Helena.....20
Houston.....19
Indianapolis.....18
Jacksonville.....17
Kansas City.....16
La Crosse.....15
Lafayette.....14
Little Rock.....13
Los Angeles.....12
Marquette.....11
Medicine Hat.....10

Local forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time) Sunday, Jan. 25.—Fair, with light variable winds, partly cloudy tonight and Sunday, with possibly light snow during the night and Sunday.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Jan. 21.—State forecasts for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. Sunday, Jan. 25.—Fair, with light variable winds, partly cloudy tonight and Sunday, with possibly light snow during the night and Sunday.

The Dakotas.—Generally fair tonight and Sunday.

A bill has been introduced in congress to amend section 430 of the revised statutes.

Under the statute which it is proposed to amend, railroad companies and owners of cattle, sheep, swine, or other animals from one state to another are prohibited from "confining the same in cars, boats, or vessels of any kind."

It is proposed to amend the statute so that it shall read: "Confining the same in cars, boats, or vessels of any kind, or in any other conveyance, without unloading the same for rest, water, and feeding for a period of at least five consecutive hours, unless prevented from so unloading by storm or other accidental causes."

The amendment proposes to change the word "twenty-eight" to "forty," that is, to increase the time during which cattle, sheep, swine, or other animals may be kept confined together without the possibility of freedom of motion, or of lying down without the certainty of being trampled to death, from twenty-eight to forty consecutive hours.

A person who shall protest against the legislation of such an amendment does not expose himself to a just charge of cruelty to animals. If this amendment shall be adopted, its effect will be to subject millions of innocent and harmless animals to indescribable torture, and to land them at their destination in a state of starvation.

They will be utterly unfit to be used for human food. This proposed amendment is absolutely unnecessary, since it is nothing more than an attempt to apply the laws of the United States to certain supposed necessities of competition between transportation companies in different parts of the country. Millions of unfortunate animals could not be subjected to needless torture in order to give a commercial advantage to transportation companies, or any other companies, in any part of the country.

Judging from some of the statements of late vessel owners, the results of last season's operations do not appear in any too rosy a hue, says the American Syren and Shipping.

The consensus of opinion seems to show that a general average of 10 per cent on the capital stock of the single ship companies, is close to the returns, and out of this certain fixed charges are to be deducted.

In the instance of two steamships, making twenty round trips and winning up the season successfully, there was a clear net sum of 5 per cent on the full capital stock to be divided after all obligations had been met. The cry is as old as ship owning, "that vessels are making no money."

The Wells-Fargo Express company scheduled a raise for all employees of from 5 to 10 per cent to date from Dec. 1.

It is true that the railroads are forcing the public to pay for this raise in wages to their employees by an increase in rates, but the men are getting the benefit and that is some consolation. In speaking of this, the World's Work says: "Thus, the public owners by their earning ability. In the first place, the iron ore freight rates started,

The Earnings of Lake Vessels.

THE HERALD'S REMOVAL.

The Herald is moving today to its new building on West First street almost directly opposite the federal building, and on Monday the business, editorial and other departments will be installed in the new quarters. It is the intention of The Herald at an early date to invite its numerous friends to visit its new home and inspect the methods and facilities for producing an up-to-date evening newspaper, presenting "all the news while it is news," but it must beg their indulgence for a few weeks until everything has been properly arranged and put in smooth running order. New machinery is being installed and until this has been thoroughly tested the plant will not be in condition for inspection. However, a very short time will be needed to put everything in first class condition, and then there will be an invitation to everybody to visit one of the finest and most complete newspaper homes in the Northwest.

It is with some feelings of sadness and regret that The Herald leaves its old quarters on Superior street where it has made its home during the period of its most rapid growth and prosperity. Great changes have taken place since The Herald left the small rooms in the Henderson block on Fifth avenue and entered the building at 220 West Superior street. Year by year there has been a steady growth and The Herald plant has increased several fold to keep pace with the demands of the public. New linotype machines, new presses and other equipment were constantly added, and finally it was found that the building was not so much to accommodate the various departments. A new home was decided upon, and the building on First street into which The Herald is now moving is the result. But there will always be a tender spot in the hearts of all connected with The Herald for the old building.

The moving of a newspaper plant is no small or easy task, and there may be some unavoidable delays during the next few days, in anticipation of which—if they should occur—The Herald asks the kind indulgence of its readers.

As they held throughout the season, at very close figures. The possible earnings of the best and largest class of boats engaged in the calculation of the ore shipments. On this basis a certain clear earning ability was permitted, and such would have obtained, had not other conditions set in, principally among which may be named "detention" at both loading and discharging ports, and with more than the usual amount, on account of low water at the entrance to Detroit river. This feature was augmented by vessels loading to the ordinary limit of the depth of water. Next in point of detention was the coal strike, accompanied as it was, by a lack of west-bound cargoes and the higher cost of fuel. It seemed at one time that these conditions would drive tonnage to the docks, and it did, but it was from docks at port to port, as fast as the tugmen's strike would allow. And so the season ended. Freighters certainly advanced toward the immediate close of navigation, and advantage was taken of the situation as far as discretion would permit, but the raise did not start in early enough to make any very marked improvement in the season's dividend account.

THE SCHOOL LEVY.
In another column will be found an interesting letter from Director J. Washburn of the school board, on the reasons why the amount levied this year for school purposes exceeded what some people hoped would be necessary. Mr. Washburn became a member of the board with the idea of keeping the levy down to the lowest figures possible, while preserving the efficiency of the schools, and has endeavored to reduce the ordinary annual expenditures of the district to \$275,000.

Mr. Washburn has found that it takes about \$300,000 annually to run the schools and pay interest on the bonded debt, and he presents to the public the figures which make up this total. It is evident from the figures given that the school board will have to do very close financial planning in order to maintain the schools during the current year on the present levy. Mr. Washburn's statement will remove any erroneous impressions which may have been created by the increased levy this year.

INCREASE OF WAGES.

Taken as a whole the wage-earners of the United States have no complaint to make that the era of prosperity has not benefited them. Many manufacturing and transportation companies have added hundreds of thousands of dollars to their pay rolls. The railroads were the most prominent participants in this movement, the increase on five of the most important systems—the Pennsylvania, the New York Central, the Burlington, the Atchafalpa and the Southern Pacific—amounting to \$45,000,000 a year. Other roads that have added to the amount of wages paid are the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, with an increase of 10 per cent to 4700 engineers and firemen; the Alton, with a 10 per cent increase to the wages of agents, yard clerks and other clerical employees; the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, with an addition to the amount of its pay roll of at least \$200,000 a year; the Wisconsin Central, with an advance of from 10 to 25 per cent to 650 engineers and firemen; the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern, with an advance of 10 per cent; the Chicago & Northwestern, with an addition to its yearly wages appropriation of \$600,000 to be divided among 5000 employees; the Alabama Great Southern, with an increase of from 5 to 10 per cent, and the Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh with an increase of 7 per cent. The Metropolitan street railway company, of New York city, also announced an increase of 5 per cent in the wages of motormen and conductors.

This improvement in wages is by no means confined to transportation companies. The employees of the H. C. Frick Coke company were notified that an average increase of 8 per cent in wages would go into effect Jan. 1. More than 20,000 employees share in this increase. The Passenger Coach Company announced an increase of 8 per cent. The Wells-Fargo Express company scheduled a raise for all employees of from 5 to 10 per cent to date from Dec. 1.

It is true that the railroads are forcing the public to pay for this raise in wages to their employees by an increase in rates, but the men are getting the benefit and that is some consolation. In speaking of this, the World's Work says: "Thus, the public owners by their earning ability. In the first place, the iron ore freight rates started,

Judging from some of the statements of late vessel owners, the results of last season's operations do not appear in any too rosy a hue, says the American Syren and Shipping.

The consensus of opinion seems to show that a general average of 10 per cent on the capital stock of the single ship companies, is close to the returns, and out of this certain fixed charges are to be deducted.

In the instance of two steamships, making twenty round trips and winning up the season successfully, there was a clear net sum of 5 per cent on the full capital stock to be divided after all obligations had been met. The cry is as old as ship owning, "that vessels are making no money."

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THE CARNATION LEAGUE.

The movement instituted, under the name of the Carnation League of America as an annual tribute to the memory of the late President William McKinley, appears to be meeting with very general favor. Monuments, tablets, arches and other tributes of many kinds have been and will be erected to his memory, but once that is the end of the matter, except with a few of the donors or projectors. The Carnation league will be an entirely new feature in the way of commemorating the life work of the martyred president.

The plan of the movement is a simple, inexpensive and attractive one, and can be taken part in by the old and the young of either sex. A beautiful fragrant flower, worn in the lapel of the coat, or at the throat, or in the hair, in silent memory of a past public servant, whose life was forfeited because he was our servant, is what is contemplated by this movement. The fact that the carnation was President McKinley's favorite flower, and was always found in his buttonhole, is the reason for its choice as a league symbol. No idea was had of making it the national flower, neither was it arbitrarily taken as a symbol. The president himself made the selection, and the league will merely continue its use for the purpose set forth. On all other days of the year it will be what it is today, the common people's flower of all the highly cultivated varieties, but on Jan. 23 of each year it becomes, especially, the president's flower and will be worn in silent tribute to his memory. If the matter were to go no farther than that already has, there will be hundreds of thousands of people who will wear and display the carnation upon the designated day, so long as they live.

The projectors of the movement state that letters and notices have been received from all over the country highly approving the idea, and the small opposition that has been made has been from sources where it was apparent that the object was misunderstood. It is not proposed to give the league the importance of local organizations. There is no need of it. But it is desirable that opportunity be given for a careful enrollment and proper classification of the names of all who are sympathetic with the movement. A record will be kept at the headquarters at Dayton, Ohio, and any inhabitant of the United States is eligible.

"If 'The Carnation League of America' serves the purpose of a perennial memorial to a faithful public servant, and at the same time fosters a national brotherhood of patriotism, it will be worthy of the approval of a great majority of the people. It will do all of that, and it will accomplish its purpose silently, with almost unceasing effort. No appeal is made to fastidists. No expectation is had of giving the movement the prominence and importance of annual meetings or conventions, but in its quiet, unobtrusive way it can be made of world-wide influence for good almost incalculable, and will foster a spirit of true patriotism worthy of its country, the man it seeks to honor and the principles for which he stood as the nation's foremost representative. The highest patriotic tone will and must dominate it."

Mrs. Julia A. Garney, who wrote the favorite lines:

Little drops of water,
Which refused to be dried,
Made the mighty ocean,
And the lustrous land—

will be 80 years old in April, and school children are to be invited to make a cent toward a memorial to be given her. Mrs. Garney has written many more verses. In this particular piece struck that fortunate simplicity which appears to all, and in the half-century since it was written it has been translated into several languages.

By the report of Superintendent Kilburn, it appears that the savings bank deposits of New York for two years increased at the rate of about 30 per cent, in July last the aggregate total was reached of \$1,575,000,000—nearly half the savings bank deposits of the United States. The mere excess over last year, \$185,000,000, is the total amount of Pennsylvania, Maryland, Delaware and all the Southern states combined. Savings bank thrift is a good habit to cultivate.

Commissioner Greene is shaking up the New York police in such a manner that his latest report is to compel the owners of every place in which liquor is sold, including Rialto law hotels, to make a complete exposure of their premises, and to take them down to the sidewalk. Many men would not stand up to a bar if they could be seen from the sidewalk.

A Baptist minister told a lot of brother ministers in New York recently that the weakest point in modern religious services. In everything else relating to the service of the church, he said, the tendency has been upward, but prayer has been deteriorated. Perhaps more prayers would be answered if prayers generally were more convincing.

The Southern members of congress who are shocked because five negroes attended the president's reception in Washington, are taking some nerve tonic. They may be frequently shocked in this way.

A Kansas paper sizes up Chicago's mayor by suggesting that it may become necessary to elect Carter Harrison to the office in order to pry him loose from the mayor's chair.

Even the decision of the Missouri court on the habits and characteristics of the Missouri mule will not prevent that much maligned animal from kicking.

One big packing company made a profit last year of 13 per cent on a capital of \$5,000,000. This may explain why the prices of meats were boosted.

Mrs. Spychalsky, of Toledo, is the mother of a quartet of babies. Most of them are girls so they may be able to change their names some day.

Germany is still shelling the Venezuelan forts, and the Monroe doctrine is getting something drop soon.

Free coal for a year is a good thing, but why not free coal permanently? That would prevent coal famines and excessive prices.

Appreciated at Manila and applauded at Washington, Governor Taft is certainly a fortunate official.

Perils of the Coal Squeeze.
Springfield Republican: The leading citizens of another Illinois town have been selling upon a trainload of coal belonging to someone else. From an Ohio city comes the report that prosecutions are pending against a number of petty thieves. It means that anybody is at liberty to steal coal, and that the coal trust is not so much a trust as a monopoly. This we have in this crisis what appears to be a pretty distinct sign of a reversal of social democracy. It is an experience which the forces we fear will do well to see does not recur again.

Arousing Dangerous Wrath.
Buffalo Express: It is a large undertaking to hold up 25,000 people for one day, and the necessity of it has been raised the wrath of the people and must take the consequences.

The Inimitable Dooley

He Discusses Royal Doings.

By Finley Peter Dunne.

(Copyright, 1903, by R. H. Russell.)

"Gracious Europe among th' crowned heads iv th' world," said Mr. Dooley.

"What's goin' on?" asked Mr. Hennessy.

"Oh, tryin' that people get arrested fr'," said Mr. Dooley. "Dhrunkness an' disorderly conduct, assault an' battery, riot an' eilements. Th' king iv Blijum has fired his daughter fr' th' house."

"Again an' she's down at th' newspaper office dettainin' th' story iv her life. Th' czar iv Russia is unaisy in his head an' sets all day long with an American hypnotist makes passes in front iv him. Th' imper iv Germany has been sayin' nasty, spiteful things about th' king iv England behind his back an' if they ever meet, somehow is goin' to th' floor. Th' king iv Spain is lookin' fr' his august mother to slug her fr' wantin' to marry again. An' th' happy Hapsburgs are battin' polmen, shootin' themselves an' runnin' off with ladies iv th' court. Irvy, where on th' continent iv Europe 'tis th' same thing. Ye see yon palace raisin' its lofty head in yon garden? Think ye, His majesty is shagin' fr' impure iv th' castle around th' great hall iv state be th' hair iv th' head. Th' oaken walls resounds with cries iv: 'Let go iv me th' golden dure pursued be crowns, slippers, o' masters, carved furniture an' boots. Who is that woman at th' window refusin' me?' Th' her serene altess Sophia Maria Victorine Linola Bejars Bezaa Carabela Delria Maud, crown princess iv Welsobron, whoopin' fr' th' polls. Th' court news an' th' pole news is th' same thing: 'Her majesty took th' air in th' garden where she met his majesty, after which she took th' court.' Th' queen was seen drivin' visterlah, in th' state of her majesty's life temper, his majesty raved iv th' cabinet Thursday in th' coat cellar. Her majesty disturbed th' council be battin' down th' furniture play an' poundin' on th' floor. Th' chancellor iv th' exchequer on lavin' th' residence through th' laundry shute was felled by a planny stool. 'It is announced that her majesty has eloped with th' court plunier."

"An' so it goes. Th' papers are filled with rle troubles. A poor dimmerat ain't got a chanst. He cud bate his wife all night an' never be noticed be th' press. Home made elegments ravelce no attention. Lave me tell ye about th' romance iv th' Crown Princess iv Saxony. I can't tell it to ye th' way I ought to, but I'll tell it me own simple way. Many years ago, wan iv th' ladies iv th' Hapsburg family married th' Crown Prince iv Saxony. Th' house iv Hapsburg is th' rough house iv Europe. Th' family is gay dogs an' Sophy J. Hapsburg inherited their thrats. She met th' Crown Prince sometime after they were married an' fr' thirty or forty years they lived together happily but not fr' long, an' raised a large or German family. But th' bloom soon come off th' peach. In less th' a quarter iv a cinchy, Sophy begun to tire iv th' dull, monotonous life iv th' Saxony court. She saw that Ludwig was not th' man she expected him to be, but a coarse nature who cud not understand th' gropin' iv a raffined spirit. When she got to be fifty or sixty years iv age, she got on the fact that she had a soul. When a woman discovers she has a soul, Hinniesy, 'tis time she was slint to a rest cure. It never comes till late in life, an' ye can't tell when she'll do about it. She may join a women's club an' she may go on th' stage. 'Th' strange how many ladies with wan leg in th' grave wud like to see th' other in th' front row iv th' theatre. Ludwig did not know what th' matter with his spouse. He had never suffered fr' anything that he cudn't thrace to food or drink. He had no man with a soul, side-step him. Professor Giron had a soul. They was no soulfuler person th' Alphonse Giron in all th' land iv Saxony. Although a poor young man hired fr' to tache bad language, which is Fr-rinch, to th' children, he was full iv fringed impulses. He

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"I don't see anything beautiful about it," said Mr. Hennessy. "It's just a crazy-headed o' lunatic iv a woman runnin' away fr' her childer."

"Hinniesy," said Mr. Dooley sternly, "ye frget Sophy's station. Whin an o' crazy-headed lunatic iv a woman skips out th' a crime; whin an o' crazy-headed lunatic iv a duchess does it, it's a scandal; whin whin an o' crazy-headed lunatic iv a princess does it, it's a romance."

tion, and whoever carefully examines the map of the hemispheres today must carry away with him the conviction that, however crude the method may be, the peoples of the earth are slowly working toward the attainment of mankind and the federation of the world.

DOMESTIC PLEASANTRIES
Hicks-Bjork married a widow, didn't he? Wicks-No; a widow married him.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Yes, and after she refused to have her hand in firewood." "Sort of cold water, wasn't it?"

Town and Country: "Widowhood makes a woman unselfish." "Why so?" "From the cozy haven of her career— From the dim and dim light into the sunlight!"

Detroit Free Press: Clarence—My wife had evolved my conversational powers amazingly. "This morn'?" "Clarence—Every time I quit talking in the evening she goes to the piano."

N. Y. Mail: At the ball, "I've never done the two-step divinely. Who taught you?" "Maude—My two step-laters."

Chicago Tribune: Husband (about to start on a journey)—When you get here, Hetty, write to me or you shall I telegraph. "Why not?" "Because she changes to look out for number one and begins to look out for number two."

Philadelphia Press: Toss—Did he seem hard hit when you told him it was married? "Not exactly. It took him by surprise, though, and he was interested."

That oh, there's six women, the wedding came off and all that, eh? "How did it happen?" "Well, she asked, 'How did it happen?'"

THE BOYS.
Where are they?—The friends of my childhood, enchanted— The clear, laughing eyes looking back in my own.

And the warm, chubby fingers my palms my own. As when we raced over the pink pastures of clover, And mocked the quail's whirr and the bumblebee's drone?

Have the breezes of time blown their blossoms from us, Forever adrift down the years that are flown? Am I to strive to see them romp back to their places, Where on the meadow, In sunshine and shadow, The meadow larks trill and the bumblebees drone?

Where are they? Ah, dim in the dust lies the clover; The whippoorwill's call has a sorrowful tone. And the dove's—Ah, have wept at it over and over.

I want the glad lustre of childhood, and the cluster Of faces around where the bumblebees drone. —JAMES WHITCOMB RILEY.

Jolly John Bull.
Washington Post: Charles T. Yerkes understands his business. He is throwing a big lobby into the English people about the superiority of their goods and workmanship. There is nothing like being polite to the contributors.

Trying It on the Kids.
Baltimore American: The next experiment under government auspices is to be made by trying adulterated food on infants and dyspeptics. It wouldn't be much harm to kill off a few dyspeptics, but it does seem rather rough to get up a poison squad of infants.

No Difference in Results.
Cincinnati Enquirer: That coal dealers will learn before the present investigation is completed that there is no difference in the principle between ordinary highway robbery and that kind in which one takes advantage of the necessities of life. Each is but a different way of obtaining the money that does not rightfully belong to the producer.

A Beat That Was a Beat.
New York Tribune: Yankee Jack tars still hold their own against challengers in the game of whist. It is a strange tale which comes from China that a boat's crew from Canton has been beaten by a team of British sailors. A hundred yards victory would be enough for the Stars and Stripes. The British flag in the arms of the British rivals by a firm five in five seems an incredible feat. So extreme a triumph might be thought ill-natured.

Moving Upward Steadily.
Detroit Free Press: There was never a time before when so great a part of the army of all mankind was devoted to peaceful pursuits. To be sure, this condition is not permanent, but no man can say when this peace will be shattered and the armies of the nations meet on a new Armageddon, but a condition is a condition.

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J. C. Ayer Co.
Lowell, Mass.

*The Bostonians Singing at the Lyceum
Today---Ferris Comedians Will Pre-
sent "Rip Van Winkle" at the
Metropolitan.*

TWO GREAT PLAYS.
Ferris comedians will close the third week's engagement at the Metropolitan tonight by giving the final performance of "The Lady of Lyons." During the

CHARLES B. HANFORD
Who Will Appear at Lyceum Wednesday In "Much Ado About Nothing."

Miss Amelia Blingham will be coming to Omaha to play what is to be presented as the most successful of her roles. It was its success that it ran continuously for two weeks. The production will be sceneed and staged effectively. A full carload of special scenery and elaborate costumes will be shipped to Omaha Monday for the production. The vaudeville portion of the show will be given between the acts also. The prices will

DAVID WARFIELD.
David Warfield will be seen at the Lyceum next Saturday, matinee and night, in his last season's immensely successful comedy, "The Auctioneer." Warfield's popularity as a star is now as firmly established as it was in the days when his status was no further advanced than that of an ordinary

B. HANFORD
 n Wednesday In "Much Ado
 Nothing."

Miss Amelia Bingham will come to town soon and her return has been heralded by a series of very skillful advertising campaigns. They have set Broadway talking for they ask in large type a series of questions about Miss Bingham and a new play, and then answer them in type even larger. Miss Bingham is an Ohio girl to the backbone. She was born in Hicksville, but her early life gave no indication of the success she was to

Miss Morris was standing. Bending a little he took her face between his hands, and kissed her on the cheek and on the forehead. Then he stepped back and said, "God, you are homely, but how you can act!" She then followed with the announcement and said that Miss Morris should ever play that role in his theater again, and no one ever did."

The death of A. H. Chamberlyn has re-

IRON ORE.

No Definite Action as to
Prices of Bees
Taken.

Cleveland, Jan. 26.—The Iron Trade Review says: No definite action as to prices

Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor, by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores nervous energy, cures indigestion, restores the vitality, improves the complexion, cures the Loss Power, Pale Faces, Wasting Diseases, all effects of falling aches or excesses and indigestion, which mingles one for duty, business or marriage, not only cures by starting at the roots of disease, but it treats nerve tonics and blood builders, restoring back the pink glow to pale cheeks and storing the fire of youth. It wands of youth, cures Consumption, based on having REVIVO. Other. It can be carried in your pocket. By mail \$1.00 per package, or six for \$5.00 at a special price. Five written guarantees to cure or refund the money. Address: Dr. J. C. Pymont, P. O. BOX 100, MEDICINE PARK, N. Y.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by M. Wirth and S. F. Boyce, druggists.

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ADVANCE IN WHEAT

Wheat Started Higher and Ruled Strong Throughout Session.

Advance at Paris Was the Chief Bullish Factor.

Flax Trading Was Quiet and the Market Narrow.

Duluth Board of Trade, Jan. 24.—The wheat market was strong and higher again this morning, the foreign news being of a bullish character. The Liverpool cables were firm in the face of the decline in the American markets yesterday, while an advance of 1c to 1 1/2c at Paris was reported.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 400 cars, and at Chicago 44, a total of 44 cars, against 33 last week and 42 last year.

New York reported 35 loads taken for export. The Liverpool market closed unchanged at 10 1/2c, and at Chicago 44, a total of 44 cars, against 33 last week and 42 last year.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed unchanged at 10 1/2c, and at Chicago 44, a total of 44 cars, against 33 last week and 42 last year.

Flax trading was quiet and the market narrow. The Liverpool market closed unchanged at 10 1/2c, and at Chicago 44, a total of 44 cars, against 33 last week and 42 last year.

Following are the closing prices on the Duluth board:

Wheat—Cash No. 1 hard, 78 1/2c; No. 1 northern, 78c; No. 2 northern, 77 1/2c; No. 3 northern, 77c; No. 4 northern, 76 1/2c; No. 5 northern, 76c; No. 6 northern, 75 1/2c; No. 7 northern, 75c; No. 8 northern, 74 1/2c; No. 9 northern, 74c; No. 10 northern, 73 1/2c; No. 11 northern, 73c; No. 12 northern, 72 1/2c; No. 13 northern, 72c; No. 14 northern, 71 1/2c; No. 15 northern, 71c; No. 16 northern, 70 1/2c; No. 17 northern, 70c; No. 18 northern, 69 1/2c; No. 19 northern, 69c; No. 20 northern, 68 1/2c; No. 21 northern, 68c; No. 22 northern, 67 1/2c; No. 23 northern, 67c; No. 24 northern, 66 1/2c; No. 25 northern, 66c; No. 26 northern, 65 1/2c; No. 27 northern, 65c; No. 28 northern, 64 1/2c; No. 29 northern, 64c; No. 30 northern, 63 1/2c; No. 31 northern, 63c; No. 32 northern, 62 1/2c; No. 33 northern, 62c; No. 34 northern, 61 1/2c; No. 35 northern, 61c; No. 36 northern, 60 1/2c; No. 37 northern, 60c; No. 38 northern, 59 1/2c; No. 39 northern, 59c; No. 40 northern, 58 1/2c; No. 41 northern, 58c; No. 42 northern, 57 1/2c; No. 43 northern, 57c; No. 44 northern, 56 1/2c; No. 45 northern, 56c; No. 46 northern, 55 1/2c; No. 47 northern, 55c; No. 48 northern, 54 1/2c; No. 49 northern, 54c; No. 50 northern, 53 1/2c; No. 51 northern, 53c; No. 52 northern, 52 1/2c; No. 53 northern, 52c; No. 54 northern, 51 1/2c; No. 55 northern, 51c; No. 56 northern, 50 1/2c; No. 57 northern, 50c; No. 58 northern, 49 1/2c; No. 59 northern, 49c; No. 60 northern, 48 1/2c; No. 61 northern, 48c; No. 62 northern, 47 1/2c; No. 63 northern, 47c; No. 64 northern, 46 1/2c; No. 65 northern, 46c; No. 66 northern, 45 1/2c; No. 67 northern, 45c; No. 68 northern, 44 1/2c; No. 69 northern, 44c; No. 70 northern, 43 1/2c; No. 71 northern, 43c; No. 72 northern, 42 1/2c; No. 73 northern, 42c; No. 74 northern, 41 1/2c; No. 75 northern, 41c; No. 76 northern, 40 1/2c; No. 77 northern, 40c; No. 78 northern, 39 1/2c; No. 79 northern, 39c; No. 80 northern, 38 1/2c; No. 81 northern, 38c; No. 82 northern, 37 1/2c; No. 83 northern, 37c; No. 84 northern, 36 1/2c; No. 85 northern, 36c; No. 86 northern, 35 1/2c; No. 87 northern, 35c; No. 88 northern, 34 1/2c; No. 89 northern, 34c; No. 90 northern, 33 1/2c; No. 91 northern, 33c; No. 92 northern, 32 1/2c; No. 93 northern, 32c; No. 94 northern, 31 1/2c; No. 95 northern, 31c; No. 96 northern, 30 1/2c; No. 97 northern, 30c; No. 98 northern, 29 1/2c; No. 99 northern, 29c; No. 100 northern, 28 1/2c; No. 101 northern, 28c; No. 102 northern, 27 1/2c; No. 103 northern, 27c; No. 104 northern, 26 1/2c; No. 105 northern, 26c; No. 106 northern, 25 1/2c; No. 107 northern, 25c; No. 108 northern, 24 1/2c; No. 109 northern, 24c; No. 110 northern, 23 1/2c; No. 111 northern, 23c; No. 112 northern, 22 1/2c; No. 113 northern, 22c; No. 114 northern, 21 1/2c; No. 115 northern, 21c; No. 116 northern, 20 1/2c; No. 117 northern, 20c; No. 118 northern, 19 1/2c; No. 119 northern, 19c; No. 120 northern, 18 1/2c; No. 121 northern, 18c; No. 122 northern, 17 1/2c; No. 123 northern, 17c; No. 124 northern, 16 1/2c; No. 125 northern, 16c; No. 126 northern, 15 1/2c; No. 127 northern, 15c; No. 128 northern, 14 1/2c; No. 129 northern, 14c; No. 130 northern, 13 1/2c; No. 131 northern, 13c; No. 132 northern, 12 1/2c; No. 133 northern, 12c; No. 134 northern, 11 1/2c; No. 135 northern, 11c; No. 136 northern, 10 1/2c; No. 137 northern, 10c; No. 138 northern, 9 1/2c; No. 139 northern, 9c; No. 140 northern, 8 1/2c; No. 141 northern, 8c; No. 142 northern, 7 1/2c; No. 143 northern, 7c; No. 144 northern, 6 1/2c; No. 145 northern, 6c; No. 146 northern, 5 1/2c; No. 147 northern, 5c; No. 148 northern, 4 1/2c; No. 149 northern, 4c; No. 150 northern, 3 1/2c; No. 151 northern, 3c; No. 152 northern, 2 1/2c; No. 153 northern, 2c; No. 154 northern, 1 1/2c; No. 155 northern, 1c; No. 156 northern, 1/2c; No. 157 northern, 1/4c; No. 158 northern, 1/8c; No. 159 northern, 1/16c; No. 160 northern, 1/32c; No. 161 northern, 1/64c; No. 162 northern, 1/128c; No. 163 northern, 1/256c; No. 164 northern, 1/512c; No. 165 northern, 1/1024c; 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These columns are the medium through which Real Estate owners make their offers to the public. Prospective purchasers will find many interesting propositions among the wide choice offered here today.

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| | L. P. Matter at mar to Ursula W. Matter, lot 6, block 5, New End- on section 17-51-17 | 78 | tofore. Don't forget it. |
| | Crown Lumber Co. to John C. Campbell, lot 2, section 6-23-14.... | 1 | Not a dollar need be paid until you're cured. Get a package of Rock Mountain Tea. If it fails to make you well, and keep you well, it don't cost a cent. 35 cents. S. F. Boyce. |
| | Northwestern Imp. Co. to Boston & Duluth Farm Land Co., nw¼ sw¼ | 600 | |

Delay of the Unsaved." In the evening at 7:30 Thomas Thorburn will preach. Christian Endeavor will meet at 6:30 p. m.

At the Oneota M. E. church the pastor, Rev. E. K. Cooper, will preach at 11 a. m. and at 7:30 p. m. The service will be devoted to Sunday school work, the morning subject being "Childhood and the church," and the evening theme, "Carries: How to Use Them," being an illustrated sermon.

How Simon happened to meet Jen on the street a few mornings after is not known. But they did meet, as people afterwards recalled having seen the two talking together. At first, Simon's manner was vehement, as he made some gesture of demand of her. Some little conversation followed and at last Simon appeared satisfied and seemed to grow suddenly kinder; even compassionate and sympathetic. He bowed his head and resignedly turned away. Some mutual conciliation had been reached, for they shook hands and parted.

sults from a cold, or from an attack of the grip. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy quickly cures these diseases and counteracts any tendency toward pneumonia. It is made especially for children and similar ailments and can always be depended upon. For sale at Boylston Drug store.

Advertising in The Herald is no permanent. Results follow every announcement.

24. 1963. Sealed proposals for furnishing and placing about 25,000 tons of riprap at land, Wis., will be received here noon, Feb. 24, 1963, and then publicly opened. Information on application to D. Gaillard, Capt. Engrs. Duluth Evening Herald, Jan. 24-26 Feb. 21-23-1963

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periment. Results follow every
nouncement.

TWENTIETH YEAR.

LAST EDITION.

MONDAY, JANUARY 26, 1903.

TWO CENTS.

LESSLER'S CHIEF WITNESS RETRACTS HIS STATEMENT

Denies That Quigg Ever Offered Him a Bribe. Doblin Says He Was Com- pelled to Testify.

Washington, Jan. 26.—The house committee on naval affairs today resumed the investigation of the charges made by Representative Lessler, of New York, that he had been approached with an offer of money for his vote in the committee. The first witness called was Leonard J. Obermeyer. He told of an interview he and Mr. Doblin had with Mr. Quigg on Jan. 8, regarding the submarine boats. Quigg said at that time that he had asked Lessler once about the matter and did not think he would make a second attempt.

Witness said he told Quigg he was going to Washington and that while there he would see Lessler and possibly urge upon him any argument which might cause him to change his mind. Representative Obermeyer asked: "Did you ever know of any money being offered to Lessler?"

"No," witness replied. "I ascertained that subsequently."

He then told of a conversation he said he had with Doblin subsequent to Jan. 8, saying: "Doblin said to me that there had been talk of money in connection with the attempt to get Lessler's vote in this committee for this appropriation. I think his exact words were: 'There is nothing to it and that he believed that if the vote was to be gained at all, it would be gained on the ground of friendship.'"

When Mr. Obermeyer left the stand, Mr. Rogers, an attorney, announced to the committee that he appeared on behalf of Mr. Doblin and said:

"Mr. Doblin stated to me that some of the testimony he gave before this committee was true; that some of it was not true and was false."

Before Doblin came on the stand to make his statement, Mr. Rogers asked that such testimony be accepted by the committee. Mr. Doblin said only such testimony as the stand could be accepted.

Mr. Doblin then proceeded to tell of his coming to Washington and of his acquaintance with the committee. He said when he came to Washington to appear before the full committee, he decided to make a statement. "I now retract," he said, "every word in which I said Mr. Quigg tendered me any bribe in any way."

"Will you state to the committee in what respect your testimony is not true?" Doblin was asked.

"It is in relation to my being called to Washington and my conversation with Mr. Lessler at the Hotel Normandie at 8 o'clock on Jan. 8. The fact is the statements I made regarding Mr. Quigg are not true. I read the article in the Herald, and I was told by Lessler, 'You have got to stand for this,' and I said: 'Oh, that cannot be.'"

"Well," he said, "then I am politically dead."

"Well," I said, "you carry me with you."

"I said: 'You will be all right if you will just appear before this committee. I will not see the speaker and I will fix it up.'"

"He goes out of the room, comes back and said he had seen the speaker and said: 'It will be all right. All you have got to do is to go before the committee and substantiate my story.'"

"When I was called to Washington I so this telegram."

"Oh," he said, "I will go down and take midnight train and come to me. Want to see you. Keep this confidential."

"Signed Monte."

"Mr. Taylor—Who is 'Monte' in your association?"

"Monte is Congressman Lessler. I have had correspondence signed 'Monte.'"

Continuing, he said: "While we were eating breakfast, I was reading the article familiarizing myself as to the statement made and when we got upstairs he said: 'Do as you want about it.'"

"Well," I said, "I cannot stand for anything like this."

"You have got to," he said, "I'll be back in a minute." He went out of the room and when he came back he said: "You come along and look after the committee. Just before that he said: 'You need not have any fear. There is nothing going to happen to you. You appear before this committee and there won't be anything further to it.' The congressman left the room."

"The congressman left the room. I took the paper up again and read it over. In about half an hour I came in and he said: 'You come along with me. We will get into the capital all right. Nobody will see you. You will be able to get up through a side elevator, which is right close to the naval committee door and you can get in and I will see that nobody sees you.'"

Continuing, Doblin said: "I went into the committee room. The gentlemen were standing about, and Lessler's son said: 'This is Mr. Doblin. The other gentlemen all shook hands with me, and I sat down and after a little while I was handed a cigar, which I smoked. They made me feel agreeable. I took it and he said: 'It was all right.'"

"The first thing I knew, one of the gentlemen, after a conversation, in which he explained his interests in politics in New York state, asked how long I had been in politics. Then one of the gentlemen asked: 'Wasn't it Mr. Quigg who said to you that there was \$500 in it for Lessler and \$1000 for you?'"

"I said at that time 'No, sir.' Then all the gentlemen around said: 'Oh, it's all right. You go on and then there was a discussion in the room as to how I stood. I refused to answer at that time at all. The gentlemen seemed to be in a hurry to get me out of there. I explained to them that I was not going to be in the hands of my friends and it was all right; that I would back up Lessler here and it would be a check, and that all that there would be to it; that the committee would report; that Lessler would be indicted and I would be all right. After I got out of the committee room, I went down to the hotel and called on Lessler. He was not there. I phoned to the house, but could not get him and left the city, thinking it was all right."

"The same time a neighbor informed the Kinsleys that Nellie had told their daughter that when her parents were dead she would have their property and that she had given them a dose of strychnine to kill them. Mr. and Mrs. Kinsley then recalled that the girl asked them who would get their property if they both died."

After they had become ill again they discovered that a package of rat poison had disappeared. They accused Nellie of putting poison in their food, and she protested that she was eating the same food that they were."

She is next alleged to have told a girl companion that she intended to give her foster parents another dose and run away to Pennsylvania. In her confession Nellie says she feels sorry for what she has done."

Corning, N. Y., Jan. 26.—Nellie Kinsley, the 13-year-old adopted daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Isaac R. Kinsley, of this city, who was recently sent to the Susquehanna Valley home at Binghamton, has written home a confession that she had been systematically administering poison to her foster parents, with the hope of killing them, so that she could obtain their property.

Mr. and Mrs. Kinsley have been made very ill lately after their meals, and Mrs. Kinsley is now an invalid as a result. It is alleged, of the poison taken into her system. At one time Mr. and Mrs. Kinsley ate canned meat and were poisoned. Physicians attributed the illness to the canning. About

slipped down her throat. Her mother heard the child struggling and ran to her aid, and the father hurried for a physician. It was some half an hour and found no doctor at home. The child was moved to a hospital, but before the operation could be performed the little girl was dead. The physicians finally located the glass bulb in the child's left nostril. It is supposed the mother had succeeded in clearing the infant's throat, but that the child was too far gone to recover sufficiently to breathe, and really died of strangulation.

New York, Jan. 26.—When Edward Lang, a driver for a department store, returned home Saturday night, he laid on the dining room table a small electric lamp and battery, which he used after dark to read the names on doors in delivering goods. About noon Sunday his little daughter Anna, 3 years old, spilled the lamp. The child touched the button and the little bulb glowed. Then she put the bulb, which was but an inch long, in her mouth. Somehow the bulb broke off and

CAPITOL ACCOUNTS

To Be Investigated By Committee of the House.

Three Important Tax Measures Fathered By Democratic Member.

One Provides For Taxing Foreign Corporations In This State.

Has Not Been an Election There Since 1898.

The Senate Considers the Matter In Executive Session.

Washington, Jan. 26.—Senator Morgan, chairman of the inter-oceanic canal committee, today offered in the senate a resolution questioning the credentials of Thomas Herran, charge d'affaires of Colombia, who recently signed with Secretary Hay the isthmian canal treaty.

Mr. Aldrich immediately made the point that the subject must be considered in executive session, and the senate went into executive session on the motion of Mr. Hale.

The point which Senator Morgan made was that the validity of the government which accredited Herran to the United States was doubtful, and that it should be inquired into by the United States. As soon as the doors were closed, Mr. Morgan took the floor and discussed the subject at some length. He said that he had not been an election in Colombia since 1898, and that it was questionable whether the present acting government had authority to send a representative to the United States.

Senator Morgan's resolution relating to Senator Herran was, after considerable discussion in executive session, referred to the committee on foreign relations.

MITCHELL

Has No Opposition For Re-Election By Miners.

Indianapolis, Jan. 26.—At the opening of the United Mine Workers' convention today a bill for \$10,800.47 was reported by the committee on transportation to cover the railroad expenses of the 75 delegates. A delegate from Montana, who drew \$87.50, let all of the rest. The report of the tellers on the bill was \$10,800.47. The bill was introduced by the recently taken referendum vote. Mr. Mitchell had no opposition for president, and W. B. Wilson had no opposition for secretary-treasurer. Vice President T. L. Lewis was elected over T. D. Nichols.

INJUNCTION

Granted By Court Against the Detroit Coal Exchange.

Detroit, Jan. 26.—A preliminary injunction was issued by the circuit court here today on application of Prosecutor Hunt against the Detroit Coal Exchange, an organization of thirty local coal dealers. It restrains the exchange from acting as an organization to induce the sale of coal, which coal shall be sold. Judges Cosner and Robert dissented from the injunction, stating that it appeared to them criminal proceedings should have been instituted in lieu of proceedings in equity. Judge Prizer, in announcing the decision, said that the court had decided that the statutes against corporations and trusts had been violated. The coal exchange was not represented in court.

CHARGES AGAINST NURSES

New York, Jan. 26.—Official investigation is to be made of charges against the nurse training system in Bellevue hospital made by John Santaros, a male nurse, who recently resigned and who in an affidavit said that men nurses were in the habit of giving powerful injections of strychnine to dying patients in order to prolong their lives until after the close of the period of duty of the nurses in attendance. The alleged object of this procedure was to shirk the duty of "laying out" the bodies. Other grave irregularities are also charged.

The nurses make general denial of these charges, but say their work is too hard. One nurse, they assert, sometimes has from sixteen to twenty-five patients to take care of during the night, and these patients have to be watched closely.

EXCURSIONISTS IN DANGER

Castries, Island of St. Lucia, B. W. I., Jan. 26.—The royal mail steamer Esk took over 400 excursionists to St. Pierre, Island of Martinique, Saturday, and returned here today. She reports that while at St. Pierre at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, Mount Pelee erupted. At the time there were more than 200 persons ashore. Great alarm

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The Markles Appear Be- fore the Coal Strike Commission.

Miners' Attorney Called By the Independent Operators.

Philadelphia, Jan. 26.—The presentation of the independent operators' case was begun today before the coal strike commission, that of G. B. Markle & Co. being the first called. Counsel for the company caused some surprise by requiring the commission to summon as witness J. L. McCarthy, of Hazelton, one of the attorneys for the mine workers. Mr. McCarthy objected on the ground that he could not be expected to testify to facts he had learned as counsel, but as counsel for the company he would not ask questions which Mr. McCarthy could not as counsel answer, the lawyer waived further objection and took the stand. He was asked when he had first heard of the election notices served by the Markle company on twelve tenants, to which he replied that his information in this connection was secured at attorney, as all of the elected men brought the notices to him and retained him as counsel.

In reply to further questions, witness said he knew the leases signed by the men confessed judgment in election. He asked him to notify me a day or two before he served the notices, so that I could prepare the defense. He promised to do so, but failed, and when I upbraided him he said the writs had been prepared at midnight and brought to him at 4 o'clock in the morning, with instructions to serve them immediately."

Counsel for the company asked witness if he was not aware that judgment could not be confessed unless an agreement had been signed.

"I have heard of forged papers," replied Mr. McCarthy.

"Do you mean to say these leases were forged?"

"I mean to say I think the men were grossly deceived."

Counsel from the stenographer's note a statement made by Mr. McCarthy before the commission at Scranton to the effect that the present physicians employed by the company received a salary from the company in addition to the charges by the miners. He asked the witness if he knew that to be so.

Mr. McCarthy replied that he had no positive knowledge on the subject. It was a rumor, he said, and he had stated when he previously mentioned it.

On cross-examination witness said the evicted men had been ejected without notice.

Chairman Gray asked if the men had received copies of the leases from the company, and witness replied in the negative.

"These leases are commonly known as 'cut-throat agreements,' are they not?" interjected Attorney Brumm.

"Yes," said witness.

REVOLUTIONISTS WIN In an Important Battle With Castro's Troops.

New York, Jan. 26.—President Castro's troops have been defeated by the revolutionists in an important battle about forty miles west of Puerto Caballo, says a dispatch to the Herald from Willemstad, Island of Curacao. Scattered bodies of the defeated government forces are arriving at Puerto Caballo. Their commanding general was captured by the revolutionists.

LITTLE INTEREST In England Over Signing of Boundary Treaty.

New York, Jan. 26.—Hardly any attention has been paid to the announcement that the Alaskan boundary treaty had been signed, says the London correspondent of the Tribune. The Daily Telegraph, however, says there will be universal satisfaction on both sides of the ocean at the prospect of eliminating the last ground for disagreement between England and America. The announcement comes at a most opportune moment, for it ought to convince the most stubborn that, as far as these two countries are concerned, the matter is settled.

PENSIONS GRANTED.
Washington, Jan. 26.—Special to The Herald.—The following pensions have been granted: Increase—John Buck of Anoka, \$10; Luther Labree, of Monticello, \$4; Widows—Terra Wood, of Rothsay, \$5; Jane M. Brooks, of Anoka, \$5.

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Mr. Bowen did not say whether he had made a definite arrangement with any particular banks, but as soon as the powers heard of the consent of the reliable houses to guarantee the payment of the first claims the blockade will be raised. This is expected to be within two or three days.

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Silberstein & Bondy Company.

An Unusual Sale of Handsome Dress Skirts at \$18.50.

That formerly sold at from \$25 to \$65. Not over a hundred all told—all of them beautiful, stylish skirts that the maker closed out to us, because the quantity was small—for him. They include Taffetas, Etamines, Zibelines, Basket Cloths, Silk Nets, Broadcloths. A few have sold at \$25; most of them at \$30, \$35, \$40 and up as high as \$65.

In this lot we have also included several fine skirts from our regular stock—odd ones and twos—while they last—

\$18.50 Each.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

THE STAGE

Duluth welcomed the Bostonians after an absence of seven years, with open arms. The Lyceum was crowded both afternoon and evening. The theater was probably never better filled than at the evening performance.

"John Hoad" was the afternoon bill, and "Maid Marian" the evening. Both are by DeWolf and Smith, but the former is still the great favorite, although the older "Maid Marian" is hardly to be compared with it, although better than a great many of the productions that are termed comic operas.

With the company are two of the old favorites and they met with a reception that for cordiality and enthusiasm could be desired. These are W. H. MacDonald and George Frothingham. Time does not impair their abilities, but seems to rather increase their effectiveness. Mr. C. Barlowe joined the company here, and was unable to appear because of a cold. J. Shurtin played the sheriff very well, however. Harold Gordon is hardly satisfactory as Robin Hood.

Miss Grace Van Stuyt is a charming soprano with a voice rarely beautiful and splendidly trained. Miss Olive Moore, the contralto, is a young woman and has a voice that should make a mark for her, being round and full and of ample volume. Miss Alice Jackson is another charming young singer and will win much favor.

The chorus is a very fine one, large and admirably trained.

The Florida Comedians will present Rip Van Winkle at the Metropolitan this evening, with a matinee Wednesday afternoon. The character of Rip Van Winkle is one of the most famous of the stage, and is attempted by a great number of actors, but few succeed in finding it a role that they can adequately fill. The Florida Comedians promises a production complete in every way.

The latter half of the week will see the presentation of "Granite" on an elaborate scale.

Miss Marie Diefenbach, who will play Rachel in "Milk and Honey" at the Lyceum Wednesday, is a coming actress. During the Shakespearean festival held at the Lyceum, Philadelphia, by Charles H. Hoad and an English company, she played Desdemona in "Othello," Virginia in "King Lear," and Juliet in "Romeo and Juliet." Her splendid work in these important roles was the subject of many favorable criticisms. She was two seasons with the late Thomas W. Keene and one with the famous Elton and Elton company. Last season she played Katherine, a part which she played with great success, and her successful management of the position of leading lady to Mr. Hoad for the coming season.

SHAKESPEARE.

Prof. Maria Sanford of State University Lecturing Here.

Professor Maria Sanford, of the English department of the University of Minnesota, is giving a Shakespearean reading at the High School this afternoon and tonight and will give another.

This afternoon her subject was "Macbeth," and this evening she will talk on "King Lear." Miss Sanford has a national reputation as an authority on Shakespeare and those interested in the great work of the bard of Avon are anxious to hear her on the coming season.

Save the Pennies

And the Dollars will take care of themselves. A A A A A

The cheap laundry is the most expensive in the end. We understand the laundry business, and, as we pay for our mistakes, we can't afford to make any. No bleach is used here. All materials are pure and the best to be had.

THE YALE LAUNDRY,

30 and 32 East First Street.

Telephone 479—or drop a postal.

CASE IS SINGULAR

Frans Gronberg, Who Courts Death, a Man of Brains.

Cannot Speak English and His Education Therefore Lost.

Chemist of Great Fame in Finland, His Home.

In taking the biogametic diameter of Frans Gronberg's playecephalic head, the criminologist expert at police headquarters has discovered that he is suffering from zygomaticophy.

Mr. Gronberg says he is not guilty, but if they will kindly convict him of the charge, he will do all that he can to aid the authorities in the condition that they impose an immediate death sentence.

He desires to die in fact has a tremendous yearning to take his seat in the chair, and like some people striving for high political honors, is not particular how he gets that seat. He is a very rich man, a chemist of great fame in Finland, his home. He is a conversationalist in a number of languages, including Russian, Italian, French or Greek he can discuss psychology, cosmography, mythology, ceramics, dynamics, cosmology and phonology in a manner that would really flutter a sweet girl graduate.

He says he is a Finn, and in his own country he was acknowledged one of the best chemists in the realm. He left a good family and an assured fortune for what he considered better opportunities in this country.

Being unable to talk English, or even American slang, and not being able to work at that in which he was expert, and he sought employment as a laborer.

After being accustomed to work of that sort, his fellow laborers made fun of him, and he finally decided to end all such mockery by taking his own life.

The police are endeavoring to get him in a happy frame of mind before turning him out of jail, but Mr. Gronberg insists on being a hypochondriac.

During a confidential chat with one of the plain clothes men this morning, he intimated that he had a brother who was a sort of nixam or grand mogul, or mad mogul and rajah in the court of the czar of Russia.

As near as the detective could figure it out there was something in what he said, but for the life of him the detective did not know what it was.

The officers expect to have some of Mr. Gronberg's countrymen to take charge of him until they can get him suitable work. They think he is too highly educated to occupy the grave of a suicide.

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Ladies will find the lectures of great interest as ample compensation is furnished. Every lady in Duluth who makes Pure Food a study should attend. Come and bring your lady friends with you. Many new ideas will be intelligently and practically presented to you.

MRS. T. B. WHELOCK.

Observing Japanese Railroad Man Here to Study Iron Traffic.

Superintendent Takuchi Omura of roadways of the Hokkaido Tanaka Railway company, of Japan, is in Duluth to study the transportation of iron and coal by rail. He arrived yesterday from the western end of the Northern Pacific, where he spent some time studying the means of overcoming the snows of that country, and after three days here will proceed to Chicago.

Superintendent Omura is a bright and shrewd man, with his eyes and ears open to hear everything he can regarding American railroads. He says it is interesting and instructive so far as he has gone, and he expects to gain many valuable ideas. Today he was around with local railroad men looking over the terminals, and will probably make a trip to the range before leaving.

Mr. Omura has a road on the Hokkaido, and operates 500 miles of road, which is equipped with 1300 freight cars, 170 passenger cars and 70 locomotives. All American make. The tracks are narrow gauge and the engines smaller than the big "pigs" in this country.

"We have five mines in operation," said Mr. Omura, "and the annual output is in the neighborhood of 600,000 tons, most of which is shipped from the country. I saw in Seattle some machines for loading coal into steamers. I think we shall get some. We load by baskets now. The passenger and freight business has increased materially in Japan in the past year, and the people there are coming to appreciate the importance of the transportation facilities. There are over 4000 miles of road being operated there, and it is making a trip around the world to acquire the latest ideas

Does not harm the Hands

GORHAM SILVER POLISH

Not a soap, but it cleanses. Contains no acid or harmful substance. All reputable jewelers keep it. 25 cents a package.

In railroad, as we intend to expand and modernize all our equipment. There are large numbers of your people coming to our country, and we have begun to teach English in the public schools. The newspapers are being printed with half the matter in English.

Mr. Omura will go to Chicago, Canadian and Eastern points, and then will travel over Europe and make the trip across the Siberian road and back to Japan.

Kodol digests what you eat and enables the stomach and organs to transform all food into rich, red blood. Max Wirtz.

NOTICE!

Owing to the soft condition of the ice, the Central Rink will not be open this evening as advertised. CLOW & JORDAN.

The Bishop's Club.

The program for the meeting of the Bishop's club tomorrow evening is as follows:

Paper—"Industrial Holland".....Miss McCourt.
"Fishes".....Miss O'Brien.
"Pottery and Dishes".....Miss Naughton.
"Agriculture".....Miss Rouch.
"Tulip Industry".....Miss Rouch.
Music.....Miss DeLaurens.

It soothes the bowels, stimulates the liver, cleanses the kidneys, tones the stomach, purges the bowels of all poisonous germs, Rocky Mountain Tea. S. F. BOYCE.

It's folly to suffer from that horrible disease of the feet, itching piles, hemorrhoids, cure, quickly and permanently. At any drug store, 50 cents.

HANDICAPPING HORSES.

Mathematics Made to Play an Important Part.

Handicapping, in the sense this term is used, is a science that is to the stock operator what the pointer is to the gambler. It is a science that is to the stock operator what the pointer is to the gambler. It is a science that is to the stock operator what the pointer is to the gambler.

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ACCEPTS NO MORE

Milwaukee Road Cuts Off Shipments East of Chicago.

Notifies Shippers to This Effect--Congestion Is Severe.

Northern Pacific to Make Record With Belasco Company.

Another indication of the growing seriousness of the freight car famine of the big roads was received here this morning, when the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad officials in Duluth notified all the shippers at the head of the lakes that shipments to points east of Chicago cannot be accepted at this time.

The notices to shippers was a copy of the official notice to the general agent here sent from headquarters. There is no offer of hope for shippers to the future, and the situation of the Milwaukee road at least for freight through Chicago is hopeless.

The congestion may let up in a week or it may not let up for six months," said an official of the company this morning. "We will send no more cars east of Chicago, as there is no chance of getting them back. If we happened to have any Eastern line cars we could get a shipment through, but those cars are scarce up this way."

The Western roads are in fairly good shape, though the scarcity of cars is being felt with them, notwithstanding the rules of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific roads of some weeks standing, that no cars are to be sent to foreign destinations, or let off their lines.

The range roads sent six engines to Pittsburgh a month ago to help relieve the freight car famine on the yards of the Union Traction company at that place. It is possible some more will be sent, but no requests have been sent for them as yet.

A BIG JUMP.

Northern Pacific to Make Time With Belasco Company.

David Belasco's theatrical company, including David Warfield, presenting "The Auctioneer," will hold all records for "jumps" into Duluth, when it arrives here Saturday morning from Helena, Mont., where it has been for two nights will be consumed in the trip, which is to be on a special train owned by the Northern Pacific.

Officials in charge are now arranging "fixings" for a pleasant journey. The company has been doing some successful playrighting in the past, and it is expected that the company will be successful in this trip.

The local city office of the Northern Pacific was notified this morning of the long trip and the expected arrival here at 7:30 o'clock Saturday morning. Some arrangements are to be looked after at this end by City Agent McFadden, and the officials here lay themselves out to perform a good piece of work, as the result of this jump will be talked about for a long time in the "New York for a long time to come."

The "Auctioneer" has been in the east coast for some time, and is a sort of an experiment. Mr. Belasco, considering Mr. Warfield's play, is well known in the country as an actor, and it is expected that the company will be successful in this trip.

The principal obstacle has been the expensive and tedious jump from Montana to the Twin Cities. Mr. Belasco decided that with Mr. Warfield, who is one of the best attractions out of New York after a season there, would be the one to make the test with. What the result will be will be known when Mr. Belasco's company arrives here.

Mr. Belasco's company is well known in the country as an actor, and it is expected that the company will be successful in this trip. The principal obstacle has been the expensive and tedious jump from Montana to the Twin Cities.

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AMITON M. PEYTON, President.

C. A. CONGDON, Vice President. ISAAC S. MOORE, 2nd Asst. Cashier.

The American Exchange Bank

OF DULUTH, MINN. ESTABLISHED 1899.

Capital, \$500,000.00 Surplus, \$200,000.00

We issue certificates of deposit allowing interest at the rate of 2 1/2 per cent per annum from date of deposit, on deposits of any amount for a period of three months or longer.

We invite the accounts and collections of banks, bankers, corporations, firms and individuals.

DIRECTORS:

T. F. COLE, Pres. Oliver Mining Co. and Minnesota Iron Co.

G. A. TOMLINSON, Vessel Owner.

W. C. AGNEW, Manager Mahoning Mine.

JAMES DAVIDSON, Vessel Owner, Bay City, Mich.

S. G. KNOX, Knox Lumber Co.

A. GOWAN, Lumber, Pres. Gowan-Peyton-Twohy Co.

KENNETH CLARK, Pres. Merchants Nat. Bank, St. Paul.

H. M. PEYTON, Peyton, Kimball & Barber.

C. A. CONGDON, Billson & Congdon.

J. D. ENSIGN, Judge District Court.

JAMES C. HUNTER, Cashier.

A person or object, the same being formed by the marginal rays, which pass to the photographic lens, around the edges of the mirror. The mirror being entirely out of focus does not appear on the photographic plate. By this very simple device combined images of various objects may be made upon the same plate.

By a little practice in the adjustment of the mirror and shutter, the proportionate amount of light for the subject and the subject may be regulated. The object of the subject may be regulated. The object of the subject may be regulated. The object of the subject may be regulated.

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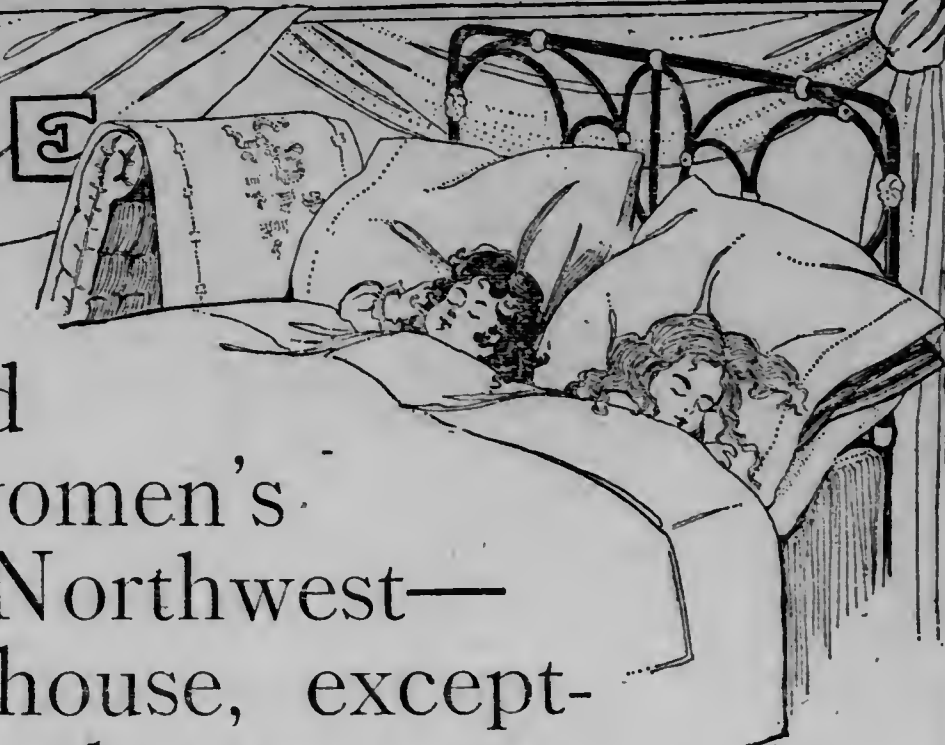
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SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.



ANNUAL WHITE SALE



The opening show of white for nineteen hundred and three saw its birth today—it is a display of beautiful women's and children's undermuslins—second to none in the Northwest—indeed, we doubt if anything superior is shown by any house, excepting perhaps some few in the largest cities, who may show larger quantities of any one kind—the display contains more styles by twice than any previous year—and it contains also finer and better things—this is not a sale

gotten up to see how "cheap" muslin underwear can be sold for—for "cheapness" means poor materials—poor laces and embroideries—poor service and unreliable sizes—"skimped" wherever it is possible—you'll find none of that here—for every article must be and is as right as it can be—as right as you could make it yourself—the materials and trimmings as good as you would buy them. We shall not attempt to throw out any "catch" prices on some few "cheap" sorts, but prefer to have you judge the entire line upon its merits—and by seeing it.

The Undermuslins (as well as the Corsets) are now in their new home on the second floor, and we ask you to come and see it, whether you intend buying or not.

White Goods. Linens. Sheets and Pillow Cases. Bedding and Household Needs of Every Kind.

Values that appeal to sensible women—good, reliable kinds that look good and wear good—kinds that good housekeepers will always feel proud of—

The Fine White Materials!

Lines that were imported direct by us—styles that you will not find at any other store in this vicinity—beautiful vestings for waists and suitings—fine sheer materials, all new and fresh—everything, almost, in the white goods family—and these are hints of the kinds and prices—

Chemise.

At \$1.25—Nainsook Chemise, trimmed around armholes, neck and skirt with hemstitched lawn ruffle, finished at neck with beading and ribbon.

At \$1.50—Nainsook Chemise, trimmed at neck with two rows of lace insertion; beading and ribbon; skirt edged with lace.

\$2.00 Nainsook Chemise, daintily trimmed with Valenciennes lace, two rows of feather stitching; beading and ribbon.

\$2.50—Nainsook Chemise, round neck with Swiss embroidery insertion; lace, beading and wash ribbon.

Petticoats.

\$1.65—Muslin Petticoats with two rows of tuckings and lace insertion and lace edge.

\$1.50—Muslin Petticoats with deep lawn umbrella flounce, three rows of cluster tuckings; full width.

\$1.75—Muslin Petticoats, umbrella flounce and fine lawn with hemstitched tucks; lawn dust ruffle.

\$2.50—Cambric petticoats, umbrella style, deep flounce with five rows of tuckings; finished with lace edge over dust ruffle.

Drawers.

\$1.00 Muslin Drawers—Hemstitched ruffle.

\$1.50 Muslin Drawers with lawn ruffle and cluster of tucks.

\$1.00—Six styles, some with lace trimmings, others of good cambric with hemstitched ruffle, with hemstitched tucks above, cambric and muslin.

\$1.50 Nainsook Drawers with fine 3-inch embroidery ruffle.

\$1.00 and \$1.50—Nainsook and cambric. Several different styles, embroidery and lace trimmings, some with three rows of Valenciennes lace insertion.

Corset Covers.

\$1.00 Cambric Corset Covers—Tight-fitting and full front; embroidery and lace trimmed.

\$1.50 Nainsook Corset Covers—neck trimmed with lace beading and ribbon.

\$1.00 Nainsook Corset Covers—trimmed with two rows of Valenciennes insertion; lace edged heading and ribbon.

\$1.00 Nainsook Corset Covers with fine Valenciennes lace, two rows of beading and insertion.

Night Gowns.

\$1.00—Different styles of Gowns in muslin, cambric and nainsook; lace and embroidery trimmed; some with hemstitching, high, round or square neck.

\$1.25 and \$1.50—An exceptionally choice line of gowns at these prices. Some with low neck and short sleeves—yoke of fine tucks.

\$1.25—Women's extra size Gowns of best muslin, high neck; finished with embroidery, yoke of tucks.

Lace Curtains

In the White Sale.

(Third Floor.)

Brussels Net Curtains.

Regular price \$27.50, White Sale price.....\$24.50
Regular price \$36.00, White Sale price.....\$32.50
Regular price \$24.50, White Sale price.....\$21.50
Regular price \$15.00, White Sale price.....\$11.25
Regular price \$13.50, White Sale price.....\$10.00

Irish Point Curtains.

Regular price \$16.50, White Sale price.....\$11.75
Regular price \$13.50, White Sale price.....\$10.50
Regular price \$9.50, White Sale price.....\$6.75
Regular price \$7.50, White Sale price.....\$4.75

Battenburg Curtains.

Regular price \$13.50, White Sale price.....\$10.50
Regular price \$16.50, White Sale price.....\$12.00
Regular price \$8.75, White Sale price.....\$6.25

Ruffled Net Curtains.

Regular price \$11.00, White Sale price.....\$7.50
Regular price \$9.00, White Sale price.....\$6.25
Regular price \$7.50, White Sale price.....\$5.25
Regular price \$5.50, White Sale price.....\$3.75
Regular price \$3.50, White Sale price.....\$2.25

Cream Damasks.

72-inch heavy Cream Damask—reduced to 50c.

72-inch Cream Damask, pure linen—reduced to 70c.

72-inch best Cream Damask, pure linen—reduced to \$1.00.

72-inch Cream Damask, pure linen, heavy—reduced to 82c.

Napkins to match the above, 18 inches, at \$1.40; 20-inch, \$1.85 dozen.

72-inch best Cream Damask, satin finish—reduced to \$1.25.

72-inch very best Damask, satin finish—reduced to \$1.50.

Bordered Sets.

2x2 yards reduced to \$2.00 set.

2x2½ yards reduced to \$2.00 set.

2x3 yards reduced to \$2.00 set.

2x3½ yards reduced to \$2.00 set.

2x3¾ yards reduced to \$2.00 set.

Napkins.

18x18-inch Silver Bleach, reduced to \$1.00 dozen.

18x18-inch Silver Bleach, reduced to \$1.20 dozen.

22x22-inch Half Bleach, reduced to \$1.50 dozen.

22x22-inch Bleach, reduced to \$2.50 dozen.

22x24-inch Bleach, reduced to \$3.50 dozen.

Linen Towels.

18x36-inch good Huck Towels, white and colored borders—reduced to 12c; \$1.50 dozen.

40x20-inch fine Huck Towels, white and colored borders—reduced to 20c; \$2.25 dozen.

40x20-inch Hemstitched Towels, pure linen—reduced to 25c; \$3.00 dozen.

40x23-inch Hemstitched Towels, pure linen—reduced to 32c; \$3.75 dozen.

50x24-inch Hemstitched Towels, pure linen—reduced to 37½c; \$4.25 dozen.

Bleach Damasks.

66-inch Bleach Damask, heavy, pure linen—reduced to 75c.

72-inch fine Bleach Damask, pure linen—reduced to \$1.00.

72-inch Bleach Damask, fine satin finish—reduced to \$1.15.

Napkins to match, 22-inch—\$3 dozen.

72-inch Bleach Damask, fine satin finish—reduced to \$1.40.

Napkins to match, 24-inch—\$4 dozen.

72-inch Bleach Damask, high satin finish—reduced to \$1.65.

72-inch Bleach Damask, Irish manufactured—reduced to \$2.00.

72-inch Bleach Damask, very best quality—reduced to \$2.45.

Hemstitched Sets.

2x2 yards reduced to \$12.50.

2x2½ yards reduced to \$13.50.

2x3 yards reduced to \$15.00.

2x3½ yards reduced to \$25.00.

2x3¾ yards reduced to \$16.00.

One dozen Napkins with every set.

Linen Cloths.

4-4 size reduced to 65c.

4-4 size reduced to \$1.50.

4-4 size reduced to \$2.00.

4-4 size reduced to \$2.25.

4-4 size reduced to \$2.50.

4-4 size reduced to \$1.00.

Scarfs.

18x54-inch Damask reduced to \$1.25.

18x54-inch Damask reduced to \$1.50.

18x54-inch Damask reduced to \$1.50.

18x54-inch Embroidered reduced to \$1.00.

18x54-inch Embroidered, reduced to \$1.25.

Fringed Dollies.

Fringed Damask reduced to \$1.00 dozen.

Fringed Damask reduced to \$1.50 dozen.

Fringed Damask reduced to \$2.25 dozen.

Fringed Damask reduced to \$2.75 dozen.

Infants' White Wear.

50c Infants' fine Nainsook Slips, neatly finished at neck and sleeves.

50c Infants' Long Skirts, made of soft finish cambric, finished with ruffle.

\$1.00 Infants' Slips of Nainsook; yoke of lace insertion, neck and sleeves trimmed with dainty edge.

\$1.50 Infants' Nainsook Slips, (strictly hand made), trimmed with fine tucks, feather-stitching; Valenciennes lace at neck and sleeves.

\$2.00 Long Skirts on Nainsook, trimmed with fine tucks, feather-stitching and lace.

\$2.25 Infants' Long Dresses of fine lawn, trimmed with dainty embroidery and narrow lace edge at neck and sleeves.

32-INCH BEAUTIFUL MERCERIZED OXFORDS—The finest imported goods; stripes and brocaded effects—\$1.25 yard.

@ 30-INCH HANDSOME EMBROIDERED FRENCH PIQUES, for waists and suits—\$1.25 yard.

EXQUISITE FANCY SWISSES in exclusive dress lengths—\$5.00 to \$15.00. Small and large designs.

TROUSSE LOEIL NOVELTY—Highest mercerized novelty, medium weight; stripes and checks—45c.

POMPADOUR NOVELTY—Handsome floral effects; for waists and whole suits—40c.

NEW MERCERIZED ETAMINES—Plain and fancy effects; light and heavy weights—25c to 75c.

NEW FANCY FRENCH PIQUES—Beautiful dot and floral effects; light and heavy weights—25c to 75c.

NEW DOTTED SWISSES—Imported and domestic; large variety of dots—12½c to 75c.

NEW FRENCH CHOISIE—Medium weight; small floral effect. Pretty for whole suits and waists; 20-inch—60c a yard.

NEW PLAIN PIQUES—Imported and domestic; small, medium and large cords—15c to 75c a yard.

NEW FRENCH GRANITE—Handsome striped effects. For shirt waists and whole suits—30c.

CROISE FRANCAIS—Dainty novelty of medium weight; floral effects—35c.

FRENCH REP—Fine imported novelty; all pretty designs; beautiful to launder—25c.

NEW HEAVY BASKET WEAVE—Soft and free from dressing; 32-inch—20c a yard.

NEW FANCY DOMESTIC OXFORDS—Soft finish; heavy weight; 32-inch—18c a yard.

NEW SHEER NOVELTIES—Some of pretty hemstitched effects; 28-inch—12½c a yard.

NEW IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC DIMITIES—Very large assortment; checks and stripes—10c up to 50c a yard.

India Linens.

30-inch reduced to.....8c

32-inch reduced to.....11c

32-inch reduced to.....14c

32-inch reduced to.....18c

40-inch reduced to.....25c

40-inch reduced to.....30c

40-inch reduced to.....35c

40-inch reduced to.....40c

40-inch reduced to.....45c

40-inch reduced to.....50c

Nainsooks.

30-inch reduced to.....14c

30-inch reduced to.....18c

30-inch reduced to.....22c

30-inch reduced to.....26c

30-inch reduced to.....30c

30-inch reduced to.....34c

30-inch reduced to.....38c

30-inch reduced to.....42c

30-inch reduced to.....46c

30-inch reduced to.....50c

Long Cloths.

36-inch reduced to.....10c

36-inch reduced to.....12½c

36-inch reduced to.....15c

36-inch reduced to.....17c

36-inch reduced to.....19c

36-inch reduced to.....21c

36-inch reduced to.....23c

36-inch reduced to.....25c

Cambrics.

36-inch reduced to.....9c

36-inch reduced to.....11c

36-inch reduced to.....13c

36-inch reduced to.....15c

36-inch reduced to.....17c

36-inch reduced to.....19c

36-inch reduced to.....21c

36-inch reduced to.....23c

36-inch reduced to.....25c

36-inch reduced to.....27c

36-inch reduced to.....29c

36-inch reduced to.....31c

36-inch reduced to.....33c

36-inch reduced to.....35c

36-inch reduced to.....37c

36-inch reduced to.....39c

36-inch reduced to.....41c

Bedspreads.

Full size fringed bedspread reduced to \$1.25.

Fine Dimity Bedspreads reduced to \$2.50.

Fine Satin Bedspreads, fringed, reduced to \$2.50.

Best Colored Satin Bedspreads, fringed, reduced to \$3.00.

Very fine Marseilles Bedspreads, reduced to \$4.00.

Very best Marseilles Bedspreads, reduced to \$5.00.

All better grades at reduced prices.

72x90 fine brown sheets reduced to 40c.

81x90 fine brown sheets reduced to 50c.

SHEETS—Plain, Bleach—

72x90 reduced to.....54c

81x90 reduced to.....58c

90x90 reduced to.....62½c

SHEETS—Hemstitched—

72x90 reduced to.....58c

81x90 reduced to.....62c

90x90 reduced to.....66c

PILLOW CASES—Plain—

36x42 reduced to.....12½c

36x45 reduced to.....14½c

36x50 reduced to.....15½c

36x54 reduced to.....16½c

PILLOW CASES—Hemstitched—

36x42 reduced to.....15c

36x45 reduced to.....17c

36x50 reduced to.....18c

36x54 reduced to.....19c

36x58 reduced to.....20c

36x62 reduced to.....21c

36x66 reduced to.....22c

Towelings.

16-inch Bleach Toweling, all pure linen, reduced to 8c.

16-inch Light Brown Toweling, all pure linen, reduced to 8c.

21-inch Light Brown Toweling, all pure linen, reduced to 10c.

4-inch Bleach Toweling, extra heavy, all pure linen, reduced to 12c.

19-inch Bleach Home-spun Toweling—shrink, pure linen—reduced to 14c.

20-inch best Bleach Toweling, pure linen reduced to 17c.

Turkish Towels.

Fine Brown Turkish Towels, heavy and durable, reduced to 14c.

Fine Bleach Turkish Towels, extra good, reduced to 16c.

Fine Brown Turkish Towels, extra large size, reduced to 20c.

Fine Bleach Turkish Towels with red border, extra large, reduced to 25c.

Fine Bleach Turkish Towels, extra-ordinary large, reduced to 45c

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG
GLASS BLOCK
STORE. WHERE
QUALITY IS
PARAMOUNT

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"Must-go prices" this week, before taking stock

FREE.

A cup of coffee with delicate wafers, served free from 9 till 12 a. m., from 1:30 to 5:30 p. m. Come and have a cup of the FAMOUS BELL COFFEE and a delightful lunch. Served on the third floor.

Next Saturday we "take stock." We are finding every day instances of goods on hand which we ought under no consideration to carry over. We will not carry them over if offering them to you for less than they cost us at wholesale will cause you to buy them.

They are all seasonable goods, worthy goods, goods you need, goods you will have to buy sometime. If you buy now you can save money. If you wait you will have to pay maybe twice or three times as much for the goods later on. You know we do as we say. Every reduction offered on this page is genuine.

Tomorrow morning the pouring of bargain lots into the price-chopper begins in earnest. Some lots are small, some are larger. As fast as lots are closed out others will take their place. Come early for anything you see here that you want—at such prices they'll go.

FREE.

A regularly licensed optician is in charge of optical department.

Eyes examined free, and proper glasses prescribed for all defects of vision.

Most perfect facilities in Duluth for proper examination of eyes.

Half price in underwear dept.

for all sorts of winter woolen goods. Special half-price lots for pre-inventory week.

25c for women's white wool knit fascinators; extra sizes regularly priced at 50c each.

37½c for women's novelty hosiery in fancy and black lises; fancy foot patterns. A collection of 75c stockings to go at half price.

50c for women's all-wool imported German knit undershirts, the regular price of which is \$1.00 each.

10c for the 20c kind of women's fast black, fleece lined hose.

12½c for the 25c kind of children's black Merino hose, in all sizes and good weights.

Some more glove bargains.

All that remain of last week's glove bargains continue on sale this week—with these additional enticing extras for pre-inventory week:

8c a pair for ladies' all-wool single mittens. Special pre-inventory bargains.

10c a pair for infants' wool mittens in blue, white and red. Extra values.

15c a pair for ladies' double wool mittens; black and red only.

\$1.00 a pair for ladies' black astrakhan gloves with much palm, heavily fleece lined. The warmest glove next to sealskin.

Musical instruments sacrificed

Our regular prices are about half what music stores charge. When we make these reductions there's really no comparison.

\$2.25 for 7-rib polished mandolins and for well-made, polished guitars; absolutely perfect scale; made by skilled union labor; sold regularly by music stores for \$6.00 to \$8.50.

\$16.50 for a fine-toned, regular \$25.00 violin this week. An instrument worthy the hand and touch of the connoisseur.

3c for first quality mandolin strings.

15c for regular 25c violin strings.

Tams, stocking caps, hats.

Hundreds of odds and ends in the millinery room almost given away. Worth as much as ever. Only we REFUSE to carry them over.

29c for angora wool tams, every one of which is worth the regular price—65c.

19c for ribbed wool stocking caps for girls and boys, each worth 25c or 35c.

19c for baby bonnets, all worth up to 50c each; white and colors; take your choice.

49c for women's gray and tan ready-to-wear hats, worth \$1.25 each.

\$1.69 and \$1.05 each, for a lot of ladies' dress hats, worth up to \$7.50. Chance to pick out a wonderful bargain.

Toilet articles much reduced.

5c for 10c and 15c bottle of perfumes with sprinkler tops or in little baskets; also many other odds and ends worth up to 25c.

10c for 25c boxes of rice powder, 25c white hair brushes, 35c powder puffs, 50c bottles Aspalina hair tonic, Coke's 25c shampoo soap, genuine brown Windsor glycerine and turtle oil soap.

25c for triplicate mirrors; good glass, metal frames and chain, decorated backs, neat, pretty, strong, serviceable; hitherto sold for 45c each.

Pillow and portiere plums

Are to be picked this week. Lots are small, so better come early.

98c a pair for feather pillows containing 3½ lbs of feathers and selling regularly for \$1.25 a pair.

\$2.25 a pair for pillows containing 3½ lbs of selected feathers and covered with fancy ticking. Regular price \$2.75 a pair.

The closing week of our most successful white sale.

Two weeks of our January white sale have passed. The third and last week began today with a collection of muslin underwear, wash goods, white goods embroideries, laces, linens and domestic cottons as large as all others at the head of the lakes combined. Nothing finer in lingerie is to be found than the imported hand made wear from the cloisters of sunny France. And even the cheapest American product is made under best sanitary conditions. We insist on it. Sweat-shop product must go to other stores. We have none of it.

| | |
|---------------------------|----------------|
| White night gowns | 49c to \$16.00 |
| White drawers, from | 15c to \$8.50 |
| White chemise, from | 39c to \$7.50 |
| White corset covers, from | 12c to \$5.00 |
| White undershirts, from | 59c to \$16.00 |

New 1903 white goods for waists and dresses—We will not be undersold.

Table linens in great variety, all grades. Towels—huck and Turkish, all sorts and grades. Muslins and sheetings in all the standard makes. Ready-made sheets and pillow cases very reasonable. Embroideries—greatest showing ever in Duluth. Stamped linens for all sorts of fancy work.

Our values are always best.



West bargain counter.

Wash goods sensation.

The week will witness, beginning today, a bargain counter sale of wash goods such as has not been known in Duluth.

4000 yards of 25c zephyr ginghams in handsome striped designs, white and colored grounds, with pink, oxblood, blue and green stripes. Also 25c and 35c madras waists in colored and satin stripe effects on white grounds—all on the bargain counter at, per yard **11c**

East bargain counter.

Soiled book clearance.

Every soiled, marred or dog-eared book in the house at less than cost of paper—values 10c to \$3.00 at—**5c, 10c, 15c, 25c, 50c and 75c**

Fancy goods sacrificed.

Pin cushions, imported novelties, selling at 25c, 35c and 50c, all go at—**15c**
Swiss shams and scarfs, selling at 75c and 95c—now go at—**59c**
Stamped linen center pieces, selling at 45c and 50c, now go at—**25c**
Brainard & Armstrong's 4c embroidery silk—soiled skeins go at—per skein—**1c**

Cloak, suit, skirt and waist sacrifices this week.

Surprises in the way of cut-below-cost prices in the cloak and suit room will come every day this week. Today we began them with these save-your-money special bargains. You know we do as we say. Every bargain is genuine and exactly as advertised.

98c for \$2.00 Wrappers—Last week before stock counting. We want to reduce the wrapper stock.

Flannelette and percale wrappers, embroidery trimmed and ruffled shoulders, deep flounce and full width skirts, at **98c**

\$1.09 for Misses' \$3.50 Skirts—Tailor-made skirts, dress and walking styles; made exactly like the skirts for full grown women; correct fashions for this winter; brown, gray and blue skirts for big and little girls; all worth \$3.50.

This week **\$1.99**

Great **23c** Wash Sale **Waists**

We have 300 white lawn and cambric waists, with embroidery edging, inserting and French tucks. They are waists worth \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50. All sizes, 32 to 42. Entire lot on sale Tuesday at 23c each.

\$1.09 for Misses' \$4.75 Coats—Here less than half price. Melton yoke jackets, velvet trimmed, cuff sleeves, good linings; colors blue, red, castor and brown; sizes 13 years up; will fit smaller sized women. Reduced from \$4.75 to **\$1.99**

\$1.09 for \$7.50 Dress Skirts—Women's black dress skirts, lined and unlined; black chevrot and black taffeta silk. Some elaborately trimmed; worth \$7.50 and up. Tuesday, **\$4.98** at

Embroideries—extra special.

More fashionable than ever, the right embroideries are very scarce. We ordered last August. Now we have them from the cheapest, 4c a yard, to the best at \$4.50.

Nainsook sets, edges and insertions to match, at, per yard—**8c, 10c, 12½c, 15c, 20c, 25c, 35c, 45c and up to 75c.**

Fine Swiss sets, flouncings and skirtings, at per yard—**10c, 12½c, 15c, 18c, 20c, 25c, 35c and up to \$2.75.**

Cambric sets, edges from 2½ inches to 14 inches; splendid cloth and good edge—**5c, 7c, 8c, 10c, 12½c, 15c, 19c, 25c, 35c and 45c.**

Insertions to match, at—**4c, 5c, 6c, 7c, 8c and 10c.**

Linen sale at its best.

The white sale will close with the noise of breaking prices in the linen section—on Glass Block high class linens.

| | |
|---|--------|
| 36-inch muslin—bleached; 8c quality | 5½c |
| 18-inch damask toweling, sold at 5c | 3½c |
| 18c bleached Turkish towels—18x36-inch | 10c |
| 12½c pillow cases; ready-made; 45x36-inch | 10c |
| 64-inch cream damask, Irish manufacture, at | 29c |
| 64-inch cream damask, all linen, at | 39c |
| 60-inch silver bleached, all linen, at | 50c |
| 27-inch bleached satin damask, \$1.25 value at | \$1.00 |
| 3-4 all linen napkins, full bleached; worth \$4.00, at | \$3.00 |
| 5-8 cream napkins, extra heavy, all linen, worth \$2.00, at | \$1.65 |
| 24x50 all linen huck towels, damask borders, hemstitched, worth 50c, at | 32½c |

Better shoe bargains than ever before in Duluth.

89c a pair for 50c pairs of all sorts of women's and misses' winter shoes—felt shoes, felt soles, fleece lined shoes and all leather shoes—the cheapest in the lot are worth \$1.50—the best are worth \$3.00—All go tomorrow at 89c a pair.

98c Ladies' \$1.50 slippers will be slaughtered tomorrow at 98c a pair.

\$2.69 Gray's \$3.50 to \$4.50 shoes—every pair in the house, all in this sale at \$2.69 a pair.

Ladies' 50c storm rubbers **33c**

Ladies' \$2.00 buckle arctics **\$1.25**

Ladies' fleece lined 75c storm rubbers **50c**

Child's fleece lined 45c storm rubbers **30c**

Ladies' 50c bath slippers **25c**

Child's fancy velvet slippers 8 to 2 **19c**

Ladies' \$1 jersey cloth alskas, sizes 2½ to 4½ **75c**

Ladies' \$1.25 fine jersey cloth leggings **75c**

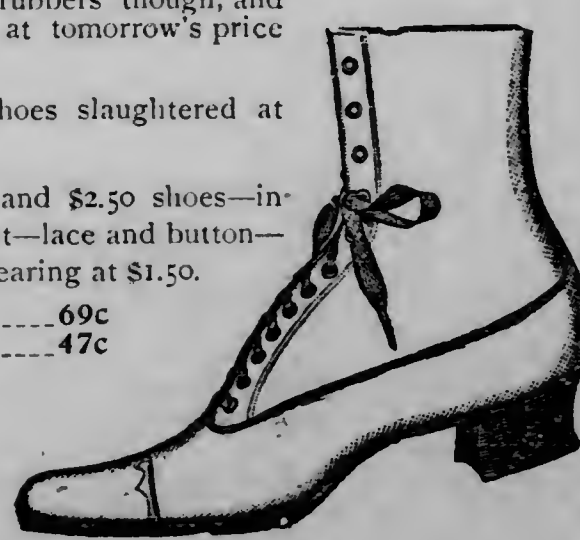
9c a pair for 20c pairs of ladies' and misses' rubbers; sizes 2½ to 4 only—they are odds and ends—they are not new stock—they are good rubbers though, and it's like finding money to get them at tomorrow's price 9c a pair.

49c Children's 75c and \$1.00 shoes slaughtered at 49c a pair.

\$1.50 200 pairs ladies' \$2.00 and \$2.50 shoes—in light and heavy weight—lace and button—patent leather and kid—all sizes; clearing at \$1.50.

Boys' \$1 buckle arctics **69c**

Youths' buckle arctics **47c**



Special men's gloves, mittens.

All the men's winter gloves are the victims of the slaughtering pen that marks down the prices this week.

25c and 50c a pair for heavy buck mittens with horseshoe palms and wool lining. These prices are just half the regular.

50c a pair—just half price—for men's astrakhan gloves and mittens with lambs' wool lining.

\$1.00 a pair for men's fur gauntlet gloves, lined with lambs' wool and every pair a \$2 value.

\$1.25 for the \$2.50 kind of fur gauntlet mitts, with corduroy trimmings and lambs' wool linings.

Half price for men's underwear.

37½c for men's 75c fancy percale shirts, some soft and some stiff bosoms; detached cuffs; some with collars.

50c for men's \$1.00 quality natural wool, fleece-lined shirts and drawers. Grand values this week.

75c for men's \$1.50 quality, extra fine fleece-lined shirts and drawers. A chance to get a good article for a little price.

\$1.00 each for men's extra heavy all-wool sweaters; regularly \$2.00 each and some even higher. Come for them this week.

Men's hats and caps reduced.

Better get acquainted with the best values in the Glass Block. Correct styles, priced way below all other stores' prices on qualities equally good. See this week's specials.

\$1.49 for men's new shape derby and soft hats, worth \$2 and \$2.50. A clean-up is ordered. Black, grays and browns; all sizes.

49c for men's winter caps in all the new shapes, with fancy silk linings; drop backs and ear tabs. Caps worth 75c; all going at this price.

Mottled velvet carpet bargain.

The best bargain we could pick out on the carpet floor for this week is a lot of 15 rolls of mottled velvet carpet for stairs, hall, diningrooms, libraries, etc. The regular price is 79c a yard. We will close out this lot at—per yard **59c**

Added wall paper interest.

We sold several hundred bundles of those wall papers mentioned last week. This week we will have all the good things in the entire wall paper stock where you can get at them and see them.

25c per bundle and upwards—200 or more bundles—paper for one, two, three or more rooms; side walls, ceilings, and borders. We sell the entire bundle—the whole bunch.

3½c per roll for choice from fifty different patterns of good papers, from which you can buy all you want, from one roll up.

Basement crockery and glass.

These prices cannot be maintained all the week because the lots will not last. Better come tomorrow for these;

5c for 10c kind of glass measuring cups, with handled and graduated measuring rule.

10c for the 15c kind of English decorated cups and saucers; good colors in underglaze decorations. Cheap at 15c each.

8c for plates to match the cups and saucers—dinner size.

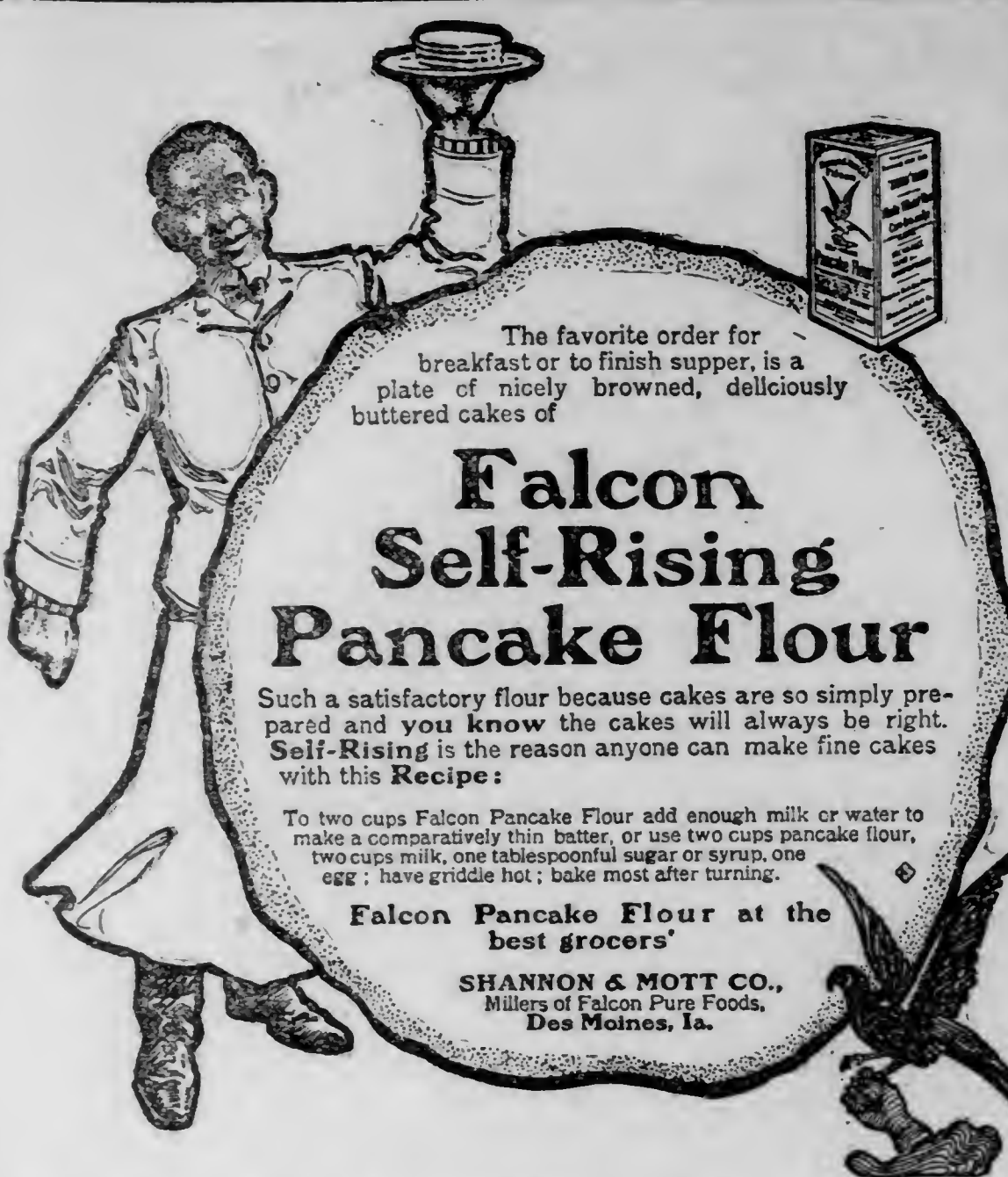
Basement wringer specials

95c for Challenge wringer, worth little, but cheap at this cut price.

\$1.59 for the Rival; guaranteed for one year. A special bargain.

\$1.69 for the Novelty; guaranteed for three years. Special bargain for this sale.

\$2.89 for the Royal; guaranteed for five years. Special grand money-saving chance.



The favorite order for breakfast or to finish supper, is a plate of nicely browned, deliciously buttered cakes of

Falcon Self-Rising Pancake Flour

Such a satisfactory flour because cakes are so simply prepared and you know the cakes will always be right. Self-Rising is the reason anyone can make fine cakes with this Recipe:

To two cups Falcon Pancake Flour add enough milk or water to make a comparatively thin batter, or use two cups pancake flour, two cups milk, one tablespoonful sugar or syrup, one egg, have griddle hot, bake after turning.

Falcon Pancake Flour at the best grocers'

SHANNON & MOTT CO.,
Millers of Falcon Pancake Flour,
Des Moines, Ia.

WOLCOTT PULLS OUT

Accepts Election of Teller as United States Senator.

Urges People of Colorado to Also Accept Situation.

Charges Certain Republican Anti-Wolcott Leaders With Treachery.

Denver, Col. Jan. 26.—The climax in the senatorial fight in Colorado came last night when ex-Senator E. C. Wolcott, the candidate of the so-called "stalwart" wing of the Republican party, announced his practical withdrawal from any further contest and urged the people of Colorado to accept the situation as it stands by the election Saturday of Senator Henry M. Teller to succeed himself by the joint action of the Democratic senators and representatives.

The announcement in a signed statement in which Mr. Wolcott charges certain Republican leaders with treachery, deliberate and continued, although he disposes of other members of the anti-Wolcott group by criticizing them as "dupes" of the main conspirators.

He refers to the refusal of the anti-Wolcott members of the legislature to unseat the Democratic members from Arapahoe county and calls it a crime against the Republican party and against justice.

Mr. Wolcott, whom that Lieut. Governor Hanson, who withdrew from the senatorial contest, and with less than a dozen senators whose seats were undisputed, organized a committee to investigate the charges against the anti-Wolcott group, and who were charged with supporting "follies" from the legislature.

Continuing, Mr. Wolcott said: "There are those who, in the name of the general assembly, at the last one-fifty-five Democrats voted for Teller. No other party could have done so. The decision of Mr. Teller, who was elected to the senate, is the only one that can be done and that is for the people to accept the senatorial situation and the government of the state to issue a certificate of election to Mr. Teller."

Mr. Wolcott says that important matters requiring the attention of the legislature, therefore, the senatorial contest should not be further continued. He says that in no sense was he a party to the senatorial contest, although he was the beneficiary. He says the following tributes to the senator-elect:

"He has served Colorado nearly a generation at Washington and whatever may be our regret that he no longer marches to the ranks of the party which has health and strength and believes that he is single-minded in his devotion to his material interests of the state."

Mr. Wolcott concludes his statement by saying that for himself he has not the slightest sense of personal disappointment, nor does he cherish rancor toward anybody. He declares he will always be found in the ranks of the Republican party of Colorado.

IRONWOOD CITY ATTORNEY Stricken With Heart Disease on a Train.

Chicago, Jan. 26.—Charles E. Miller, city attorney of Ironwood, Mich., died in Chicago Saturday.

The Twentieth Century limited could not bring the attorney to Chicago fast enough to save his life.

Edward D. Hoechehr, conductor of the Pullman car in which Miller came to Chicago, was a witness to the attorney's death. The train had left Cleveland but a few minutes when Hoechehr was summoned to Miller's berth. The attorney was writhing in pain, and said he was suffering from heart disease.

"I hope it will get better," said Miller to the conductor. "In any event I am going to Chicago."

Near Toledo Hoechehr again saw Miller. The pain was constant and the patient very pale. He was removed to the smoking compartment and the windows thrown open so that he might have plenty of cool air. A hundred miles out of Chicago the pain grew worse. His hopes of leaving the train in a carriage faded, and he asked that an ambulance be summoned.

Miller said little to Hoechehr until the ambulance turned into Twelfth street. Then he said he was sure he was dying. He attempted to speak to Hoechehr later, but the sentences were checked by death's agent.

Miller, who left New York Friday afternoon, was 49 years old. His family lives at Ironwood. Death was caused by fatty degeneration of the heart complicated with gastritis.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory, or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce, William A. Abbott, R. C. Sweeney.

KILLED FROM AMBUSH.

Michener, Ky. Jan. 26.—Henry Cummings, notorious among the highwaymen of the mountains, met death from ambush before daybreak here yesterday on one of the principal streets. James Adley Turner, who was walking with him, was shot in the arm. The assassin is unknown. It is common report that Cummings killed John Gorham, resident of the United Mine Workers, two years ago. Greenwood Ward soon after that, and about a year ago Abraham Egan, a Kentuckian, while the death of others is generally attributed to Cummings, so that it is almost impossible for officers to get a clue as to the assassins.

Theoretically, the buffet-smoking-library car of the Golden State Limited

is for men only.

Practically, it isn't. It is a favorite resort for lady passengers—a place where they go for an hour or two, while husband, brother, father or friend talks tariff revision and smokes fragrant cigar.

The Golden State Limited leaves Kansas City daily. Only a little more than two days to Los Angeles. Stops at Santa Barbara, San Francisco, Electric lights, electric bath, barber shop, book-lovers' library, comfortable and standard sleepers; observation, dining and library cars. Runs over the El Paso-Rock Island route. In Route and Southern Pacific Company. Daily connections from St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Tickets, berths and full service at any railway ticket office, or by address: Golden State Limited, 100 N. W. Ave., St. Paul, Minn.

EFFECT OF TARIFFS

Method of Applying the Maximum and Minimum Tariffs.

How They Work In Other Parts of the World.

Spain, France, Russia, Brazil, Greece and Norway Use Them.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, Jan. 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—The introduction of a maximum tariff proposition in the senate and its discussion lends interest to a statement recently published by the treasury bureau of statistics regarding the maximum and minimum tariffs of the world and their method of application.

The maximum and minimum tariff system, it says, is distinguished from others, first of all, in its form. Instead of having two rates for a few articles it has two rates on most articles. It has two rates on most articles on which duties are imposed, and for this reason is frequently called the double tariff system. In the application of these rates the maximum schedule corresponds to the general schedule and the minimum schedule to the conventional schedule of convention tariffs, since the minimum rates are given only to those countries which receive the most-favored-nation treatment. The characteristic difference between the two systems, however, arises from the difference in the way the minimum schedule is not drawn up by negotiations between the executives of two countries, but is framed by the legislative body at the same time that the maximum schedule is made. That is, the legislative power fixes two rates of duty on each article in the tariff. The higher rate is the one which fixes the maximum extent to which the duty may be lowered on entering the country; the lower, or minimum rate, is the one which fixes the minimum extent to which the duty may be lowered. If it is desired to make commercial treaties at any time, these two rates show the exact limits between which the treaty rates are to be fixed.

The countries at present using a multiple or maximum and minimum tariff system are Spain, France, Russia, Brazil, Greece and Norway.

The present tariff of Spain dates from 1822, when the commercial treaties were denounced and a consistent scheme of double rates was drawn up. At the same time Spain's tariff administration announced its intention of no longer making unconditional most-favored-nation treaties with other countries at once became strained. A tariff war broke out with Germany, and the Spanish tariff rates were raised as a result of the tariff war. The relations at present are mainly on the basis of a provisional most-favored-nation treatment.

In 1832 Russia adopted a system somewhat similar to that of France, in that it had a maximum and minimum tariff system. The Russian tariff schedule (which was in use prior to 1832) the minimum schedule of the new tariff, and placed increases ranging as high as 20 per cent over the minimum. Russia was not able to uphold the plan in its entirety, and to make a consistent commercial treaty with France and Germany, in which reductions on the minimum rates were given. It was therefore, Russia's tariff system is composed of a maximum, and a conventional schedule. The conventional schedule is given to countries having most-favored-nation agreements, the minimum rates to other countries.

The maximum and minimum system has been used in case of a tariff war. The Brazilian tariff of 1890 is arranged in a similar manner. The Russian tariff contains maximum and minimum rates, the latter to be applied to those countries which are not treated as most-favored-nation, especially coffee, on a favorable basis. The experience of Greece with its maximum and minimum system has been similar to that of Russia. The law of 1852 provided maximum and minimum rates, but the later commercial treaties reduced the latter, so that at present the rates applied to most-favored-nation countries are partially the conventional rates and partially the minimum rates.

In Norway the maximum rates are in force, but the minimum rates are used only in case Norwegian goods are treated less favorably than those of any other country. These rates are to be used in case of a tariff.

Although Spain was the first country to attempt to use the system of maximum tariffs, France may be regarded as the country which has given the system its present prominence. The first efforts to have it adopted as the tariff system of France were made by M. Melme early in the '70s and again in 1881, but the attempts were unsuccessful; ten years later, however, the demand for higher rates of duty became stronger, and Melme's party viewed the plan with more favor. The method of having conventional tariffs with the various countries and with France had commercial intercourse was the cause of much dissatisfaction at the time, as the investigation of the superior council of commerce showed. The existing treaties were denounced, and Melme's bill, after some modifications, was adopted in January, 1892. The underlying idea of the plan was that the legislative body should fix the limits of the tariff rates below which the executive could not go in the effort to establish commercial connections with other countries. That is, the home industries were to be assured that they would not be disturbed by attempts to alter tariff rates in the minimum schedule and perfect stability of conditions was thus hoped for. On the other hand, the law made it to the advantage of foreign countries to grant concessions to France, in return for which they received the rates of the minimum and maximum rates as large as possible, so that there would be a gain if the minimum rate were secured and a loss if it were not. The author of this bill also desired that the largest possible number of treaties should be included in the two schedules, as that would in-

crease the power of compelling other countries to grant low rates in return for the rates of the minimum tariff. If any country refused to grant either the most-favored-nation treatment to French goods, or to apply tariff rates which the French officials considered enough, the maximum tariff rates were to be imposed on all goods coming from or through that country.

The rates in the two tariffs differ by about 75 per cent—that is, the maximum rates average about 75 per cent higher than those of the minimum tariff. Agricultural products were, however, given the same rates in both the maximum and minimum schedules. By special decree the administration was authorized to grant the minimum tariff to all countries which, before 1892, had the way open to the selling of French commodities the most-favored-nation treatment. Accordingly, the minimum tariff was subjected to the complete maximum tariff, and the United States to part of it.

The commission was not successful in maintaining the minimum tariff intact; Switzerland was able to obtain a concession on some machinery articles, after a tariff war of three years, while Russia secured some concessions for its petroleum products, and reductions on miscellaneous articles.

MAJ. SCOTT Issues Strong Letter on Selling Liquor to Indians.

Cass Lake, Minn., Jan. 26.—Special to The Herald.—Major George L. Scott, acting Indian agent, at Leech Lake agency, has issued the following letter to the payment of the Chippewa Indians: Leech Lake agency, Jan. 27; Cross Lake, Feb. 2; Red Lake, Feb. 4; and 5; Cass Lake, Feb. 7; Bemidji, Feb. 9 and 10; Walker, Feb. 15; then continue payment of the double tariff system. The amount per capita is: Stumpage money, \$3.00 and annuity, \$5.14, a total for each Indian of \$8.14.

Major Scott, to make it plain that he is not a party to the selling of liquor to the Indians, has issued a strong letter under his signature to the Walker people. He concludes by saying: "I have patiently borne the imposition of having a drunken mob of Indians thrust upon me almost daily, in the name of the Chippewa Indians, and have endeavored to remedy this state of affairs by every measure and creating friction between the village and the agency, but to no avail. I am unworthy to the Indians, dishonest to the department and to the government, and I am a disgrace to my name. This has come as a severe blow to those in Walker, who have tried to get the liquor out of the village and county authorities at Walker."

TOO MUCH "JOSHING" Discourages Dr. Wiley, Who Is Dubbed "Borax."

Washington, Jan. 26.—Dr. Wiley, the chemist of the agricultural department, may have to abandon his experiments regarding food preservatives, because the public has made so much sport of his "possession" of borax, that he cannot be induced to look seriously at any results which may be obtained.

"It's getting so bad," said Dr. Wiley plaintively, "that people point to me on the street and say, 'There goes the man that runs Uncle Sam's cooking school.'"

Dr. Wiley moped his forehead with his handkerchief and looked helpless. "There goes Borax," he said. "Now, I don't like that sort of thing. 'Borax' is a name, it's not so bad when they converse in whispers about the 'cooking school,' but when they say 'Borax' it's too much," and Dr. Wiley settled down in his chair with the air of a man whose dignity is being crushed by the continuity of the populace.

"Why, the thing has spread even to the professors," he continued, "and I'm up to my neck in it. The name will stick, that's what it will. I'll stick to it, and I can't do anything to prevent it. Dr. Wiley moped his forehead with his handkerchief and looked helpless. "There goes Borax," he said. "Now, I don't like that sort of thing. 'Borax' is a name, it's not so bad when they converse in whispers about the 'cooking school,' but when they say 'Borax' it's too much," and Dr. Wiley settled down in his chair with the air of a man whose dignity is being crushed by the continuity of the populace.

SAFE AT LAST. Steamer Dawson City, Supposed to Be Lost, Arrives.

Port Townsend, Wash., Jan. 26.—The steamer Dawson City, eighty-six days from Nome, reached port yesterday under sail, after a tempestuous voyage. The entire trip was marked by a succession of accidents and expending delays, while the fury of the elements seemed to combine to injure her passage to her destination. Soon after starting south the boilers commenced leaking, with the result that the fresh water supply was consumed. Then the fuel began to run short and the vessel was forced to resort to such canvas aboard as could be fashioned into sails. The vessel put into Port Moller for fuel and water, and after remaining two weeks, started again, only to run into fierce storms, which drove her from her course. Again fuel ran out so that the Dawson City headed for Dutch Harbor. At that port her sailors deserted and refused to continue the voyage. The run from Dutch Harbor to Port Townsend was made in 22 days, a very good showing considering the weather and the facilities for handling the cargo. The Dawson City brought no passengers except her owners, Felix Brown, of Seattle, and his wife.

THE SECRET OF LONG LIFE. Consists in keeping all the main organs of the body in healthy, regular action and in quickly destroying deadly disease germs. Curing Kidney troubles, Liver and Gallbladder, purify the blood, and give a splendid appetite. They work wonders in all cases of indigestion, Female Complaints, Nervous Disease, Rheumatism, and Migraine, and give vigor and strength always follow their use. Only 50c, guaranteed by W. A. Abbott, druggist.

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UNION MUTUAL INS. CO., Palladio Bldg.

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NATIONAL ADJUSTMENT CO. (Inc.), 513 Palladio.

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STRENGTH IN STOCKS

**Market Opened Strong
and Higher and
Ruled Firm.**

**Good Buying In St. Paul,
Atchison and Mis-
souri Pacific.**

**St. Paul Was Bid Up
on Talk of New
Rights.**

New York, Jan. 26.—Light buying orders at the opening carried prices up a fraction all around. Relief was professed over the prospect of a Venezuelan settlement. Texas Pacific rose a point and Louisville & Nashville, Southern Pacific, Erie, Rock Island, Missouri Pacific and others large odd fractions.

Prices were then advanced strongly with considerable animation. General Electric rose buoyantly $\frac{5}{8}$ and gains of a point or more were recorded by leading stocks among the grangers and Pacifies, Erie, New York Central and Pressed Steel Car. The buying halted before 11

The market relapsed into profound inertia, the temporary spread in activity and the temporary rise in prices practically imperceptible. The reaction designed by traders for the neglect of the market for the question of the Venezuelan question. Bonds were at a noon.

Price drift uncertainly, but held well above Saturday's level. Consolidated was rose a point over Saturday on a leading gained a point. Arise of a point in Northwestern, 1% in People's Gas and was the only features worthy of mention.

There was another short upward flurry in prices on a rumor that England had agreed to withdraw from the Venezuelan question. The movement attracted as little following as that of the morning and the mar-

| | High. | Low. | Close |
|------------------------------------|-------------|------------|------------|
| malgamated Copper | 64½ | 63¾ | 64¼ |
| American Sugar | 1094 | 1209 | 1304 |
| Coffee, U. S. Fc..... | 85½ | 87½ | 88½ |
| " " p'd " " O & Hio | 68½ 1014 | 69 1010 | 69 1012 |
| Brooklyn Rapid Transit..... | 684 | 67½ | 68 |
| Chicago & N. W. Ry..... | 100 | 99 | 100 |
| Copperasake & Ohio | 62½ | 51½ | 52½ |
| Delco & Alton | 318½ | 314 | 315½ |
| Detroit & Pacific | 27 | 27½ | 27 |
| E. M. I. & St. Paul | 174½ | 168½ | 177½ |
| Rail Island & P..... | 38½ | 48 | 49½ |
| " " I'rd | 38½ | 48 | 49½ |
| Laborado Fuel and Iron..... | 74½ | 74 | 74 |

[illegible]

the total sales were 347,700 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Influenced by the improved political situation and the market recovery, prices are higher and has ruled firm throughout the session. There has been very little change in the St. Paul and Northern Pacific, while there has been general covering by shorts throughout the session. The market has usually been informed quarters that the blockade will be raised within a few days. On the other hand, the market has been informed that the blockade will not be raised. They are still of the opinion that the good road stocks bought on the weak days of the week will be particularly handy to Atchison common.

reply to W. H. Laidley & Co. Some people hold the theory that a dull market is a necessary evil, and that it is inevitable that dullness is nearly always followed by a decline. The market is not dull, however, and it is not necessary, as a matter of fact, dullness during a period should develop into an advance. The market is not dull in the present market; but often after a short quick advance in the opposite direction. Extreme dullness is a necessary part of a bull market, and a bull campaign. Moving into this week ended on Venezuelan oil, and the market is not dull. I forget the above question out of the way and put the question on the market. The market is not dull, but it is dull. I think. From what I can see the right thing is picking stocks up whenever they are cheap. I think the market is the best place at present and the event of prices selling off two or

to Paine, Webber & Co.; The market opened featureless. Some presiding in the first few minutes, but when the market opened, the market gradually hardened. General trading strong, on talk of statement for the first time, the market was up on talk of new rights. St. Paul long stock came out after a point and the market turned into a profit. There is very little doing in Corn.

Chicago to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market was firmer under the influence of higher prices from London and more news of the war. The market ruled dull during the entire session there was a few orders held the market in check during the whole it was disappointing.

NEW YORK MONEY.—Money on call, 1/4; Jan. 25, money on call, 1/4; at 3 1/2% a cent, closing 4 1/2; time 1/4, firm; 60 days, 4 1/2%; 90 days, 4 1/2%; 120 days, 4 1/2%; 180 days, 4 1/2%; 270 days, 4 1/2%; 360 days, 4 1/2%; 450 days, 4 1/2%; 540 days, 4 1/2%; 630 days, 4 1/2%; 720 days, 4 1/2%; 810 days, 4 1/2%; 900 days, 4 1/2%; 990 days, 4 1/2%; 1080 days, 4 1/2%; 1170 days, 4 1/2%; 1260 days, 4 1/2%; 1350 days, 4 1/2%; 1440 days, 4 1/2%; 1530 days, 4 1/2%; 1620 days, 4 1/2%; 1710 days, 4 1/2%; 1800 days, 4 1/2%; 1890 days, 4 1/2%; 1980 days, 4 1/2%; 2070 days, 4 1/2%; 2160 days, 4 1/2%; 2250 days, 4 1/2%; 2340 days, 4 1/2%; 2430 days, 4 1/2%; 2520 days, 4 1/2%; 2610 days, 4 1/2%; 2700 days, 4 1/2%; 2790 days, 4 1/2%; 2880 days, 4 1/2%; 2970 days, 4 1/2%; 3060 days, 4 1/2%; 3150 days, 4 1/2%; 3240 days, 4 1/2%; 3330 days, 4 1/2%; 3420 days, 4 1/2%; 3510 days, 4 1/2%; 3600 days, 4 1/2%; 3690 days, 4 1/2%; 3780 days, 4 1/2%; 3870 days, 4 1/2%; 3960 days, 4 1/2%; 4050 days, 4 1/2%; 4140 days, 4 1/2%; 4230 days, 4 1/2%; 4320 days, 4 1/2%; 4410 days, 4 1/2%; 4500 days, 4 1/2%; 4590 days, 4 1/2%; 4680 days, 4 1/2%; 4770 days, 4 1/2%; 4860 days, 4 1/2%; 4950 days, 4 1/2%; 5040 days, 4 1/2%; 5130 days, 4 1/2%; 5220 days, 4 1/2%; 5310 days, 4 1/2%; 5400 days, 4 1/2%; 5490 days, 4 1/2%; 5580 days, 4 1/2%; 5670 days, 4 1/2%; 5760 days, 4 1/2%; 5850 days, 4 1/2%; 5940 days, 4 1/2%; 6030 days, 4 1/2%; 6120 days, 4 1/2%; 6210 days, 4 1/2%; 6300 days, 4 1/2%; 6390 days, 4 1/2%; 6480 days, 4 1/2%; 6570 days, 4 1/2%; 6660 days, 4 1/2%; 6750 days, 4 1/2%; 6840 days, 4 1/2%; 6930 days, 4 1/2%; 7020 days, 4 1/2%; 7110 days, 4 1/2%; 7200 days, 4 1/2%; 7290 days, 4 1/2%; 7380 days, 4 1/2%; 7470 days, 4 1/2%; 7560 days, 4 1/2%; 7650 days, 4 1/2%; 7740 days, 4 1/2%; 7830 days, 4 1/2%; 7920 days, 4 1/2%; 8010 days, 4 1/2%; 8100 days, 4 1/2%; 8190 days, 4 1/2%; 8280 days, 4 1/2%; 8370 days, 4 1/2%; 8460 days, 4 1/2%; 8550 days, 4 1/2%; 8640 days, 4 1/2%; 8730 days, 4 1/2%; 8820 days, 4 1/2%; 8910 days, 4 1/2%; 9000 days, 4 1/2%; 9090 days, 4 1/2%; 9180 days, 4 1/2%; 9270 days, 4 1/2%; 9360 days, 4 1/2%; 9450 days, 4 1/2%; 9540 days, 4 1/2%; 9630 days, 4 1/2%; 9720 days, 4 1/2%; 9810 days, 4 1/2%; 9900 days, 4 1/2%; 9990 days, 4 1/2%; 10080 days, 4 1/2%; 10170 days, 4 1/2%; 10260 days, 4 1/2%; 10350 days, 4 1/2%; 10440 days, 4 1/2%; 10530 days, 4 1/2%; 10620 days, 4 1/2%; 10710 days, 4 1/2%; 10800 days, 4 1/2%; 10890 days, 4 1/2%; 10980 days, 4 1/2%; 11070 days, 4 1/2%; 11160 days, 4 1/2%; 11250 days, 4 1/2%; 11340 days, 4 1/2%; 11430 days, 4 1/2%; 11520 days, 4 1/2%; 11610 days, 4 1/2%; 11700 days, 4 1/2%; 11790 days, 4 1/2%; 11880 days, 4 1/2%; 11970 days, 4 1/2%; 12060 days, 4 1/2%; 12150 days, 4 1/2%; 12240 days, 4 1/2%; 12330 days, 4 1/2%; 12420 days, 4 1/2%; 12510 days, 4 1/2%; 12600 days, 4 1/2%; 12690 days, 4 1/2%; 12780 days, 4 1/2%; 12870 days, 4 1/2%; 12960 days, 4 1/2%; 13050 days, 4 1/2%; 13140 days, 4 1/2%; 13230 days, 4 1/2%; 13320 days, 4 1/2%; 13410 days, 4 1/2%; 13500 days, 4 1/2%; 13590 days, 4 1/2%; 13680 days, 4 1/2%; 13770 days, 4 1/2%; 13860 days, 4 1/2%; 13950 days, 4 1/2%; 14040 days, 4 1/2%; 14130 days, 4 1/2%; 14220 days, 4 1/2%; 14310 days, 4 1/2%; 14400 days, 4 1/2%; 14490 days, 4 1/2%; 14580 days, 4 1/2%; 14670 days, 4 1/2%; 14760 days, 4 1/2%; 14850 days, 4 1/2%; 14940 days, 4 1/2%; 15030 days, 4 1/2%; 15120 days, 4 1/2%; 15210 days, 4 1/2%; 15300 days, 4 1/2%; 15390 days, 4 1/2%; 15480 days, 4 1/2%; 15570 days, 4 1/2%; 15660 days, 4 1/2%; 15750 days, 4 1/2%; 15840 days, 4 1/2%; 15930 days, 4 1/2%; 16020 days, 4 1/2%; 16110 days, 4 1/2%; 16200 days, 4 1/2%; 16290 days, 4 1/2%; 16380 days, 4 1/2%; 16470 days, 4 1/2%; 16560 days, 4 1/2%; 16650 days, 4 1/2%; 16740 days, 4 1/2%; 16830 days, 4 1/2%; 16920 days, 4 1/2%; 17010 days, 4 1/2%; 17100 days, 4 1/2%; 17190 days, 4 1/2%; 17280 days, 4 1/2%; 17370 days, 4 1/2%; 17460 days, 4 1/2%; 17550 days, 4 1/2%; 17640 days, 4 1/2%; 17730 days, 4 1/2%; 17820 days, 4 1/2%; 17910 days, 4 1/2%; 18000 days, 4 1/2%; 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LAST CHANCE.

Stories Told By People

**who Are Now
Wealthy.**

**Hard Luck to Start
With In Most
Cases.**

It was started by a chance remark at the dinner table, says the New York Sun. Two middle-aged brokers had

"Never mind, old man; it was nothing compared with our first speculation that night in Boston."

The table awoke on the instant. The moment was rife with reminiscences.

"You see, it was the first way," Bert started out in the world together, long up small clerkships to make our money, and then the nearest big city, which happened to be Boston. But we found that the world wasn't so easy to conquer, and with no acquaintance in the place, and no valuable references we were soon out of the city."

"We knew nothing of the time," said

"Finally there was a guard posted to go home. We were desperate. We had slept in a warehouse shed the night before and to face a dreary rain. Money we had applied for and come to be afraid that if we were taken to the police we'd be booked as 'vags.'"

"So we decided to spend the day in Common and watch for money or other things that people might drop. It was a forlorn hope. I followed it through puddles and showers, getting fainter each moment for lack of food."

"I waited a day for dropping valuables, and night found us in sad rags still. We were in no mood to talk, but at last, for the sake of saying

"Well, I guess it's about time for us to take to a dark side street and hold a little 'conference' that comes along." "Bert took me to the nearest saloon, and I'll never forget the expression on his face when he stopped in our dreary perambulation and faced me. It was also the first time I had ever seen him smile."

"Oh, I say, George, not just yet. It's wait a little longer."

"I doubled up with laughter, and as I went out over something shiny on the pavement, I said to him: 'It was a dime.'"

"We both clutched at it, we both laughed, and he said: 'It was a dime.'"

"And two cups of coffee. Over two small pans of beans. Which should it be?"

"Then the spirit of plunging, which has since brought my partner close to ruin, seized him. He said:

the grub. If I get it, I shoot crabs with it with the first fellow I meet."

"He won, and we repaired to the club for a lunch joint, where he usually did his business. He was amiable on the enormous sum of 10 francs. He doubled our capital and we had the lunch."

"That was all right. Well, that seemed to be the turning point of our careers. The proprietor of the joint had spotted me, and before we had nished our 20-cent meal we were telling him our story."

"He put us in the way of work. By and by we came to our senses and let the folks at home know about it, and his father, tickled with his grit, gave us a little money."

"Next," said the hostess, "with a

the manager of a flourishing mercantile concern leaned forward, "My good wife, heaven rest her soul, she helped me out of the tightest hole I ever was in," he continued, "I was in a mid-West city, then in its infancy, and I stranded as life insurance agent. We managed to exist for a few months in a so-called furnished room. I do not attempt to describe, but my wife got down to our last \$5. My wife, while doing our patty washing, remarked, "I wish I had a bar of soap like that." I said, "What bar of soap? It is the best brand I ever saw." She said, "The white one." I watched the white foam on her hands, and suddenly the inspiration

"Feggy," I exclaimed, that soap
was mine. "I am going to do it up in
the packages and take them on the streets
or dark as we a lightning cleanser,
how can we turn the trick?"
The family washing was suspended
until after she had done with
the figure it took before noon, and
\$5 and I were on the street, I
took three dozen bars of the soap,
which is white and of a brand that you
can get in any store, and I took
one or several fine, small pieces of
candle back in our room, my wife and
I went to work hard and fast, for af-
ternoon was at hand. Taking the
candle over the shoulders of the
women, they had to soap the
men were saturated with suds.
When, without rinsing them, we

We carefully scraped off the bars
 imprint of the soapmaker, washed
 them with water, and then perfectly
 cleaned them with glycerine. I cut
 small flat ones and wrapped these
 carefully in tissue and tinfoil.
 That night I took up my stand on
 the sidewalk and the tins filled up
 and the dry sponges with a
 bit of water on the other.
 I proceeded to demonstrate the
 fine quality of that soap until the
 first of the ones I had wrapped
 up. Of course, when the sponges
 wet, the old lather got in its
 way, and then when I barely touched
 the soap, the lather there was some-
 thing doing over my hands and
 down to the ground.
 I said I sell the soap. Well, rather,

...a full hour of midnight we boarded the train with the proceeds of the performance and quietly stole back to the hotel. There is a reminiscent glow in the face of Mr. Stevens," said the host, placing his hand in the direction of a well-known singer, who instantly became the center of interest. He came from New England, as you know, and my family was opposed to his adopting the musical profession. His rambling, rampany and joined-up style of the second-rate opera company, of course, the company selected San Francisco, the jumping-off place, to get started in, and with my assistance, I was soon up against it in the

...society house, though. I felt that I
...n't make good, as they say, in
...rofession. If I survived my first
...rance as a soloist I would do

"Oh, that will be lovely," she cried. The song is dead easy. How quick can you do it? I'll give you \$5 if you'll have it ready for the rehearsal."

She then handed me a small envelope with which she saw not, a whole some sheets of lank music paper from a near-by music stand, and asked for twenty cents in private. Then I shot out to the chop house and scribbled a few notes over that paper—better-sketched any old way, and on any old line or space.

I never once ran through that tune, and when I did, I had no more than mere orchestration than does our hostess' Japanese spaniel. But I got her \$3 per agreement, and escaping the singer's thanks of the singer, slipped back into my room.

There would be no rehearsals for the two dollars in the hands of the two producers, and the engagements, and, besides, I did not think it could be healthy for me when the leader of the orchestra tried that.

"A little later I passed around the front of the house, passed the scrum room and secreted myself in the darkest corner of the auditorium. I was not really afraid of the orchestra as when the orchestra started in upon at singer's turn and the memory of the profanity which rent the air when I first realized the true state of affairs is unparaded in my personal story.

Later, when good fortune came my way, I sent the young woman her \$3

"I, too, was once stranded in San Francisco and had to choose between an lulu and a square meal. The more I had not dared to take for more than I cared to pay, but because I was down to just 75 cents, I was actually afraid to spend it. But I also realized that my soiled shirt would offend any and every manager I approached, so at last the lulu tipped in the direction of a clean shirt. But how was I to get it,

Wearily I walked the streets and at last found a shirt in vivid red polka-dot, the color of the blood I had shed. It was so cheap that I was enabled to test in collar and cuffs. I cannot tell you of the joy of laying aside my collar, which had been turned twice already. And my shirt, which looked as if it belonged to a Weary Willy. Then, suppers, but clean, I drifted to a group of newspaper men, who, in the privacy of their own offices, invited me to have lunch with them. Among them was a serious-minded man who had written a play, but could give no hearing for it. He was kind and ready to act as an actor, and he gave him a few friendly tips. From that instant he took me into his

was mine, including his hall bedroom, for which I was most grateful. Now the funny part of it was that play proved really good, and, by and by, the work was so good, and I got together a company, most of whom I caught like myself on the coast we toured the state. I never needed money to back my money, the playwright received his royalty and some local fame, while I and fellow-players staved off starvation, one by one, we found berths in cheap companies that were going back New York."

The woman on the right of the host stepped for the floor—and got it, of course.

I know a woman, now prosperous, once turned her thoughts to suicide.

and was saved by the infectious contagion of a dear little actress long known to her last reward. This woman had written on small signs in a Western state, and, full of ability and really capable, she made her way to Denver, where she secured a place on a daily paper she sold herself each day nearer the pen-sion condition.

At last she got down to \$2. Moody, still distraught, in a whimsical mood, she rushed to the theatre, carrying 75 cents for a rear balcony.

Patti Rosa was the attraction, Jolly Joe Cawthorn was her sup-porter.

The woman, who had felt that she would go to the theater and forget or lose herself into Cherry creek, and

a sense of cheer and determination that was not to be depressed by empty stomach.

Next morning she bought a breakfast and went to an office as the Helping Hand, where young women could secure employment, presumably on their personal merit and honor. The only thing she had was a post as housekeeper, and a man of pen and pencil jumped at it.

Unfortunately her prospective employer was a semi-invalid, and was as ready to jump at help as the woman was at a job. She began her duties that same noon, and here was where the African woman's adaptability shone.

She had not done housework for

the small hours of the night, demensu superintended the cook-catered to the whims of the semi-literate a servant a few years above of the house when he came home and, by her tact, hid the fact housekeeping was not her long was the husband who first suspected that she was a bit out of her head. The wife was too wrapped up self to notice anything. One day an bluntly asked the housekeeper if she was the truth about herself, and she frankly.

w, I hold that that man deserves the of one of nature's noblemen, because when he was being looked after by a doctor, he had been in the hospital and when his home was running

... recommend the woman he thought deserving of better things to personal friends high in Denver power circles—and she left his home, not, however, without some feelings of genuine regret to take up the task that she really loved."

conscious from a crowd. During a sudden and terrible attack, the crowd over which was unconscious from strangulation, A. L. Sheffield, postmaster, of Michigan, One Minute Louie Curren and the swelling and inflammation, and the child was recovered. It was recovered. Max

This image shows a vertical strip of a document page. On the left side, there is a grid pattern consisting of thin, light-colored lines forming a series of small squares. The right side of the strip is a solid, dark vertical band, which appears to be a redaction or a scan artifact. The overall image is oriented vertically.

FREE LUMBER IS FAVORED BY THE STATE SENATORS

FIFTY INSANE WOMEN WERE BURNED TO DEATH IN A LONDON ASYLUM FIRE

Their Charred Remains Presented Awful Sight. Were Over Six Hundred Patients In Building.

disaster is not yet known. All the victims were lunatics. Their charred remains were found in the basement of the building. The flames raged. The asylum was besieged by anxious relatives and friends of the patients. Arrivals from all quarters. Pitiable scenes were witnessed as weeping men and women left the premises after ascertaining that relatives had perished.

The nurses had a terrible experience in trying to assist the insane people. Some of them were so badly burned that they had literally to be driven to a place of safety. The inflammable premises all too immediately became a furnace. Northmen and jerichos in the corridors, uprugged iron roofs of the dormitories and the bedsteads of the patients were melted by the intense heat. Some of the patients were so badly burned that they were taken to the hospital and the charred remains of others were found huddled together in corners while groups of partially consumed bodies lay on the floor.

through the flames to the main building.

The latest estimate places the number of deaths at fifty-two. All the victims were women.

THREATENED

fy In Young Case Gets
Him Not to Appear

Great Falls, Mont., Jan. 27.—A dispatch received from Superintendent Elliott of the Great Northern at St. Paul clears a mystery concerning the death of Dr. W. B. Wine, who died at Dupuyer, Mont., last month. Dr. Wine had been visiting in the city of Staunton, Va., where he had been killed and mutilated, and declared Dr. Wine had been the victim of murder. Superintendent Elliott's message was to the effect that the body of Dr. Wine had been disfigured in a wreck

contents of the letter, Mr. Clark also refused to divulge the witness' name, nor would he let a copy of the letter be given out. It is said that the letter threatened the witness with death if he testified at the trial. It was said to have contained excerpts from the "Blood Atonement" doctrine of the Mormon church.

The witness was much excited over the affair and appeared to be in fear of bodily harm. As the letter had not been given out for publication, it is supposed that the district attorney's office has taken it seriously.

of his being induced to assume the artistic and musical management of the Metropolitan Opera house in New York, and that the management of the Tribune's correspondent in Paris, that he would be exceedingly agreeable for him to divide his time between New York and Paris, but that at present all that he knew of the rumored offer of the artistic directorship of the Metropolitan was what he saw in the newspapers, and that naturally he could not say whether or not he had received an actual proposal had reached him.

The impression conveyed by M. de Reszay's remarks was that under favorable conditions he would be willing to assume the post of musical and artistic director of the Metropolitan in conjunction with Charles Frohman or anyone else whom the stockholders might select for the charge of the business management.

HEBREW RACE?

although in the light of modern anthropological research we know that there is no such thing as an Aryan race." After citing opinions on the origin of the Semites, Dr. Fishburn advanced the theory that they were differentiated from other races for Africa and not in Asia, as was generally believed to be the case, and reviewed the physical characteristics of ancient and modern Semites.

ancient and modern Semites.

quite recently, considered to be a race on account of their linguistic affinities, although in the light of modern anthropological research we know that there is no such thing as an Arya race." After citing opinions on the origin of the Semites, Dr. Fishbein advanced the theory that they were differentiated from other races in Africa and not in Asia, as was generally believed to be the case, and viewed the physical characteristics of ancient and modern Semites.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

MURDER CHARGE

Frank Bask Being Tried at Park Rapids For Killing.

Well Known In Duluth, Having Lived Here Some Time.

Judge Windom and Chief Troyer to Testify For Him.

Frank Bask, well known in Duluth where he lived for some time, is on trial for murder today at Park Rapids. Judge William H. Windom of the municipal court, and Chief Troyer of the police department have been subpoenaed by the defense to testify as to his good character.

Several months ago Hubbard county authorities raided several places where liquor was being sold illegally. In one of these places they arrested Bask. He claims he was put in contact with the "blind pig" establishments and the authorities seemed inclined to believe him for he was let off with a nominal fine of \$25 while the proprietors of the place were each fined \$200.

Bask did not have the money to pay the fine, so he was started for Park Rapids in charge of a deputy sheriff to serve a full sentence of twenty days. On the way over he was given to understand that the authorities sympathized with him, believed him harmless, and that if he escaped there would not be any great amount of energy expended in finding him.

At noon the deputy sheriff left him for a length of time and a lawyer, knowing the circumstances of the case, indicated that it would be well for him to get away.

He disappeared from the hotel, but did not leave the neighborhood. The deputy sheriff resumed the trip to Park Rapids without him, but his body was subsequently found near a railroad track with a bullet hole through the heart. Bask turned up and was arrested. It is said that he did not have a revolver, either before or after his arrest and did not have money to purchase one at the time of his escape.

Judge Windom and Chief Troyer have known him for a great many years, during his residence in this city and also in Ashland. They leave for Park Rapids this evening, returning to this city tomorrow night.

An unknown lumberman had a narrow escape from death yesterday afternoon on the St. Louis river. He was drawing a heavy load of wood across the river when a log struck him through the leg. The man, who was sitting on the side of the load, was thrown off, narrowly escaping a fall into the icy water. He scrambled to his feet and ran to the heads of the logmen, who were pulling on the rope and tied them to a tree on the bank, while he ran for aid to a neighboring farm house. With the assistance of a farmer he succeeded in unloading a part of the wood. The team was then rushed to the slough and with the aid of some poles used as piers, the rear sleigh was lifted onto the firm ice.

The supposition is that the place where the sleigh went through was an old hole as the ice in the immediate vicinity was firm and sound.

PLACED UNDER BOND. Dabih H. Lloyd, a machinist at the National iron works, appeared before Judge Stone yesterday afternoon, to answer to the charge of calling his father a liar and threatening him with personal injury. The father, Eben H. Lloyd, swore out the warrant. The latter claimed that the son lost his temper over a minor money matter and the profane language and threats followed.

The defendant finally pleaded guilty and was allowed to go after being placed under a \$200 bond to preserve the peace for six months and paying the costs of the court. The bond was furnished by a friend of the defendant and

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that are always square cornered, make the curtains we wash absolutely true with the window.

We use just enough starch to make them like new ones.

A strong net line protects your curtains from tearing.

Many Curtains

are given to us every day. It's easy to get them ready to be returned the next day. Our facilities are the best. No trouble to "hurry."

50c Per Pair.

Brussels Net and Ruffled Curtains excepted.

Family Washing, 25c a pound.

The Yale Laundry,

1st Street and 1st Ave. East

Individuality of Design is a characteristic of

Gorham Silver

while sterling quality of material and sincerity of workmanship are guaranteed by the Gorham trade-mark. The cost is always moderate.



All responsible jewelers keep it

the costs were promptly paid. Before leaving, however, he was compelled to listen to a severe lecture from the judge, who reprehended him for his disrespectful and ungentlemanly conduct and advised him to control his unruly temper in the future.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS. Clarence Jones, a 14-year-old West Duluth lad, received a painful injury yesterday while skating on Sixty-third avenue. He was skating down the hill, when he stumbled and fell, breaking his right leg just above the ankle. His leg was set and he is now on the way to recovery.

A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Marchand, of 11 Merrill and Kings row.

Robert Rogers is in the city from the range.

A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Leon Hamlin, 5518 Grand avenue. J. Gray, of Sixtieth avenue, is seriously ill at his home.

A farewell party in honor of Miss Genevieve Chang was given last evening at the residence of Mrs. A. F. Schultz, 707 Raleigh street.

W. F. Butler is ill at his home. The funeral of Mrs. Doris was held this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from the German Lutheran church.

For weather and year resisting, no better men's and boys' pants made than the "McMillan" pants. New lines just received. The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

E. E. Burley and family, of Virginia, are visiting friends in West Duluth. James G. Henderson, of Glasgow, Scotland, is in West Duluth today. Thomas Dory is in the city from the range.

Thomas Cranston took a trip to the range yesterday.

A son was born today to Mr. and Mrs. Lutzha, of Fifty-seventh avenue. John St. Denis went to Hibbing yesterday.

Alexander Robinson has recovered from the injuries sustained at the St. Louis mill and is able to be out again. Boys' new "McMillan" three-piece and double breasted suits, all sizes, just received. The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

Mr. and Mrs. William Danson, of Washburn, Wis., are in West Duluth today.

ECZEMA, NO CURE NO PAY. Your druggist will refund your money, if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Ringworm, Tetter, Old Sores and all skin diseases. 50 cents.

Attention!

All members of Degree of Honor, No. 110 A. O. U. W., are requested to be present at the regular meeting Wednesday, Jan. 28, 1903, at 8 o'clock sharp. Important business.

Y. W. C. A. WORK.

All Branches to Be Begun In the New Building.

When the Young Women's Christian association of this city, moves into its new home at First avenue west and Superior street the work of this institution will be permanently established and all branches embraced by the association will be started. When the association was started in Duluth it was placed under the management of Miss Maud Culver, and later the departmental meetings were added.

In addition to the good derived from the splendid training to be had in these branches there is no doubt of the benefit in this connection the ill-fated trend of the feminine mind was one day displayed. Two girls were one day watching the "gym" girls in an exciting game of center ball, and one exclaimed that she was crazy to join, she wanted to get fat so badly.

"But, goodness, if it makes you fat I don't want to join," said the other, who feels that she could with impunity separate with some avoidpous.

"Oh," said the first with assurance, "it will make you fat."

"But, Marian," said the incredulous, struggling hard to believe, "how does it know which to do?"

The gymnasium classes have a large attendance, and are constantly growing.

For the past two months and a half the association here has had the state secretary, Miss Rosella Meredith, working with the board, and through her work much has been accomplished. Miss Meredith is splendidly equipped for her work, and the association feels itself fortunate in securing her services.

In securing the new building the association is under great obligations to the advisory board, consisting of J. B. Adams, Watson Moore and S. D. Allen, and to the generosity of many other men in the city. The present board of managers consists of Mrs. J. D. Tietz, president; Mrs. L. W. Kline, vice president; Miss India Willcuts, secretary; Miss Ella Greiser, treasurer; and Mrs. W. W. F. Dillson, Mrs. F. C. Bowman, Mrs. C. H. Merritt, Mrs. L. B. Manley, Mrs. L. W. Powell, Miss Ella Beth, Miss Ella Rose, Miss Ray, Mrs. S. F. Cord and Mrs. W. C. Akenow.

THE DELAWARE TANGLE. Dover, Del., Jan. 27.—The sixth ballot for United States senator resulted: Long term—Addicks, 20; Dupont, 10; Hughes, 21. Short term—Addicks, 2; Higgins, 10; Hilles, 1; Marvel, 21. Total, 51; necessary to choice, 26; no election. No member was absent.

GIVEN FURTHER TIME. Jefferson City, Mo., Jan. 27.—The supreme court has granted the eleven railroads of the state which Attorney General Crow is seeking to oust for making a consentment charge of \$2 at St. Louis for grain shipped over their lines, two weeks further to file their returns to the information.

WAYS ARE TAKING

Police Have Captured Bad Citizen In James Murphy.

Thief Works Through Retail to Wholesale Business.

Detective Link Finds Him With Little Trouble In Superior.

"The lives of great crooks all remind us. That we can make our lives sublime; And, departing, leave behind us Footprints that a detective couldn't find."

This little bit of unimpaired doggerel, next to the palpitating heart of James Murphy, indicates that the police have captured a bad man.

There is no getting around the fact that Mr. Murphy has very taking ways. Saturday night he stole a suit of clothes, an overcoat and a consignment of dressed poultry.

Sunday night he stole an overcoat, a sealskin cap, two silk mufflers and a pair of gloves.

Monday morning he stole 100 heads of cabbage, 100 pounds of fish, fifty pounds of butter, three gallons of oysters and two cases of eggs.

Then, becoming more daring, he stole quietly over to West Superior. This morning Officer John Link, disguised as a detective, went to the city across the bay and found Murphy in the second saloon he went in.

Yesterday morning Murphy presented himself at the store of Tucker & Tobin, 202 West Michigan street, saying he was an experienced grocery deliveryman.

He was engaged and sent out to deliver a wagon load of groceries. He sold the stuff about town for whatever he could get, returned his horse and wagon to the stable and disappeared.

Saturday night he stole a suit of clothes from the Lethel, and was caught by persons connected with that institution and the clothes taken away from him. Later he stole some poultry which he sold down Paradise alley.

Sunday evening he went into the Boston restaurant and took an overcoat, sealskin cap, mufflers and gloves belonging to N. P. Peterson.

Murphy pawned this wearing apparel in a Bowery three-ball emporium for four portions of the circulating medium.

About this time the police began getting busy, being satisfied that these thefts were committed by the same individual.

When the Tucker & Tobin grocery raid came to the attention of the police yesterday, Officer John Link took an inventory of his thoughts and decided that the city would be wiser if Murphy that answered the description.

Chief Troyer detailed him to work up the case and not take him more than a couple of hours to get the right man.

Murphy admits stealing the supplies from Tucker & Tobin, but forgets stealing Mr. Peterson's clothing from the Boston restaurant. The pawnbroker identifies him as the man who pawned clothes and Mr. Peterson identifies the clothes as those stolen.

THE MATINEE MUSICAL.

Music of France Presented in Delightful Program.

The Matinee Musicals held its regular meeting yesterday evening at the regular hall and a delightful program of music of France was given. Through the efforts of Miss Maud Culver, the first piano solo was omitted and the program opened with a solo by Claude Hiers, his number was "H. de la sonata." "Obstinata," and was sung in a charming manner by Saint Sarnes, was charmingly sung by Mrs. W. C. Clinton and Miss Maud Culver, who played "Chant de l'orientale" in a way that proclaimed the artist. A selection of the beautiful piano numbers that the club has heard this year, it was "Variations and Themes from Beethoven," by Saint Sarnes, and was played by Mrs. John Miller and Mrs. George Tyler in a beautiful manner. The program was in charge of Mrs. George Tyler and Mrs. A. C. Leitch.

SUFFOCATED.

Electric Light Globe Causes a Child's Death.

New York, Jan. 27.—Anna Lang, 4 years old, the daughter of an automobile driver of 46 Brook avenue, the Bronx, showed a miniature electric light globe to her little sister, who was sitting on the floor. The globe was hot and the child put her finger in it. She died of suffocation.

COFFEE AGAIN.

An Old Philadelphia Physician Tells the Truth About It.

A physician of Philadelphia, of many years' practice, during which time he has carefully watched the effects of coffee drinking upon his patients, writes:

"During my practice in Philadelphia, I have had many serious cases of stomach, kidney and liver disorders, which I have traced to the use of coffee."

Last year a fellow physician called my attention to the merits of Postum in the place of coffee. In many severe cases of torpid liver, various kidney diseases, etc., since then I have forbidden the use of coffee and prescribed Postum.

"In many cases the results were almost miraculous and in all there was a marked improvement due solely to the use of Postum in the place of coffee."

"If you wish it I will furnish you the names of my patients so cured."

"Owing to the feeling that exists among the medical fraternity, I refrain from advertising myself, I request that you withhold my name, but you may refer any inquiries to me." Name given by Postum company, Battle Creek, Mich.

I WILL CURE YOU OF RHEUMATISM

Else No Money Is Wanted.

Any honest person who suffers from Rheumatism is welcome to this offer. I am a specialist in Rheumatism, and have treated more cases than any other physician, I think. For 16 years I made 200 experiments with different drugs, testing all known remedies while searching the world for something better. Nine years ago I found a costly chemical in Germany which, with my previous discoveries, gives me a certain cure. I don't mean that it can turn bony joints into flesh again; but it can cure the disease at any stage, completely and forever. I have done it fully 10,000 times. I know this so well that I will furnish, my remedy on trial. Simply write me a postal for my card and I will send you the Cure. Take it for a month at my risk. If it succeeds, the cost is only \$5.50. If it fails, I will pay you \$5.50. Your word and your mere word shall decide it. I am not a doctor. I am a specialist. The results are not what I claim, I don't expect a penny from you. I have no sample that can affect chronic Rheumatism must be treated with the Cure. Write me and I will send you the order. Try my remedy for a month, as it can't hurt you, and you will be cured. Address Dr. Shoop, Box 855, Racine, Wis. Wild cases, not chronic, are often cured by one or two bottles. At all druggists.

SPoonER

Elected Senator From Wisconsin on the Separate Ballot.

Madison, Wis., Jan. 27.—In the assembly today Mr. Fritze (Dem.) introduced a joint resolution instructing the United States senator to be elected, and his colleagues, to use their influence for a constitutional amendment providing for election of United States senators by direct vote of the people.

He asked immediate action, but upon objection it went over.

The assembly and senate at noon balloted separately for United States senator. John C. Spooner received a majority of votes in each house. Noul Brown, of Wausau, received the complimentary vote of the Democrats.

The vote in the assembly resulted: Spooner, 72; Brown, 22, each receiving the full vote of his party. Four members were absent. In the senate Spooner received 20 votes and Brown 3. Senator Spooner's election will be ratified in joint session tomorrow.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. This signature **676** on every box, 25c.

The Sale of Reserved Seats for the Elks' Show opens tomorrow at the Lyceum Box Office at 9 a. m.

SETTLED.

Agreement Reached In Long Legal Tangle at Helena.

St. Paul, Jan. 27.—A Helena, Mont., attorney and attorneys for the Helena Waterworks company have reached an agreement as to the basis of the long standing difference between the city and the water company, ending the long drawn out controversy between the city and New York stockholders and the city of Helena, the former by injunction suits and the latter by a long and costly litigation. It could not spend a cent even for police, guarding the city and has been suspended the collection of taxes temporarily.

MINERS

Bring Constitution and By-Laws Up to Date.

Indianapolis, Jan. 25.—The United Mine Workers' convention finished changing and bringing up to date the constitution and by-laws. The changes are numerous and of a radical character. The new constitution provides for a strike to be called by the executive board of the organization; providing free admission to the organization for boys that are orphans of union miners, and placing a fine of \$10 on officers of local unions that issue transfer cards to miners that are more than three months delinquent, are those, important changes.

A newly adopted section of the constitution provided for election of three tellers to canvass election returns. The appeals and grievances committee made their report this morning and the assembly indicates that the organization is enjoying universal harmony.

DRUMMER AND CAMPAIGNER

Death of Postmaster Peter Hoffman of Villard.

Villard, Minn., Jan. 27.—Peter Hoffman, the famous drummer of the First Minnesota, and postmaster here, died Saturday night after a lingering illness of Bright's disease. He usually accompanied Congressman Frank Eddy in all the latter's campaigns, and was known intimately all over the northwestern mining country as the father of Mrs. J. E. Cooling, of this city.

RED LAKE LANDS.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 27.—Secretary Hitchcock has made a report on Red Lake lands to the Senate.

His bill for opening the Red Lake reservation, in which he suggests several radical amendments. He wants the mining area fixed at \$1 in gold for land, instead of \$1. He is also in favor of reducing the price of land to \$1.50, but if deferred payments are decided upon he suggests the purchasers be allowed to pay in installments, with interest due. He also suggests that deferred payments bear six per cent interest.

MR. MORGAN.

Will Kindly Offer to Run Canadian Railways.

New York, Jan. 27.—A dispatch to the World from Boston says that J. P. Morgan, according to an Advertiser story, will go to Ottawa and submit to the Canadian government a proposition to take charge of the Dominion railways. In case this mission is not successful, he will propose as an alternative to finance the new Canadian Transcontinental line.

Hatch Smelting Stock.

Those contemplating buying this stock will have to act soon as all the stock will be withdrawn in a very few days.

Call at company's office, 109 Manhattan building.

Constipation

Headache, biliousness, heartburn, indigestion, and all liver ills are cured by

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

PLAY FOR TROPHY

Duluth and Superior Rinks to Meet This Evening.

First Games In Series For Manley-McLennan Trophy.

Four Rinks on Each Side --Another Meeting Later.

Tonight at the Duluth Curling club rink four rinks from Duluth and four from Superior will compete for the Manley-McLennan agency trophy for the coming year. Should Duluth win in the series this evening the four Superior rinks will again come over here and play the second game which, if won by Duluth, would settle the possession of the prize, for the winner of two out of three meetings takes it. Should the Superior rinks win this evening the rinks here will have to go to Superior and meet the curlers of that city on their own ice.

The four Duluth rinks that will play are as follows:

S. H. Jones, J. E. Catlin, A. H. Hale, Thomas Gillette, H. H. Smith, Charles Gales, G. F. Mackenzie, H. J. MacLeod, Skip, and W. L. McLeannan, G. H. Letticeau, Skip.

The Superior rinks that will come over are as follows:

John Breteau, Charles Gillette, Herbert Rogers, C. Barker, P. H. Smith, L. A. Nichols, J. O. Gales, Skip, and S. E. Lane, H. I. Russell, L. H. Hanich, R. Stephenson, C. Barker, W. L. McLeannan, Skip, and W. E. Mayo, C. J. McLeade, W. Kitchell, C. H. Upham, Jr., R. N. Hopple, G. H. Spencer, Skip—15.

PECULIAR

Ante-Nuptial Contract Which Wife Says Has Been Kept.

Canton, Ohio, Jan. 25.—Mrs. Helen O. Thornberry, through her attorneys in the Star case, made the astounding statement that she has remained a virgin, after ten years of married life, during which time she lived with her husband, David S. Thornberry, who is now suing for divorce.

In an answer to the allegations of her husband, Mrs. Thornberry asserts that previous to her marriage she had entered into a solemn and binding contract with her husband, which she kept faithfully through all the years of their married life. Supplementary to these statements, Mrs. Thornberry said that until the last year she and her husband had lived in a separate household. She has permitted William Blair, a nephew who resides at her home, to be attentive to her. To this accusation the woman has entered a prompt and earnest denial. She admits caring for Blair as an aunt should care for her nephew, but declares that the charges of her husband are unjust and cannot be sustained.

Trouble between the Thornberrys dates back several years ago, when William Blair came to Canton to make his home with the wife. Mrs. Thornberry's charge has been in no wise sustained by the testimony of the witnesses introduced by Mrs. Thornberry's claim to virtue, who has been in no way disgraced. Testimony, however, was introduced showing that Blair on several occasions has shown himself to be a man of low character. Mrs. Thornberry testified that he had seen Blair kiss the woman, and two others introduced in public places.

BILL PASSED

For New Judge For Minnesota and Goes to President.

Washington, Jan. 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—The house has passed the bill providing for an additional judge for Minnesota. The bill, now having passed both houses, goes to the president for approval. There is no doubt that he will sign it, and he has stated that he intends to appoint Congressman Page Morris to the judgeship. The appointment will not be made until after the present session of congress. The new judge will take office July 1 next.

MR. MORGAN.

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Call at company's office, 109 Manhattan building.

Constipation

Headache, biliousness, heartburn, indigestion, and all liver ills are cured by

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

French & Bassett

Corner First Street and Third Avenue West.

Where Quality Is High; Prices Low

Is the place to supply your household needs. As we have said before, we do not claim the questionable honor of underselling everybody and everything. We sell goods at just and honest prices.

It has always been our endeavor to present the best in our line. The high standing of the goods we present is well known to most Duluthians—to others we simply invite inspection of our enormous stock—the low prices and inspection will readily convince you that here is the place to supply your needs—that here is where high quality and low prices prevail.

A few convincing examples follow:

Iron Beds, \$1.95

A bed very similar to cut, in white, red, green or blue; full single and three-quarter sizes; good, heavy substantial beds. This bed would be priced in usual stores at \$2.75 or \$3.00. We offer it at—

\$1.95

Our line of metal beds is most complete—All sorts of beds, of all colors, of many different designs. A choice selection awaits you here.

Dinner Sets.

Eleven pieces—made of the best semi-porcelain; assorted decorations—

Toilet Sets.

Broken pieces can be supplied at any time.

Box Coffee Mill.

The best coffee mill made—only—

68c each

Improved Dover Egg Beaters. Will beat an egg in 15 seconds—

13c each

All Goods Sold on Monthly Payments.

Novelty Wringers.

Novelty wash wringers, warranted for two years, only—

\$1.98 each

All Goods Sold on Monthly Payments.

THOUGHT THAT MARRIAGE

Will Cause the Hypnotic Spells to Cease.

Canton, Pa., Jan. 27.—Stuart Lyle bank at Hornellsville, N. Y., and Miss Della Irene Nash, employed in the First National bank at Hornellsville, N. Y., and Miss Della Irene Nash, employed in the Canton long distance phone exchange, were married Saturday evening. Mr. Hollister and Miss Nash were to have been married next June, but recently a strange development furnishing a study for psychologists hastened matters. Each evening at 7 o'clock, while thinking of Miss Nash, Mr. Hollister fell under a hypnotic spell from which he was aroused with difficulty. Finally he was taken to his home in Fauntleroy Post. Physicians advised that Miss Nash be sent for, which was done. The hypnotic spells ceased. It was then decided that the marriage should take place as soon as arrangements could be made.

Dr. Anna C. Beebe, OSTEOPATH

Special attention given to chronic constipation and diseases peculiar to women.

OFFICES:

ROOM 15 PHOENIX BLOCK.

DULUTH SUPERIOR MILLING CO. ZENOTA FLOUR

DULUTH, MINN.

Skating

Lanners' band at West End rink, Tuesday evening, Jan. 27th. Race Thursday evening, Jan. 29th.

Dr. Emma Breinholt, Doctor In Midwifery and Magnetic Healing.

Private home for patients if you are weak and nervous, crippled or any disease. Call, and the doctor will soon put you in the vibrations of health and strength. The doctor has taught in Duluth for the last fourteen years. 165 Piedmont Ave. W. and Superior St. New Phone 1471.

Calumet Baking Powder

The only high grade Baking Powder made at a moderate price.

The Greatest Skill—14 years.

We grind our own lenses.

C. D. TROTT, OPTICIAN,

3 West Superior St.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.



THE white sale which started upon its nineteenth hundred and three career yesterday can be counted upon as fulfilling every expectation—Monday's and Tuesday's business should be a good indication of what we can expect for the days to come, and that will mean a greater selling of white than in any previous year—The undermuslins—we re-name some important values in undermuslins today.

Petticoats.
 \$1.00—Muslin Petticoats with two rows of torchon lace insertion and lace edge.
 \$1.50—Muslin Petticoats with deep lawn umbrella flounce, three rows of cluster tucking; full width.
 \$1.75—Muslin Petticoats, umbrella flounce and fine lawn with hemstitched tucks; lawn dust ruffle.
 \$2.50—Cambric effeteons, umbrella style, deep flounce with five rows of torchon insertion; finished with lace edge over dust ruffle.

Night Gowns.
 \$5.00—Muslin Night Gowns—tucked yoke—V neck with lawn ruffle.
 \$5.00—Muslin Night Gowns—high neck, tucked yoke.
 \$1.25 and \$1.50—An exceptionally choice line of gowns at these prices. Some with low neck and short sleeves—yoke of fine tucks.

Corset Covers.
 50c Cambric Corset Covers—Tight-fitting and full front; embroidery and lace trimmed.
 75c Nainsook Corset Covers—neck trimmed with lace beading and ribbon.
 85c Nainsook Corset Covers—trimmed with two rows of Valenciennes lace; lace edged beading and ribbon.
 \$1.00 Nainsook Corset Covers with fine Valenciennes lace, two rows of beading and insertion.

Chemise.
 At \$1.25—Nainsook Chemise, trimmed around armholes, neck and skirt with hemstitched lawn ruffle, finished at neck with beading and ribbon.
 \$2.00 Nainsook Chemise, daintily trimmed with Valenciennes lace, two rows of feather stitching; beading and ribbon.
 \$2.50—Nainsook Chemise, round neck with Swiss embroidery insertion; lace, beading and wash ribbon.

Drawers.
 10c Muslin Drawers—Hemstitched ruffle.
 25c Muslin Drawers with lawn ruffle and cluster of tucks.
 50c—six styles, some with lace trimmings, others of good cambric with hemstitched ruffle, with hemstitched tucks above, cambric and muslin.
 75c Nainsook Drawers with fine 3-inch embroidery ruffle.
 85c and \$1.00—Nainsook and cambric. Several different styles, embroidery and lace trimmings, some with three rows of Valenciennes lace insertion.

Cream Damasks.
 72-inch heavy Cream Damask—reduced to 20c.
 72-inch Cream Damask, pure linen, heavy—reduced to 35c.
 Napkins to match the above, 18 inches, at \$1.40, 24-inch, \$1.35 dozen.
 72-inch best Cream Damask, satin finish—reduced to \$1.25.

Bordered Sets.
 22x24 yards reduced to \$7.00 set.
 2x3 yards reduced to \$3.00 set.
 2x2x2 yards reduced to \$4.00 set.

Napkins.
 18x18-inch Silver Bleach, reduced to \$1.60 dozen.
 22x22-inch Half Bleach, reduced to \$1.85 dozen.
 24x24-inch Bleach, reduced to \$3.55 dozen.

Hemstitched Sets.
 22x24 yards reduced to \$12.50.
 2x3 yards reduced to \$6.50.
 One dozen Napkins with every set.

Lunch Cloths.
 4-4 size reduced to 55c.
 4-4 size reduced to \$1.00.
 5-4 size reduced to \$2.00.
 5-4 size reduced to \$2.25.

Scarfs.
 18x45-inch Damask reduced to \$1.50.
 18x45-inch Embroidered, reduced to \$1.60.
 18x54-inch Embroidered, reduced to \$1.25.

India Linens.
 32-inch reduced to.....11c
 32-inch reduced to.....12c
 40-inch reduced to.....13c
 40-inch reduced to.....14c
 40-inch reduced to.....15c

THE white materials—the Linens—Bedding and household needs all command attention. The Undermuslins are more beautiful than we have ever before shown, and there are more pretty things by almost three times than you could possibly see at any other store in this section of the country—we've planned for months to make this opening sale of white successful—we've searched through the lines of the best importing houses to get the finest white goods, linens, etc., and we've gathered undermuslins from the best makers in the country—but enough of all this—you will readily see for yourself—come! Visit the new department for undermuslins on the second floor. See the fine new white goods, linens, etc., on the first floor, and make it a point to examine critically. Appreciative customers are our best advertisements after all. The following prices will give you a hint here and there of what values you may expect.

Nainsooks.
 30-inch reduced to.....14c
 36-inch reduced to.....15c
 36-inch reduced to.....22c
 36-inch reduced to.....23c
 36-inch reduced to.....25c
 36-inch reduced to.....26c
 36-inch reduced to.....40c

Long Cloths.
 36-inch reduced to.....12 1/2c
 36-inch reduced to.....14c
 36-inch reduced to.....15c
 42-inch reduced to.....15c
 42-inch reduced to.....25c

Cambrics.
 36-inch reduced to.....5c
 36-inch reduced to.....11c
 36-inch reduced to.....14c
 36-inch reduced to.....15c

Bleach Damasks.
 72-inch fine Bleach Damask, pure linen—reduced to \$1.00.
 72-inch Bleach Damask, fine satin finish—reduced to \$1.15.
 Napkins to match, 22-inch—\$3 dozen.
 72-inch Bleach Damask, fine satin finish—reduced to \$1.40.
 Napkins to match, 24-inch—\$4 dozen.
 72-inch Bleach Damask, Irish manufactured—reduced to \$2.00.

Bedspreads.
 Full size fringed bedspread reduced to \$1.35.
 Fine Dimity Bedspreads reduced to \$2.25.
 Fine Satin Bedspreads, fringed, reduced to \$2.50.
 Best Colored Satin Bedspreads, fringed, reduced to \$3.00.
 Very fine Marseilles Bedspreads, reduced to \$4.00.
 Very best Marseilles Bedspreads, reduced to \$5.00.
 All better grades at reduced prices.

Sheets and Pillow Cases.
 72x90 fine brown Sheets reduced to 45c.
 81x90 fine brown sheets reduced to 52c.
 SHEETS—Plain, Bleach—
 72x90 reduced to.....54c
 81x90 reduced to.....58c
 90x90 reduced to.....62 1/2c

SHEETS—Hemstitched—
 72x90 reduced to.....55c
 81x90 reduced to.....64c
 90x90 reduced to.....68c

PILLOW CASES—Plain—
 36x42 reduced to.....13 1/2c
 36x45 reduced to.....14 1/2c
 36x50 reduced to.....15 1/2c
 36x54 reduced to.....16 1/2c

PILLOW CASES—Hemstitched—
 36x42 reduced to.....16c
 36x45 reduced to.....18c
 36x50 reduced to.....19c
 36x54 reduced to.....20c

Fringed Dollies.
 Fringed Damask reduced to \$1.00 dozen.
 Fringed Damask reduced to \$1.50 dozen.
 Fringed Damask reduced to \$2.25 dozen.
 Fringed Damask reduced to \$2.75 dozen.

Linen Towels.
 18x36-inch good Huck Towels, white and colored borders—reduced to 12c; \$1.50 dozen.
 40x20-inch fine Huck Towels, white and colored borders—reduced to 20c; \$2.25 dozen.
 40x20-inch Hemstitched Towels, pure linen—reduced to 25c; \$3.00 dozen.
 40x22-inch Hemstitched Towels, pure linen—reduced to 28c; \$3.35 dozen.
 50x24-inch Hemstitched Towels, pure linen—reduced to 37 1/2c; \$4.50 dozen.

Towelings.
 16-inch Bleach Toweling, all pure linen, reduced to 8c.
 18-inch Light Brown Toweling, all pure linen, reduced to 8c.
 21-inch Light Brown Toweling, all pure linen, reduced to 11c.
 41/8-inch Bleach Toweling, extra heavy, all pure linen, reduced to 12c.
 19-inch Bleach Toweling, extra heavy, pure linen—reduced to 14c.

Turkish Towels.
 Fine Brown Turkish Towels, heavy and durable, reduced to 14c.
 Fine Bleach Turkish Towels, extra good, reduced to 16c.
 Fine Brown Turkish Towels, extra large size, reduced to 20c.
 Fine Bleach Turkish Towels with red border, extra large, reduced to 25c.
 Fine Bleach Turkish Towels, extraordinary large, reduced to 30c.

Infants' White Wear.
 50c Infants' fine Nainsook Slips, neatly finished at neck and sleeves.
 50c Infants' Long Skirts, made of soft linen cambric, finished with ruffle.
 \$1.00 Infants' Slips of Nainsook; yoke of lace insertion, neck and sleeves trimmed with dainty edge.
 \$1.50 Infants' Nainsook Slips, (strictly hand made), trimmed with fine tucks, feather-stitching, Valenciennes lace at neck and sleeves.
 \$2.00 Long Skirts on Nainsook, trimmed with fine tucks, feather-stitching and lace.
 \$2.25 Infants' Long Dresses of fine lawn, trimmed with dainty embroidery and narrow lace edge at neck and sleeves.

The Sale of Reserved Seats for the Elks' Show opens tomorrow at the Lyceum Box Office at 9 a. m.

FAREWELL IS GIVEN.
Friends of C. F. Robel Express Their Appreciation.
 A farewell to Charles F. Robel, who has been superintendent of the Bethel for a number of years and who has resigned, was given last evening at the Bethel on Lake avenue. H. H. Hanford presided, and addresses were made by a number of those identified with the work of the Bethel.

CROSLEY PARK SOLD.
Goes Under Mortgage to an Ohio Bank.
 A mortgage sale involving a large number of lots in Crosley Park addition to Duluth, was held this morning by Sheriff Butchart. The property sold is known as Crosley Park, and comprises about 20 acres in a tract lying northerly of the Lester Park firehall. The sale was made under foreclosure of a mortgage amounting to \$237.96, given by the Crosley Park Land company to the National Life and

Bookkeepers and Stenographers
 And those who have been placed in a trying position and have taken Rea Bros' Cascarets really know the true merit of it. It regulates the stomach and digestive organs and tones up the whole system. It is good for all stomach sicknesses, sold at the leading druggists, price 50 cents, or samples sent free.

Hatch Smelting Stock.
 Those contemplating buying this stock will have to act soon as all the stock will be withdrawn in a very few days.
 Call at company's office, 109 Manhattan building.

MOTHER'S CARE NEEDED.
Since Her Death Eddie Murphy Has Become Wayward.
 Eddie Murphy, a bright little boy 10 years of age, was given a hearing in police court this morning for stealing a knife from a Superior street Ten Cent store.

LEFT BUT LITTLE.
Charles Terry Returned to Hibbing For Stealing.
 Charles C. Terry, the hotel clerk from Hibbing arrested yesterday, was taken back to that place this afternoon. Mr. Terry was night clerk at the Hibbing house. If certain stories are correct, when he departed he did not leave anything but the hotel and a 6:30 call.

AD FOR STARVING FINNS
Being Solicited at Chicago By Dr. Sorenson.
 Chicago, Jan. 27.—Appeals for aid in behalf of the starving Finns are being made by Dr. C. J. Sorenson, surgeon-in-chief of the Northern Michigan

general hospital, who is president of the Finnish central relief committee with headquarters in Calumet, Mich.
 Dr. Sorenson is at present in Chicago striving to enlist the co-operation of the Swedish and Finnish residents of this city in this relief work. According to Dr. Sorenson, no less than 400,000 Finns are actually starving today, and not since the famine of 1867 swept through Finland, causing the death of 100,000 persons, have the conditions been so desperate.

PILES
 "I have suffered with piles for thirty-six years. One year ago last April I began taking Cascarets for constipation. In the course of a week I noticed the piles began to disappear and at the end of six weeks they did not trouble me at all. Cascarets have done wonders for me. I am entirely cured and feel like a new man." George E. Ryder, Napoleon, La.

Best For The Bowels
Cascarets
 THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Present, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken or Grip, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never fail to cure or your money back. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.
 Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 553
ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

FORMAL FINDINGS

Judge Dibell's Ruling In C. H. Graves Contest Case.

Involves the Adoption of the Fifth Charter Amendment.

Decides That It Received Required Three-Fifths Vote.

Judge Dibell of district court, has filed his findings of fact and conclusions of law in the contest of Charles H. Graves, of the special election, to

amend section 32, of the city charter, known as the "fifth amendment." The court holds that the amendment received a majority vote of more than three-fifths of all the votes cast at the election and was duly adopted and ratified. Judgment has been entered accordingly.

The matter came up for a hearing before a general term of district court, Dec. 1, 1902, the contestants being represented by Victor Stearns, and the contestees, the city officers, by City Attorney Oscar Mitchell. At this hearing Judge Dibell appointed a commission of three members to conduct a recount of the votes cast at the special election for the amendment. This commission was composed of Frank Craswell, C. B. Miller and A. W. Hunter. Several weeks ago the commission submitted a report of the recount, showing that the amendment received the number necessary to carry it, and the judgment of the court was rendered accordingly.

The amendment to the section in question was that when the board of public works shall be directed by the city council to make any improvement, it shall cause an estimate of the cost of the improvement to be made by the city engineer, and shall proceed at once

In Your Ailment Catarrh? — "I had catarrh for one year." "I had catarrh for two years." "I had catarrh for five years." "I had catarrh for fifty years." These are sentences from the volumes and volumes of testimony for the great catarrh cure, from men and women all over the continent who have been cured. It relieves in ten minutes. Sold by Max Wirth, 18 West Superior street—20.

to assess 80 per cent of the estimated cost of such improvement, which is assessable, including 10 per cent upon such amount which shall be added to the assessment to defray the necessary expense of making survey, plans and specifications, on the property to be benefited, in proportion, as nearly as may be, to the benefits resulting therefrom.

The amendment was declared to be carried at the special election held Oct. 25 of last year, and a contest was started by C. H. Graves in the behalf of private owners, who were opposed to the amendment, on the ground that it did not receive the number of votes necessary to carry it.

In his findings of fact, Judge Dibell says the total number of votes cast at the special election was 1507, that the amendment received 909 affirmative votes to 598 votes against it, thereby receiving more than three-fifths of the total number of votes cast, and that the amendment was duly ratified and adopted.

Bank of Cincinnati, O. The land was covered by two mortgages due the bank, the first of \$297.20, under which the foreclosure sale being held yesterday. The bank people were the purchasers in both cases, the consideration at yesterday's sale being \$103.95 and the proceeds of the sale today being \$115.47. It is understood that after the redemption period the bank will place the property in the hands of local real estate men for sale.

Mrs. Robel with a handsome silver set from their friends. Mr. Robel responded, expressing their thanks.
 There was music by Miss McGiffert. Mrs. Asher and C. A. Gregory.
 Mr. Robel left today for a four months' visit to the Holy Land.

KICKAPOO SAGWA

GUARANTEED AND ENDORSED

is advertised. Remember prejudice kills more people than poison. Thousands of men and women testify that they have been cured of nervousness, dyspepsia, heart disease, liver and stomach trouble, by Kickapoo Indian Sagwa. The word of these people is good in their own community among people that know them best, for clothes, food or money. Is not that word just as good when it testifies for a medicine? If you are sick, investigate the fact. Diseases of the heart, stomach, lungs, nerves and blood are cured by Sagwa. The Hand of Help is held out to you. Sagwa is guaranteed to do as claimed or money refunded. You can lose nothing by giving it a trial. At all drugists.

FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS.

THE ROYALTY REBATE IRON ORE MANUFACTURED

**Within the State May Be
Further Extended.**

**The Hugo "Snow" Bill Is
to Be Withdrawn.**

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

St. Paul, Jan. 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Senator Laybourn introduced a bill in the senate this morning extending the limit on rebates of state royalties on iron ore manufactured within the state. The law was enacted in 1897, and it was run for ten years. Six years of that time have elapsed, and as there are but four to come, the time is so short that it would not be much of an inducement to manufacturers intending to locate in the state. The new bill extends the time for fifteen years from the passage of the act and in effect adds eleven years to the life of the old law. The law provides that where a shipper of iron ore from state lands makes satisfactory proof to the state auditor that the iron ore was smelted or manufactured in the state, and that the smelter or manufacturer received the full benefit of the repayment, the royalties shall be returned.

Another bill, Mr. Laybourn fixes the term of district court sessions in Lake counties, giving Lake two terms a year instead of one. The bill was introduced in December, and giving Cook county one term a year in June. This bill was passed under suspension of the rules.

The house also had some bills of particular interest to Duluth, two of which were introduced by Capt. Lewis at the request of the board of education of the independent school district of Duluth. One permits school boards to pay for the transportation of pupils from outlying districts to school in the central portions, when the suburban schools have been closed. The other bill appears to be designed to settle the old dispute between County Superintendent Park and the city schools as to whether the independent school district has a right to mix into the examination of teachers. The bill provides that the board of education in cities of over 50,000 having independent school districts may make their own rules for the government of schools and the employment of superintendents and teachers.

Dowling added to the gallery of nations by introducing his meritorious measure providing for \$2000 for Mrs. Annie Nelson, the mother of triplets, who was deserted by her husband and is now a public charge with the little triplets. Nelsons. The bill was unusual and aroused considerable laughter.

Capt. Randall introduced a bill providing that wills may be deposited with the judge of probate during the life of the maker, for safe keeping. Mr. Lighty presented a bill giving landlords a lien on crops raised on rented lands as security for the rent, and also on stocks of goods and merchandise.

INQUIRY IS WELCOMED

**By the Capitol Commission, Says Col. Graves--
Several Bills to Be Introduced by Representative P. E. Dowling.**

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

St. Paul, Jan. 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Capitol commission welcomes the proposed investigation of its accounts by the house of representatives, said Col. C. H. Graves, of the commission, yesterday afternoon, "providing it is not a mere matter of the object of the investigation is perfectly praiseworthy. A large amount of the state's money has been spent, and it is right that the representatives of the taxpayers should examine the accounts to see that the money is properly handled. All that we desire is that it be done as speedily as possible, without desiring any speed that will interfere with its being done properly. It ought to be possible to get it out of the way in a week or ten days, and the method devised by the committee on public accounts and expenditures, that of having the accounts examined by the committee on public accounts, seems to be the way of getting it quickly and accurately."

Just at this season is a particularly auspicious time for negotiating with contractors. They are not busy, and they will more readily yield to work. More of them will be likely to put in bids for anything the commission has to offer than in the winter, when they begin to get busy with preparations

(Continued on Page 8.)

SILVER BULLION STOLEN

**United States Bonded Car Is Robbed of Bars Valued
at \$400,000, Somewhere Near
the Mexican Border.**

Almagorito, N. M., Jan. 28.—Some- where between this place and El Paso, Texas, a United States bonded car, in transit from the El Paso smelter to Chicago, loaded with 600 bars of silver bullion, was entered by robbers and eighty of the bars stolen. At Junction the broken seal was discovered, and an investigation revealed three Mexicans in the car. When an attempt was made to eject them they pulled knives, and a lively fight took place. The crew drove the robbers away.

At Dog Canyon, Sheriff Hunter saw three Mexicans, who took to the bush. A call to hunt was answered by a fusillade. A running fight ensued. Hunter shot a Mexican through the heart. The other two escaped, but posers are after them. Officials are of the opinion that the bonded car was entered by robbers just outside of El Paso, who discovered the broken seal and then drove the bars out to be gathered up by confederates. The value of the missing bullion is estimated at \$400,000.

A DRUNKEN RUFFIAN KILLED

Davenport, Wash., Jan. 28.—Marshal Jack O'Farrell and Deputy Eph Heilly shot and killed Charles Hill in a saloon here just as Hill was about to fire a third bullet into the prostate bone of Joseph Hoy, the bartender. Hill, who is a farm laborer, had been drinking. He entered the saloon, forced the bartender to open the door, and then shot him twice when the officers entered and put an end to his career. Hoy may recover.

ASKS FOR HEAD MEN

**Miners' Counsel Wants
Baer and Truesdale
to Testify.**

**To Bring Out Facts Con-
cerning Limitation
of Production.**

**Attorney Darrow and
Chairman Gray Have
a Discussion.**

Philadelphia, Jan. 28.—The anthracite coal strike commission today heard additional testimony from the independent operators. The examination of the witnesses by counsel for the miners was conducted with a view of ascertaining the reasons why the independent operators preferred to permit the flooding of the mine rather than grant their employees an eight-hour working day.

John Weber, superintendent of J. S. Wentz's Hazenock colliery, said in his opinion the company wanted to manage its own business.

Attorney Darrow, for the miners, addressed the commission and asked that the presidents of the coal carrying roads be brought to the commission to testify concerning the alleged limitation of the coal production. "There has been testimony before this commission," said Mr. Darrow, "that the miners have limited the coal production. We believe the restriction has been made by the operators. But so long as the companies have made the charge, I want them to bring before the commission the presidents of the coal carrying roads in order that we may be able to learn the facts."

"Then," inquired Mr. Darrow, "the coal companies have limited the supply of coal?" "I have looked at the economic side of this question and am of the opinion that the coal supply should be conserved," answered Mr. Darrow, "the destruction of the coal supply is a serious matter."

The discussion proceeded, Attorney Darrow asked Chairman Gray if he thought an operator had any more right to limit the production of coal than a miner has to limit the production of his own coal. "I have no right to restrict the working hours of another miner," answered Chairman Gray. "I have no right to restrict the working hours of another miner," answered Chairman Gray. "I have no right to restrict the working hours of another miner," answered Chairman Gray.

"Then," inquired Mr. Darrow, "has one company, because it is bigger and stronger, the right to limit another company that is smaller?" "I have no right to restrict the working hours of another miner," answered Chairman Gray. "I have no right to restrict the working hours of another miner," answered Chairman Gray.

Chairman Gray thought not. Attorney Darrow, of the companies, stated that he had no objection to the strike in 1902 the output of coal was restricted by concerted action. The strike was known to be at hand and the operators made every effort possible to store as much coal as possible. The operators, he said, are anxious to keep the market supplied by securing an adequate supply for the demand, and also for reserve.

Mr. Darrow said he desired the presence of President Baer of the Reading company and President Truesdale of Delaware, and Mr. Darrow, who is responsible for the alleged restriction, Chairman Gray said the commission would consider the matter.

Thomas W. Hilden, a foreman in the employ of the Lehigh Coal company, who located in the Lehigh valley, testified concerning conditions at these mines. He said the collieries since the beginning of the working ten hours daily instead of nine in order to increase the production. The men, however, he declared, are indifferent and do no more work in the ten hours than they did in nine. Colliery men, he said, said the December production of the company was 5,000,000 tons, the largest monthly production in years. The commission here took a recess.

(Continued on Page 8.)

TO MOVE COAL.

**Traffic Managers Confer With
Mayor of Chicago.**

Chicago, Jan. 28.—Traffic managers of all coal carrying roads entering Chicago met Mayor Harrison and members of the city's coal committee this afternoon to complete plans for clearing aside one day each week to getting coal into Chicago. This involves the sidetracking of practically all freight for twenty-four hours for the purpose of moving coal.

THIRD PASSES THROUGH.
Constantinople, Jan. 28.—The third Russian torpedo boat destroyer passing through the Dardanelles Monday evening bound for Sebastopol.

KAFFIRS FIGHTING.
Durban, Natal, Jan. 28.—Serious factional fighting between Kaffirs has occurred in the Umsinto district, thirty-seven miles from here. It is reported that forty of the natives were killed.

LOST HIS MEMORY.
Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Jan. 28.—A singular case of loss of memory is exciting interest at St. Stephen's theological college at Annadale, where Samuel A. Chapman, a student of Boston, has lain in a semi-conscious condition for over a week. He fell on an icy sidewalk and it is believed injured his spine.

FOUNDERS DAY CELEBRATED.
Chicago, Jan. 28.—Founders' Day of Northwestern university was celebrated today by the profession of the school building in the business section of the city. The school and George Carroll, taken possession of it. The defenders of San Marcial against the Yaquis included more than twenty Americans, eight of

COLLISION ON THE JERSEY CENTRAL MOST APPALLING

BELGIUM WILL ACT

**For the Allies in Collect-
ing Customs In
Venezuela.**

**Various Agents Will Re-
ceive and Distribute
the Funds.**

**Will Relieve United States
and Others of All
Trouble.**

Paris, Jan. 28.—It was learned today that the Belgian charge d'affaires at Caracas, M. Vander Hyde, has informed his diplomatic colleagues that Belgium will undertake the administration of the Venezuelan customs in behalf of the allies and other foreign claimants, thus relieving the United States and other parties interested from the responsibility of administering the settlement. The agents will be appointed to receive the customs and distribute the respective portions to the different claimants.

AN EXTRA DIVIDEND.
New York, Jan. 28.—The Tressed Steel Car company has declared regular quarterly dividends of 2 1/2 on the preferred and 1 per cent on the common stock, and in addition, an extra dividend of 1 per cent on the common stock.

REPEATEDLY WARNED

**Witness In Hooper-Young Case Whose Life Is
Threatened Is Miss Elizabeth Dickinson Who
Renounced the Mormon Church.**

New York, Jan. 28.—The witness in the Hooper-Young murder case, who has received anonymous letters threatening that she gives evidence against the grandson of Brigham Young, she will pay for it with her own life, is Miss Elizabeth Dickinson. Miss Dickinson has received several of these letters, in a man's handwriting, some written plainly in black ink, and some in red ink. All are of a similar tenor, threatening her with death if she does not withdraw her testimony. She was removed to a small town in New Jersey, near Long Branch, but about six weeks ago obtained her present position, and the threatening letters have been addressed to her in care of her employer.

Pulitzer together at any of the meetings.

In June, 1901, Miss Dickinson was baptized and became a regular member of the Mormon church. Until after her admission into the church, she said, nothing was said to her of polygamy or of the Mormon religion. She was urged to go to Salt Lake City and there enter into what was described by her as a spiritual marriage. She renounced her recently-acquired religion.

The witness was last August. She removed to a small town in New Jersey, near Long Branch, but about six weeks ago obtained her present position, and the threatening letters have been addressed to her in care of her employer.

Northhausen, Prussian Saxony, Jan. 28.—Prince Wolfgang zu Stolberg-Stolberg, who was found shot dead early yesterday morning in the park of his castle at Rotteneberg, probably committed suicide. His father lay in the castle of Stolberg and the son started to drive from his own castle at Rotteneberg to spend the night with his father. The prince took a hunting rifle with him in the carriage. As the family explains, it was his custom to shoot game during his drives. While the carriage was still in Rotteneberg park, the prince told the driver to stop, got out and walked, carrying his rifle into the park. The driver later heard a shot and waited a long time for the prince's return. Then the man searched the woods and found the prince dead, shot in the head and his hands still holding the rifle.

The body lay in the woods five hours while a coffin was being brought to the spot. The prince who was 28 years old, was a hereditary member of the Prussian house of nobles. His father was elevated from the rank of count to that of prince this year. The bodies of the father and son will probably be buried side by side today.

STOCKMEN FEAR HEAVY LOSS

Great Falls, Mont., Jan. 28.—There is much alarm among stockmen north and east, who say they are threatened with greater losses than in years. Reports from Glasgow are to the effect that in the valley country the conditions confronting cattlemen are most serious and a heavy loss is already recorded. All over Northeastern Montana, extending from Chinook east and north from there into the Canadian territory, there was a heavy fall of snow two weeks ago. This has hindered on top and the cattle are unable to get at the grass. Feeding is going on wherever possible, but there are many cattle that cannot be reached. One stockman from the Poplar neighborhood says the snow is crushed so hard that it will bear up a wagon and unless a chinook comes very soon the loss will be enormous.

EITHER SUICIDE OR MURDER

St. Paul, Jan. 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—William W. Wilson died this morning at the hospital at the Capitol hotel. There is a bullet in his brain and it looks like suicide. Miss Josie Waterhouse, who was in the room with the man, declares that the shooting was an accident; that the pistol was under the man's pillow, and was discharged by accident.

Wilson, who was 38 years old, was in the city. He said his place yesterday and it was said to purchase one today on Exchange and West Seventh street.

YAQUIS ATTACK SAN MARCIAL

Cananea, Mex., Jan. 28.—The Yaquis have attacked the town of San Marcial, the mining center of the state and almost taken possession of it. The defenders of San Marcial against the Yaquis included more than twenty Americans, eight of

REAR END COLLISION

**On the Northwestern
Road Causes Death
of Three.**

**One Stock Train Crashed
Into Another In
Dense Fog.**

**Engine Struck Caboose
Full of Stockmen With-
out Warning.**

Chicago, Jan. 28.—Three persons were killed, four seriously injured and eight slightly injured in a rear-end collision between stock trains on the Chicago & Northwestern railway near La Fox, Ill., this morning.

The dead:
A. L. AMERY, Scranton, Iowa.
COE, Woodbine, Iowa.
LANE, Vail, Iowa.

Seriously injured: H. Johnstone, Clinton, Iowa; William Jochims, Schleswig, Iowa; Evers Nelson, Schleswig, Iowa; Albert Playman, Dunlap, Iowa.

The trains came together in a dense fog, the engine of the rear train crashing into the caboose ahead without warning to the fated passengers. The latter were for the most part stockmen in charge of the stock on the way to Chicago and the East.

Most of the passengers on the local, on which all of those killed were riding, were well-to-do residents of Plainfield and neighboring towns. They were returning to their homes from their places of business in New York. Of the unidentified dead, seven lived in Plainfield, and in the long list of injured Plainfield is given as the home of a majority. Nearly every body in the town seemed to have one or more of wounded in it today, but the city's facilities for caring for its stricken people were ample.

The Jersey Central tracks had been cleared before daylight, and the only signs left today are the black patches on the snow where the wreckage was buried.

New York, Jan. 28.—Two wrecking crews worked all night taking the bodies from the wreckage of the collision of a Philadelphia & Reading express train and a local express on the Central Railroad of New Jersey.

In all, twenty-one bodies were taken from the wreckage and the following identifications have been made:
ROWLAND R. CHANDLER, Plainfield, N. J.
THOMAS A. CUMMINGS, Plainfield, N. J.
EDWARD FLYNN, Plainfield, N. J.
HARVEY S. PATTERSON, Dunellen, N. J.
GEORGE E. REED, Scotch Plains, N. J.
C. P. THAYER, Plainfield, N. J.
EDGAR W. WILLIAMS, Plainfield, N. J.
FREDERICK WALZER, Plainfield, N. J.
HARRY ROGERS, Plainfield, N. J.
FREDERICK HARDINGHAM, Plainfield, N. J.
CRAIG BALDWIN, Plainfield, N. J.
H. G. HANCOCK, Plainfield, N. J.
R. B. SHANADO, Plainfield, N. J.

The injured, so far as known, are as follows: Richard Clark, Plainfield, both legs broken; William Sampson, Plainfield, cut about head and body; Wilson Frederick, Dunellen, scalded about body; Miss Lizzie Cutter, Plainfield, cut about head and body; Fredrick, Plainfield, badly injured about the head and body; Howard R. George, Plainfield, leg broken and scalp injured; Edgar Everett, slightly injured; Miss Mildred Everett, Plainfield, injured on face and head; Mrs. D. Canning, injured on face and head; Rose Bradford, Plainfield, injured on face and head; Miss Fannie Canning, body and face badly cut; Frederick Canning, body and face badly cut; Roy Appgar, Dunellen, badly injured about head; E. M. Jokow, slightly injured; William Geddes, Dunellen, both legs broken; George Chandler, Plainfield, legs injured; Charles Longworth, Plainfield, injured on body; Mrs. Belch, Plainfield, legs broken and body injured; Mary Ryan, Plainfield, injured about head; William Van Venter, Plainfield, cut about face and body; Everett Reighton, Plainfield, both legs cut off; Miss Lizzie Keiler, Plainfield, scalp torn off; Percy Irving, Dunellen, legs crushed; Mrs. Quillon, Plainfield, injured about body; James F. Clark, Philadelphia, seriously hurt about head and body.

V. E. Davis, engineer of the Reading express, died today. A policeman who aided in the work of rescue made the following statement today concerning Davis:

"I assisted in carrying Davis, the engine driver, from the engine. He was terribly injured. He said: 'I am responsible for the accident. I saw the danger signal, but expected it to turn white on the Y.'"

The statement made last night that it was a Royal Blue line express of the Baltimore & Ohio company which ran into the local express was erroneous. There was no Baltimore & Ohio train in the wreck.

The wrecking crews at work began to clear the tracks and get out bodies, and were assisted by hundreds of persons from Westfield, Cranford, Plain-

Fast Express Smashes Local Into Kindlings.

**Over Twenty Killed and
Fifty Badly Injured.**

New York, Jan. 28.—Up to noon today the total loss of life by last night's train wreck on the Central railroad of New Jersey at Graceland, N. P., was believed to be twenty-two. Of these, thirteen bodies had been identified and ten were held at Plainfield for identification. From the wreckage twenty-one bodies were taken, and W. E. Davis, engineer of the Reading express, died in a hospital today. More than fifty persons were injured, some of them very severely. The hospital reports today, however, were that with perhaps one or two exceptions, all would recover.

The blame for the accident is placed by the officials of the Jersey Central on W. E. Davis, engineer of the Reading express, and according to a policeman who took Davis from an smashed up cab of his engine, Davis admitted that he had taken chances and disregarded the danger signals displayed because he expected to see the red and green lights change to white as he neared them. They did not change, but it was too late to stop, and in an instant almost the crash came, carrying death to more than a score of human beings.

The scenes following the wreck were unusually horrible, because the cars were splintered and a kindling wood by the force of the collision. Hot coals from the engine fire box poured out, and the wreck was soon burning fiercely. What hope there had been of rescuing the wounded in the last car of the local express, who had been given up as the flames spread, and undoubtedly some of the wounded imprisoned by the piled-up debris, were burned to death. An east-bound train ran into the wreckage of the other and added to the loss of life.

Most of the passengers on the local, on which all of those killed were riding, were well-to-do residents of Plainfield and neighboring towns. They were returning to their homes from their places of business in New York. Of the unidentified dead, seven lived in Plainfield, and in the long list of injured Plainfield is given as the home of a majority. Nearly every body in the town seemed to have one or more of wounded in it today, but the city's facilities for caring for its stricken people were ample.

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The wrecking crews at work began to clear the tracks and get out bodies, and were assisted by hundreds of persons from Westfield, Cranford, Plain-

field and other places who had been brought to the scene by the news of the collision. Big bonfires were built of the wreckage and of old railroad ties to light up the scene and enable the men to see to do their work. More than 1000 persons remained at the wreck all night, and there were many pitiful scenes as bodies were dug out of the wreckage and recognized by relatives and friends.

C. P. Thayer, who was killed, was secretary to United States Senator Thomas C. Platt. A train conveying the bodies of thirteen victims of the wreck arrived at Plainfield at 5:05 a. m. Many of them were not recognizable. The people of the city were in a frenzy of grief. All sorts of rumors were abroad and it was reported that the number of dead would reach a hundred or more. The great majority of dead and injured were either residents of Plainfield or lived in neighboring places and were well known in Plainfield.

Many of them were wealthy commuters who had their places of business in New York. It is known that more than fifty persons were injured, but many of them, after they had their wounds dressed, went to their homes without giving their names. The stories of dreadful incidents accompanying the collision were numerous. The engine that drew the express ploughed through the wreckage of the local express before it came to a standstill. Bodies were crushed against the front of the locomotive, on the pilot and on the crown sheet, and could only be removed after the firemen had drenched the locomotive and for two hours and cooled off the plates.

The local express train that was run into leaves New York at 5:45 p. m. and runs to Bound Brook. It stops at both Westfield and Plainfield, and beyond Bound Brook is run as a local. The through express, which crashed into the local express, leaves New York fifteen minutes later, but travels at a higher rate of speed. It stops at Elizabeth. The slower train switches from track No. 3 at Graceland to track No. 4, and the through express should pass the local at that point. It was through express passed the other train returns to the express track.

Last evening a freight train occupied track No. 4, and the local express was ordered to continue on the express track. It was at this point that the switch onto track No. 4. Soon after receiving the order the local express had to stop to allow a hot box to cool off. The local had just started and was going at a slow rate of speed when the Philadelphia & Reading "express" came along and ran into the local train.

The seven unidentified bodies were badly buried and it will be difficult to make positive identifications. Of the injured, the condition of Everett Reighton, of Plainfield, was the most serious. Both his legs were cut off and he was badly scalded about the body. He is too weak to stand, and operation and it is feared he cannot recover.

W. G. Hessler, vice president and general manager of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, who was at the scene of the wreck forty minutes after it occurred and has since made an investigation, gave out a statement today in which he said the accident was due to the "element of human fallibility" in railroad operation.

"The company," he said, "has purchased and installed what is known as the electro-pneumatic-automatic system of block signalling, the signals working before, during and after accidents."

"The signals were working all right before and after the accident. It seems then that along came the Philadelphia express, one of our hourly trains between New York and Philadelphia, and flying past all the warnings, was driven by its engineer into the local train with such force as to telescope three of its coaches. So far as I can ascertain, the only explanation I can give for the accident is that the engineer of the express, gave the signal that he did not see any red lights. But he was in such a critical condition that I cannot know what he was saying. I understand he jumped and his injuries were received in that manner. The air brakes were applied just before the crash, I think, by the engineer, though they might have been set by being torn apart in the crash."

"Davis was a thoroughly competent engineer and had six years' experience running on the road between New York and Philadelphia. He was 33 years old, of good habits and had a very good record."

"The property loss is insignificant. The express train, apart from the engine, was not damaged a cent's worth. Soon after the wreck, the Somerville local came through on another track and its cars were scratched a little, but the reports that this train ran into the wreckage and caused further loss of life are wholly false."

Philadelphia, Jan. 28.—A number of Philadelphians who were passengers on the express arrived here today. Their stories describing the scene which followed the collision were practically identical. M. M. Reinhard, a salesman, said:

"I was in a day coach of the express. My car was the second in the train. We were going at least sixty miles an hour, when I felt a terrific shock and was thrown from my seat, as were all the other passengers in the car. The first shock was followed by the second, almost instantly. I saw the engine and the wreck of the express car as we came to a stop there were on each side of our car the split halves of another car that we had literally ploughed through. Before I could get out a train from Philadelphia passed in the opposite direction on the far track, ploughing through the wreckage of our train and the one we had run into. The wreckage was thrown back upon us, and caught fire."

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Within the State May Be Further Extended.

The Hugo "Snow" Bill Is to Be Withdrawn.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

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The house also has some bills of particular interest to Duluth, two of which were introduced by Capt. Lewis at the request of the board of education of the independent school district of Duluth. One permits school boards to pay for the transportation of pupils from outlying districts to school in the central portions, when the suburban schools have been closed. The other bill appears to be designed to settle the old dispute between County Superintendent Park and the city schools as to whether the independent school district has a right to mix into the examination of teachers. The bill provides that boards of education in cities of over 5,000 having independent school districts may make their own rules for the government of schools and the employment of superintendents and teachers.

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Mr. Lichty presented a bill giving landlords a lien on crops raised on rented lands as security for the rent, and also on stocks of goods and merchandise.

The Morgan resolution for free lumber came in from the senate and it went over for a day.

The committee on public accounts and expenditures was authorized to employ an expert accountant to audit the accounts of the capitol commission.

Speaker Babcock appointed the committee to investigate the prices charged for wood and coal, as follows: Pehler, Hinton, Peterson, Jacoby, Gillette, Bonck, Rullefson, Hugo, Hawley. The house in committee of the whole recommended Mr. Hugo's bill to allow Scottish lute bodies to incorporate and construct buildings for passage.

In the senate a number of the governor's appointments came up for confirmation, and two of them were held up.

Senator McGill asked that the appointment of George L. Matchan, of Minneapolis, as surveyor general of logs for the Second district be held up, on motion of Senator E. E. Smith, of Hennepin county, the matter was referred to a special committee of five. Senator Stephens asked that the appointment of H. L. Falk, of Polk, as surveyor general of logs for the Seventh district be held up. The other appointments, none of which affect Duluth, were confirmed.

On the question of the allowance for the completion of the capitol came up before the senate on general orders, but owing to the absence of the author of the bill, Senator Holton, it went over to Friday.

An amendment to the law governing the licensing of barbers was proposed in a bill introduced by Senator Wilson. It requires that the members of the board of examiners to have been qualified barbers for five years, and permits the board to make regulations regarding barbers to keep their shops in sanitary condition. Kropf, chairman of the board, introduced a bill carrying out his idea.

Senator Wilson introduced a bill providing for a state art society, and another for prizes for native artists. It is a bill to have a governing board, and the governor, who will be appointed by the legislature, will be a member of the board.

The Duluth delegation this afternoon decided to withdraw from the house two bills introduced for the removal of snow and ice from sidewalks and the one for building a new city hall. The delegation will push the other Hugo bill to local assessments, but for a moment a local assessment bill was introduced. This was taken at the request of a large number of taxpayers.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

INQUIRY IS WELCOMED

By the Capitol Commission, Says Col. Graves-- Several Bills to Be Introduced By Representative P. E. Dowling.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

St. Paul, Jan. 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—The capitol commission welcomes the proposed investigation of its accounts by the house of representatives, said Col. C. H. Graves, of the commission, yesterday afternoon, providing it does not lead to a delay. The object of the investigation is perfectly understandable. A large amount of the state's money has been spent, and it is right that the representatives of the taxpayers should examine the accounts and see that the money has been properly handled. All that we desire is that it be done as speedily as possible, without desiring any speed that will

interfere with its being done properly. It ought to be possible to get it out of the way in a week or ten days, and the money can be used for other purposes. The commission is not at all hostile to the investigation, and it is right that the representatives of the taxpayers should examine the accounts and see that the money has been properly handled. All that we desire is that it be done as speedily as possible, without desiring any speed that will

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(Continued on Page 8.)

SILVER BULLION STOLEN

United States Bonded Car Is Robbed of Bars Valued at \$400,000, Somewhere Near the Mexican Border.

Almagorito, N. M., Jan. 28.—Somehow between this place and El Paso, Texas, a United States bonded car, in transit from the El Paso smelter to Chicago, loaded with 800 bars of silver bullion, was entered by robbers and eighty of the bars stolen. At Janita Junction the broken seal was discovered, and an investigation revealed three Mexicans in the car. When an attempt was made to eject them they pulled knives, and a bloody fight took place. The crew drove the robbers away.

At Dog Canyon, Sheriff Hunter saw three Mexicans who took to the bush. A call to halt was answered by a fusillade. A running fight ensued. Hunter shot a Mexican through the heart. The other two escaped, but posers are after them. Officials are of the opinion that the bonded car was entered by robbers just outside of El Paso, who threw the bars out to be gathered up by confederates. The value of the missing bullion is estimated at \$400,000.

A DRUNKEN RUFFIAN KILLED

Davenport, Wash., Jan. 28.—Marshall Jack O'Farrell and Deputy Sheriff Kelly shot and killed Charles Hill in a saloon here just as Hill was about to fire a third bullet into the prostrate body of Joseph Hoy, the bartender. Hill, who

is a farm laborer, had been drinking. He entered the saloon, forced the bartender to line up along the wall and opened fire on Hoy, shooting him twice when the officers entered and put an end to his career. Hoy may recover.

ASKS FOR HEAD MEN

Miners' Counsel Wants Baer and Truesdale to Testify.

To Bring Out Facts Concerning Limitation of Production.

Attorney Darrow and Chairman Gray Have a Discussion.

Philadelphia, Jan. 28.—The anthracite coal strike commission today heard additional testimony from the independent operators. The examination of the witnesses by counsel for the miners was conducted with a view of ascertaining the reasons why the independent operators preferred to permit the flooding of the company mines rather than grant their employees an eight-hour working day.

John Weber, superintendent of J. S. Wentz's Hazlebrook colliery, said in his opinion the company wanted to manage its own business.

Attorney Darrow, for the miners, addressed the commission and asked that the presidents of the coal carrying roads be brought to the commission to testify concerning the alleged limitation of the coal production. There has been testimony before this commission, said Mr. Darrow, "that the miners have limited the coal production. We believe the restriction has been made by the operators. But so long as the companies have made the charge, I want them to bring before the commission the presidents of the coal carrying roads in order that we may be able to learn the facts."

"Do you mean to express the belief," said Chairman Gray, "that the coal companies have limited the supply beyond the normal market demand? I have looked at the economic side of this question and am of the opinion that it should be a certain thing."

The vastest competitive destruction of the coal supply is a serious matter," said Mr. Darrow.

As the discussion proceeded, Attorney Darrow asked Chairman Gray if he thought an operator had any more right to order a strike than a certain number of cars daily than had a miner to tell an operator he would load only a certain number of cars.

Mr. Darrow said he desired the presence of President Baer of the Reading company and President Truesdale of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, to learn from them, if possible, who is responsible for the alleged restriction. Chairman Gray would consider the matter.

Thomas W. Hilden, a foreman in the employ of the Lehigh Coal company, whose colliery is located in the Pottsville creek valley, testified concerning conditions at this mine. He said the colliery since the strike have been working ten hours daily. Instead of nine in order to increase the production, the men, however, he declared, are indifferent and do no more work in the ten hours than they did in nine.

Counsel for the miners said the December production of the company was 5,000,000 tons, the largest monthly production in years. The commission here took a recess.

THIRD PASSES THROUGH.
Constantinople, Jan. 28.—The third Russian torpedo boat destroyer passed through the Dardanelles Monday evening bound for Sebastopol.

KAPRINS FIGHTING.

Durban, Natal, Jan. 28.—Serious fighting between Kaprins has occurred in the Umsinto district, thirty-seven miles from here. It is reported that forty of the natives were killed.

LOST HIS MEMORY.
Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Jan. 28.—A singular case of loss of memory is exciting interest at St. Stephen's theological college at Annandale, where Samuel A. Chapman, a student of Yale, has lain in a semi-conscious condition for over a week. He fell on an icy sidewalk and it is believed injured his spine.

FOUNDERS DAY CELEBRATED.
Chicago, Jan. 28.—"Founders' Day" of Northwestern university was celebrated today by the students in a procession at school buildings in the business section of the city. A reception followed the exercises.

BELGIUM WILL ACT

For the Allies In Collecting Customs In Venezuela.

Various Agents Will Receive and Distribute the Funds.

Will Relieve United States and Others of All Trouble.

Paris, Jan. 28.—It was learned today that the Belgian charge d'affaires at Caracas, M. Vander Hyde, has informed his diplomatic colleagues that Belgium will undertake the administration of the Venezuelan customs in behalf of the allies, and other foreign claimants, thus relieving the United States and other parties interested from the responsibility of administering the settlement. The agents will be appointed to receive the customs and distribute the respective portions to the different claimants.

AN EXTRA DIVIDEND.
New York, Jan. 28.—The Pressed Steel Car company has declared regular quarterly dividends of 2 1/2 on the preferred and 1 per cent on the common stock, and in addition, an extra dividend of 1 per cent on the common stock.

REPEATEDLY WARNED

Witness In Hooper-Young Case Whose Life Is Threatened Is Miss Elizabeth Dickinson Who Renounced the Mormon Church.

New York, Jan. 28.—The witness in the Hooper-Young case, who has received anonymous letters threatening that she is given evidence against the grandson of Brigham Young, she will pay for it with her own life, is Miss Elizabeth Dickinson. Miss Dickinson has received several of these letters in a man's handwriting, some written in red ink, and some in red ink. All are of a similar tenor. Passages from the book of Mormon are quoted and she is told plainly that if she does not return to the Mormon church, she will be killed.

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REAR END COLLISION

On the Northwestern Road Causes Death of Three.

One Stock Train Crashed Into Another In Dense Fog.

Engine Struck Caboose Full of Stockmen With- out Warning.

Chicago, Jan. 28.—Three persons were killed, four seriously injured and eight slightly injured in a rear-end collision between stock trains on the Chicago & Northwestern railway near La Fox, Ill., this morning.

The dead:
A. L. AMERY, Scranton, Iowa.
COE, Woodbine, Iowa.
LANE, Vail, Iowa.

Seriously injured: H. Johnstone, Clinton, Iowa; William Johnstone, Schiess, Iowa; Evers Nelson, Schiess, Iowa; Albert Playman, Dunlap, Iowa. The trains came together in a dense fog, the engine of the rear train crashing into the caboose ahead without warning to the fated passengers. The latter were for the most part stockmen in charge of the stock on the way to Chicago and the East.

Most of the passengers on the local, on which all of those killed were riding, were well-to-do residents of Plainfield and neighboring towns, who were returning to their homes from their places of business in New York. Of the identified dead, several were from Plainfield, and in the long list of injured Plainfield is given as the home of a majority.

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STOCKMEN FEAR HEAVY LOSS

Great Falls, Mont., Jan. 28.—There is much alarm among stockmen north and east, who say they are threatened with greater losses than in years. Reports from Glasgow are to the effect that the cattle are unable to get at the grass. Feeding is going on wherever possible, but there are many cattle that cannot be reached. One stockman from the Poplar neighborhood says the snow is so deep that it will bear up a wagon and unless a chinook comes very soon the loss will be enormous.

EITHER SUICIDE OR MURDER

St. Paul, Jan. 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—William W. Wilson died this morning at the hospital at the capital hotel. There is a bullet in his brain and it looks like suicide. Miss Josie Waterhouse, who was in the room with the man, declares that the shooting was an accident; that

the pistol was under the man's pillow, and was discharged by accident. Wilson has been operating a saloon in the city. He sold out his place yesterday and it is said, was to purchase one today on Exchange and West Seventh street.

YAQUIS ATTACK SAN MARCIAL

Cananea, Mex., Jan. 28.—The Yaquis whom were killed, among them Mr. Mehall, formerly superintendent of the mining center of the state and arrested possession of it. The defenders of San Marcial against the Yaquis included more than twenty Americans, eight of

whom were killed, among them Mr. Mehall, formerly superintendent of the mining center of the state and arrested possession of it. The defenders of San Marcial against the Yaquis included more than twenty Americans, eight of

Fast Express Smashes Local Into Kindlings.

Over Twenty Killed and Fifty Badly Injured.

New York, Jan. 28.—Up to noon today the total loss of life by last night's train wreck on the Central railroad of New Jersey at Graceland, N. P., was believed to be twenty-two. Of these, thirteen bodies had been identified and were held at Plainfield for identification. From the wreckage twenty-one bodies were taken, and W. E. Davis, engineer of the Reading express, was killed. They did not change, but it was too late to stop, and in an instant almost the crash came, carrying death to more than a score of human beings.

The blame for the accident is placed by the officials of the Jersey Central on W. E. Davis, engineer of the Reading express, and according to a policeman who took Davis from the smash-up cab of his engine, Davis admitted that he had taken chances and disregarded the danger signals displayed because he expected to see the red and green lights change to white as he neared the wreck. They did not change, but it was too late to stop, and in an instant almost the crash came, carrying death to more than a score of human beings.

The scenes following the wreck were unusually horrible, because the cars were piled up in a tangled mass, and the engine from the engine fire box poured out, and so wood was seen burning fiercely. What hope there had been of rescuing the wounded in the last car of the local express, who were given up as the flames spread, and undoubtedly some of the wounded imprisoned by the pile-up debris, were burned to death. An east-bound train ran into the wreckage of the other and added to the loss of life.

Most of the passengers on the local, on which all of those killed were riding, were well-to-do residents of Plainfield and neighboring towns, who were returning to their homes from their places of business in New York. Of the identified dead, several were from Plainfield, and in the long list of injured Plainfield is given as the home of a majority.

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PRINCE TOOK HIS LIFE

Nordhausen, Prussian Saxony, Jan. 28.—Prince Wolfgang zu Stolberg-Stolberg, who was found shot dead yesterday morning in the park of his castle at Rotteleroode, probably committed suicide. His father lay in the castle of Stolberg and the son started to drive from his own castle at Rotteleroode to spend the night by his father's side. The prince took a hunting rifle with him in the carriage. As the family explains, it was his custom to shoot game during his drives. While the carriage was still in Rotteleroode park, the prince told the driver to stop, got out, and walked, carrying his rifle into the woods. He was found shot dead by a long time for the prince's return. Then the man searched the woods and found the prince dead, shot in the head and his hands still in the rifle.

The body lay in the woods five hours when a coffin was being brought to the shot. The prince, who was 31 years old, was hereditary member of the Prussian house of lords. The father was a member of the rank of count to that of this year. The father was a member of the rank of count to that of this year. The father was a member of the rank of count to that of this year.

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field and other places who had been brought to the scene by the news of the collision. Big bonfires were built of the wreckage and of old railroad ties to light up the scene and enable the men to see to do their work. More than 1000 persons remained at the wreck all night, and there were many pitiful scenes as bodies were dug out of the wreckage and recognized by relatives and friends.

C. P. Thayer, who was killed, was secretary to United States Senator Thomas C. Platt. A train conveying the bodies of thirteen victims of the wreck arrived at Plainfield at 3:45 a. m. Many of them were not recognizable. The people of the city were in a frenzy of grief. All sorts of rumors were afloat, and it was reported that the number of dead would reach a hundred or more. The great majority of dead and injured were either residents of Plainfield or lived in neighboring places and were well known in Plainfield.

Many of them were wealthy commuters who had their places of business in New York. It is known that more than fifty persons were injured, but many of them, after they had their wounds dressed, went to their homes without giving their names. The stories of dreadful incidents accompanying the collision were numerous. The engine that drew the express ploughed its way through the rear car of the local express before it came to a standstill. Bodies were crushed against the front of the locomotive, on the pilot and on the crown sheet, and could only be removed after the firemen had drenched the locomotive front for two hours and cooled off the plates.

The local express train that was run into leaves New York at 5:45 p. m. and runs to Bound Brook. It stops at Elizabethtown, Westfield and Plainfield, and beyond Bound Brook is run as a local. The through express, which carries fifteen minutes later, but travels at a higher rate of speed. It stops at Elizabethtown. The slower train switches from track No. 3 at Graceland to track No. 4, and the through express should pass the local at that point. After the through express passed the other train returns to the express track.

Last evening a freight train occupied track No. 4, and the local express was ordered to continue on the express track as far as Dumont, where it switched onto track No. 4. Soon after receiving the order the local express had to stop to allow a hot box to cool.

The local had just started and was going at a slow rate of speed when the Philadelphia & Reading local came along and ran into the local train.

The seven unidentified bodies were badly burned and it will be difficult to make positive identifications.

Of the injured, the condition of Everett Reighton, of Plainfield, is the most serious. Both his legs were cut off and he was badly scalped about the body. He is too weak to stand on his own, and it is feared he cannot recover.

W. G. Hessler, vice president and general manager of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, who was at the scene of the wreck forty minutes after it occurred and has since made an investigation, gave out a statement today in which he said the accident was due to the "element of human fallibility" in railroad operation.

"The company," he said, "has purchased and installed what is known as the electro-pneumatic-automatic system of block signalling, the signals working before, during and after accidents."

"The signals were working all right before and after the accident. It seems then that along came the Philadelphia express, one of our hourly trains, flying past all the warnings, was driven by its engineer into the wreckage, and the only explanation of this, I believe, is that the engineer, who was in the car, did not see any red lights. But he was in such a critical condition that he hardly knew what he was saying. I understand he jumped and his injuries were received in that manner. The air brakes were applied just before the crash, I think, by the engineer, though they might have been set by being torn apart in the crash."

"Davis was a thoroughly competent engineer and had six years' experience running on the road between New York and Philadelphia. He was 33 years old, of good habits and had a very good record."

"The property loss is insignificant. The express train, apart from the engine, was not damaged 5 cents' worth. Soon after the wreck, the Somerville local came through on another track and its cars were scratched a little, but the reports that this train ran into the wreckage and caused further loss of life are wholly false."

Philadelphia, Jan. 28.—A number of Philadelphia residents who were passengers on the express arrived here today. Their stories describing the scene which followed the collision were practically identical. M. M. Reinhard, a salesman, said:

"I was in a day coach of the express. My wife was the second in the train. We were going at least sixty miles an hour, when I felt a terrible shock and was thrown from my seat, as were all the other passengers in the car. The first shock was followed by the second, almost as hard as the first, and we came to a stop there were on each side of our car the split halves of another car that we had literally ploughed through. Before I could get out a train from Philadelphia passed in the opposite direction on the far track, ploughing through the wreckage of our train and the one we had run into. The wreckage was thrown back upon us, and caught fire."

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Don't Know It



To Prove What Swamp-Root, the Great Kidney Remedy Will Do For YOU, Every Reader of The Herald May Have a Sample Bottle Sent Free By Mail.

Weak and unhealthy kidneys are responsible for more sickness and suffering than any other disease, therefore, when through neglect or other causes, kidney trouble is permitted to continue, fatal results are sure to follow.

Your other organs may need attention—but your kidneys most, because they do most and need attention first.

If you are sick or "feel badly," begin taking Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy, because as soon as your kidneys are well they will help all the other organs to health. A trial will convince anyone.

The mild and immediate effect of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy, is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of kidney and bladder troubles. Swamp-Root will set your whole system right, and the best proof of this is a trial.

At West 17th St., New York City, DEAR SIR: I had been suffering severely from kidney trouble. All symptoms were on hand: my former strength and power had left me; I could hardly drag myself along. Even my mental capacity was giving out, and often I wished to die. It was then I saw an advertisement of yours in a New York paper, but would not pay attention to it, but it had not promised a sworn guarantee with every bottle of your medicine, assuring that your Swamp-Root is pure, vegetable, and does not contain any harmful drugs. I am seventy years and four months old, and with a good count of my years I am a very old man. I have been using Swamp-Root to all sufferers from kidney trouble. Four members of my family have been using Swamp-Root, and all different kidney diseases, with the same good results.

With many thanks to you, I remain, Very truly yours,

ROBERT BERNER.

You may have a sample bottle of this famous kidney remedy, Swamp-Root, sent free by mail, postpaid, by which you may test its virtues for

EDITORIAL NOTICE.—If you have the slightest symptoms of kidney or bladder trouble, or if there is a trace of it in your family history, send at once to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., who will gladly send you by mail, immediately, without cost to you, a sample bottle of Swamp-Root and a book containing many of the thousands upon thousands of testimonial letters received from men and women cured. In writing, be sure to say that you read this generous offer in The Duluth Daily Herald.

TO KEEP THEM OFF

Police to Clear Streets of Unused Sleights and Wagons.

Practice of Leaving Them About At Night Is General.

Are Dangerous Nuisance Particularly to Fire Department.

Mayor Hugo has issued an order to the police department, advising officers to have unused sleighs and wagons removed from streets and alleys.

This is in accordance with an ordinance passed by the council last Monday evening.

It will go into effect tomorrow or the next day and the mayor desires to give all offenders sufficient opportunity to get this class of obstructions off the thoroughfares before they become liable to arrest.

Are You Hungry?

Does what you eat hurt you? If you are bilious or have a sluggish or Disordered Liver, or have indigestion, you can be set right by using

Beecham's Pills

Sold everywhere.

MAKING A FIGHT

Crowley Electric Company After Winona City Council.

Had Contract For Electric Plant Practically Awarded.

Council Suddenly Gave It to Another—Injunction Proceedings.

D. D. Crowley, of the Crowley Electric company, left this afternoon at 1:55 o'clock for Winona, where he goes to attend a hearing at his injunction suit against the common council of Winona, which comes up for a hearing on an order to show cause, tomorrow morning, at 10 o'clock, in the circuit court of that county.

The injunction proceeding was instituted this week to restrain the city from awarding a contract for building and equipping a municipal lighting plant at Winona to W. I. Gray & Co., of Minneapolis, contending that the Gray company was not entitled to the award, as its bid in competitive proposals, was about \$1000 higher than that of the Crowley company of this city.

D. C. Crowley said at the station this afternoon that he was of the opinion that some methods had been used with the council members which would not stand for a penetrating investigation without showing up some one guilty of unlawful acts.

"The bids were offered Jan. 5," said Mr. Crowley. "Our bid was \$42,355, while that of the Gray company was \$43,455. The contract was practically awarded to us; the contracts and resolutions had all been prepared in actual submission to the council, when a question arose, and objection was raised to our bids."

"The council was five for our bid, one for Gray and three against the plan for municipal lighting. With everything all ready and another meeting promising to vote for us, we waited from noon until afternoon of Monday, between the time we left the ground and the meeting, nearly every man left us, and our bid was not accepted."

An electrical expert, A. Zimmermann, from Chicago, was sent for to decide on the merits of the specifications, and he chose for us. But in the face of that we were turned down. We retained Attorneys Weber and Lees to care for our suit."

"A restraining order was secured and the council estopped from giving the contract to Gray & Co. I am going to Winona armed with affidavits of Duluth financial institutions, showing that our company is in the best of circumstances financially, and also an affidavit from the mayor of Winona, showing it is willing to put up the bond required as soon as the contracts shall be awarded."

"It looks to me as if there was some crooked work, and I told the council that in an address before them on the evening of the day on which I was turned down."

Nourishes the tissues, filling out the hollow spaces; smooths over bony places, giving a beautiful freshness to the faded skin. That's what Rocky Mountain Tea will do.

S. F. BOYCE.

BAD GRUB.

Drunk Pleads That Jail Fare Drove Him to Drink.

Liston: A star boarder of the county jail is kicking on those new eleven-and-one-half-cent table d'hôte banquets.

He says the daily menu only consists of:

Hautrais. Amontillado d' Dash. Bressoles a la Dazzle Buckley. This ray is county commissioner. Seize de moultre d'Anglois d'rosellie-caisses.

Caunders a lae-houze Italy. Pommes de terre a la rosiglette. Terrapin a la poor farm lee-house. Chaud-froid de maudrettes en chop factory.

Suicide Henderson. Glaces de fantaisies petits larceny. The name of this klicker is Van Dyke—Dr. Van Dyke, a scientific collector of antique whisky.

He was in police court this morning for the third time on a charge of drunkenness and threw himself on the mercy of the court with pleas for leniency on the ground that the new table d'hôte service in the county jail did not agree with him.

The judge sentenced him to sixty days confinement, kindly inserting a provision for hard labor in the hope that it would aid his digestion.

CONGRESSMAN ACHESON

Talks of a Possible War With Germany.

Pittsburg, Jan. 28.—"If Germany lands troops on Venezuelan soil, or makes an aggressive movement on the American continent in the way of land-grabbing, she will get into serious trouble," said Congressman E. F. Acheson, of Washington, Pa.

"President Roosevelt has his ear to the ground, and has able representatives in the watch tower, and the first attempt of Emperor William's men to try any movement in the way of territorial aggression will result in the way of a merry little time."

"Should such be the case," continued the congressman, "there can only be one result—the defeat of Germany. Germany has defeated in a war, as my opinion that the German empire would disintegrate, just as Poland did."

"In my last conversation with James G. Blaine, he stated to me that in his opinion the defeat of Germany would result in a cataclysm. Of course, he meant the breaking up of the empire. I hold the same view. With the different parties against the government, their chance would come, and they would take advantage of it."

PARKER IS FAVORED

By New York Democrats As Candidate For President.

David B. Hill Said to Be Behind the Movement.

Tammany and Also Many Business Men Support Plan.

Chicago, Jan. 28.—William B. Curtis, in a Washington special to the Record Herald, says: While in New York last week I discovered a well organized and energetic movement to secure the nomination of Chief Justice Alton B. Parker, the Democratic candidate for president of the United States next year, and learned that considerable effective work had already been done in his behalf in the Southern and Western states. Parker is behind the movement and is directing it. He has the co-operation of the Tammany society and a large number of Democratic business men, who have generally been found upon the anti-Tammany side of New York political contests. For the first time in many years, so far back as the oldest politicians can remember, all who profess to be Democrats in New York are united in support of the same man, and it is asserted that Judge Parker can command the votes and the financial aid of bankers, merchants generally, and big corporations. Large sums to the Republican war chest and have done very little in their power to defeat the Populists and free silver heresies of the Democratic party in recent campaigns. In fact, I was assured that no Republican candidate could command higher confidence or raise more money among the financial circles of New York state, and from that point of view Judge Parker would be quite as strong as Roosevelt or any other man the Republicans may nominate.

The Democratic party of New York is in better shape now than it has been since Grover Cleveland was first elected president. Nearly all factional lines have been wiped out and you will remember at the last election the Republican government was elected only by a majority of 100 votes. It had not been for the Socialistic coal platform and his arbitrary treatment of the delegations from Albany, Troy and Schenectady, the state convention, held at Saratoga Springs, would have been a landslide for the Republicans. Bird S. Coler would have received a considerable majority.

Parker is acceptable to Herriek, Murphy and Weed, as well as to Tammany and anti-Tammany organizations in New York city. One of the grievances against the nomination of Parker is the fact that he was not a native-born citizen, but a native-born citizen of New York city. He was born in Worcester, Mass., 31 years ago, and he came to New York city in 1880, and he has since that time been a citizen of New York city. He is a native-born citizen of New York city, and he is a native-born citizen of New York city.

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ALL CARS TRANSFER TO

M. S. BURROWS.

Overcoats—Half Price

Every Style Every Size Every Fabric



| | |
|-----------------------------|-------------|
| Men's Finest \$30 Overcoats | ... \$15.00 |
| Men's Finest \$25 Overcoats | ... \$12.50 |
| Men's Finest \$20 Overcoats | ... \$10.00 |
| Men's Finest \$15 Overcoats | ... \$7.50 |
| Men's Finest \$10 Overcoats | ... \$5.00 |
| Men's Finest \$8 Overcoats | ... \$4.00 |

M. S. BURROWS M. S. BURROWS M. S. BURROWS

AT WEST DULUTH

These are busy days at the Jensen street subway. A force of from thirty to forty men is employed and the work is being rushed to an early completion. The heavy snows of December proved a serious obstacle. There were also many delays in the arrival of material.

The road is now completed up to the Northern Pacific tracks from the Duluth side. The cut under the tracks and the completion of the bridge over the branch line of the Northern Pacific is about the only work that remains to be done.

The excavation is going on rapidly. The frozen earth is blasted out with dynamite and the pick and shovel gang loads it into the cars. The present weather is very favorable for the work. The sticky red clay is broken into great lumps by the blasting, and these are easily loaded into the cars by hand.

The West End people have the promise that the street railway will commence laying the tracks as soon as the city has completed its work, which will doubtless be in the near future. The bridge over the spur of the Northern Pacific road has been delayed for lack of the proper timbers, but the piles have all been driven and it lacks very little of completion.

Since the commencement of the work the West Duluth people have been throwing bouquets at Alderman Barnes, who was largely instrumental in having the matter taken up by the council, and many are wondering why the same thing was not done in 1892, when the old bridges were built. It combines the properties of moderate cost, absolute safety and permanence, with no expense for repairs or maintenance.

ENTERTAINED AT CARDS. Mr. and Mrs. J. Allyn Scott entertained a number of their friends at a whist party last evening. Among those present were: Dr. and Mrs. Keyes, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Phelps, Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Bradley, Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Schuler, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Kirkwood, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Schell, Mr. and Mrs. Schuler, W. B. Getchell and Mr. and Mrs. Schell.

The lady's prize was won by Mrs. Richard Schell and the gentleman's prize by H. H. Phelps. At the close of the playing refreshments were served.

TO BE MADE A FACTORY. Negotiations are about completed for the sale of the West Duluth electric plant. The plant was sold by the city to Joseph Cumming, foreman of the Electric company, who in turn is transferring it to Napoleon Blais, of West Duluth. Mr. Blais intends to turn the plant into a sash and door factory, and will move from his present quarters on Fifty-fourth avenue. He intends to manufacture all kinds of window sashes, mouldings, just frames and casements. The price named in the transaction is \$1500.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS. Duluth chapter, No. 54, R. A. M., conferred the Royal Arch degree on three candidates last evening. The ceremony was followed by a banquet. Mrs. Cram is seriously ill at her home.

W. Smith is in West Duluth today from Cross river. Frank Smith and Gus Lamar went to Grand Rapids this morning. L. Merritt has returned from his ranch in Nebraska. Charles Wright is employed on a surveying party at Proctorok. Arthur Schinn is in the city from Clouet. The tickets have been issued for the Commercial club banquet, which will take place Feb. 12. Lieut. Briggs is suffering from an attack of the grip. Miss Rose Baldwin has returned from a visit with friends in Eveleth. The Ladies' guild of the Episcopal church will meet at the home of Mrs. William Spencer tomorrow afternoon. For weather and wear resisting, no better men's and boys' pants made than the "McMillan" pants. New lines just received. The Great Eastern, West Duluth. Mrs. James Kirkwood, of Fifty-sixth avenue, will give a reception Friday evening in honor of Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Parsons, who will leave in the near future for New York to take up their residence there. It is for members of the W. C. T. U. and their husbands. The following officers have been installed by the Pearl River, No. 4, L. O. T. M.: Commander, Norm Murnan; past commander, Corn Williams; lieutenant commander, Lucy Penhale; record keeper, Laura Daoust; finance keeper, Harry Burns; chaplain, Anna Daoust; sergeant, Ellen Salter; master at arms, Janette Clifton; sentinel, Etta Hill; ticket, Annie Haggert. The retiring commander was presented with

TONIGHT
Lanner's Band at the West Duluth covered rink.

a beautiful berry set, and other retiring officers received gifts of costly chinaware. Boys' new "McMillan" three-piece and double breasted suits, all sizes, just received. The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

INDISCREET MILES. Victoria, B. C., Jan. 28.—Pekin correspondents of Japanese papers report that in an audience with the emperor at Peking, Gen. Miles praised the virtues of the empress dowager after she had complimented American envoys in the Philippines. He is quoted as saying that her qualities surpassed those of Queen Victoria. The dispatches state that Britishers at Peking were much in condescend in this regard.

Cluett, Brand & Co.
Arrow Brand
CUTAWAY 25c pair
Cluett, Peabody & Co.

The Morning Muffin
Should be Made from
Commander Flour.
Any Man Can Eat a Dozen.

Special Reduction
for this week only, 20 sets \$5.00
of teeth for \$5.00
All 88 crown and bridge work, per tooth \$5.00

Duluth Dental Parlors
3 W. Superior Street.

HABEAS CORPUS

Chisholm Man Invokes Its Aid to Effect Release.

Claims Sheriff Has No Commitment For Holding Him.

Has Filed Appeal of the Case From Justice Cant.

John Hassler, a resident of Chisholm, who has been confined in the county jail of St. Louis county since Jan. 10, alleges that he is unlawfully detained and has started proceedings in the attempt to regain his freedom.

A petition for a writ of habeas corpus has been filed in district court by his attorney, Alexander Marshall, and a writ was issued by Judge Hanson, ordering Sheriff Butcher to appear in court tomorrow morning at 9:30 o'clock and show cause why the petitioner should be restrained from liberty.

In his petition Hassler claims that he is now imprisoned in the common jail of this county and is unlawfully deprived of his liberty; that he has not been duly committed, and that the sheriff has no commitment by virtue of which he holds the petitioner in custody. He claims that he is confined in jail by reason of an illegal and unlawful supposed or pretended commitment purporting to have been issued by one S. Leckie, justice of peace for St. Louis county at Chisholm, and that he is unable to attack such commitment to his petition for the reason that the sheriff is unable to find one by virtue of which he keeps the petitioner in custody.

The petition further sets forth that Hassler appeared before Justice of Peace Leckie in Chisholm, Dec. 30, 1902, where he was found guilty of a charge set forth in a summons; that his attorney, Alexander Marshall, appeared at the trial and gave notice of an appeal to district court, filing the writ of habeas corpus, and the petitioner was discharged from custody, to be arrested Jan. 10 and brought to the county jail without a hearing, trial or investigation of any kind.

Attached to the petition was a deposition by the petitioner's attorney, Alexander Marshall, stating that Hassler was tried and found guilty of having in his possession gambling devices in the way of playing cards and dice; that he was sentenced to pay a fine of \$100 or in default of the fine to spend ninety days in the county jail.

Mr. Marshall deposes that he filed the proper notices of an appeal and that he was not allowed to appear before the district court, in the sum of \$150, with D. E. Harkins and Angus Macdonald as sureties. He further alleges that the justice of peace agreed to accept the bond and attach his notarial seal to the return. It is claimed that Mr. Hughes, "O. K.," the bond, that the justice received it and released Hassler from custody, but that he was taken in custody after about ten days of liberty.

EXPLORING.

Steel Corporation Searching For Ore on Vermilion Range.

The United States Steel corporation has begun explorations in section 14, 22-14, on the Vermilion range, where it is believed that there is a large deposit of iron ore in some quantity has been discovered on what is known as the d'Aumont property, the northeast corner of which is situated on the Vermilion range.

A drill was set at work on the d'Aumont property last early in December. It is believed that the Vermilion range is a valuable source of iron ore. The Vermilion range is a valuable source of iron ore. The Vermilion range is a valuable source of iron ore.

The other work of the Steel corporation is an section 4, 22-14, where drills have been at work for some months. The Vermilion range is a valuable source of iron ore. The Vermilion range is a valuable source of iron ore.

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MERCHANTS

Beginning to Come In On the Excursion Rates Offered.

The first of the merchants excursion rates from the territory of Minnesota, Northern Wisconsin, North Dakota and the copper country, are now effective and the rates for the country merchants will be given up to Jan. 31, the low rate return fare being effective until Feb. 10.

Already the merchants are beginning to arrive over the various roads and are visiting the local lodging houses, where they are furnished with the identification cards that will permit them to secure the one-fifth fare for the return trip. It is expected that before the end of the week a large number of the business men in the country tributary to the Duluth jobbers will have been in the city.

Among the merchants that have already been guests of the Commercial club are H. Bloom and H. J. Mathison, Virginia, M. H. Schuster, Floodwood; A. Karen, Hibbing; J. T. Young and L. G. Pendergast, Bemidji; S. Ruhloff, Virginia and E. M. Lippman, Buhl.

RAILROADS.

Three important officials of the Northern Pacific road are in Duluth today looking over the company's offices here and stazing up business in general. They are: E. J. Pearson, assistant general superintendent; J. D. Baird, assistant general freight agent, and A. J. Galvin, general traveling auditor.

Mr. Baird is the man who has charge of the Asiatic business, and is working to secure a heavy traffic for the Orient over the new lines of traffic that have been established in the past year or so.

W. B. Dixon, general Northwestern passenger agent of the Milwaukee road, and the man who invented the "Hawkeye Limited," is in the city hustling for a little business to Chicago and Milwaukee via Minneapolis and St. Paul. He was heralded by a fine framed portrait of his pet train crossing the bridge between the Twin Cities and everybody was glad to see him.

C. H. Smith, of the Illinois, Indiana and Iowa road, is in the city, and H. Beach, traveling passenger agent of the Rock Island, and H. E. Peterson, traveling passenger agent of the Minneapolis & St. Louis, are other railroad men in the city.

After an afternoon Commercial Agent A. Allison, of the Ann Arbor railway, was in the city. He looked over the city and about noon came rushing over to M. J. Bryan's office at the Wisconsin Central agency, all out in his breath. He informed Mr. Bryan that he had secured a twenty-five carload order for the East.

"I felt kind of bad for him," said Mr. Bryan, "but I had to let him take that order. He was in a hurry because there are no cars in the city."

METHODIST BANQUET

will be given under the auspices of the Epworth League, at the First Methodist church, on Wednesday evening, Jan. 29, at 8 o'clock. Attractive speakers. Tickets 5c.

The Elks' Benefit.

The novel entertainment that Duluth's celebrated Company C has been for some time past preparing for the benefit of the building fund of the local lodge of Elks, will take place Thursday and Friday evenings of this week, at the Elks' hall, on Broadway.

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SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.



The Sale of White!

Undermuslins for women and infants—Linen—Bordered Sets—Sheets and Pillow Cases—Bedding—Towels—Napkins—Damasks—Towelings—Lunch Cloths—

White Materials.

Nainsooks—India Lins—And a large and beautiful line of Imported Novelties including the following:

22-INCH BEAUTIFUL, MERCERIZED OXFORDS—The finest imported goods; stripes and brocaded effects—\$1.25.
20-INCH HANDSOME EMBROIDERED FRENCH Piques, for waists and suits—\$1.25 yard.
EXQUISITE PANCY SWISSES in exclusive dress lengths—\$1.25 to \$15.00 Small and large designs.
TROMPE L'OEIL NOVELTY—Highest mercerized novelty, medium weight; stripes and checks—6c.
POMPADOUR NOVELTY—Handsome floral effects; for waists and waists—4c.
NEW MERCERIZED EXAMINES—Plain and fancy effects; light and heavy weights—25c to 50c.
NEW PANCY FRENCH Piques—Beautiful dot and floral effects; lightweight—50c to 75c.
NEW DOTTED SWISSES—Imported and domestic; large variety of dots—12 1/2c to 75c.
NEW FRENCH CHOISIE—Medium weight; small floral effect. Pretty for whole suits and waists; 30-inch—60c.
NEW PLAIN Piques—Imported and domestic; small, medium and large—45c to 75c yard.
NEW FRENCH GRANITE—Handsome striped effects. For shirt waists and whole suits—50c.
CROISE FRANCAIS—Dainty novelty of medium weight; floral effects—25c.
FRENCH REP—Fine imported novelty; all pretty designs; beautiful to a number—25c.
NEW HEAVY BASKET WEAVE—Soft and free from dressing; 22-inch—20c yard.
NEW PANCY DOMESTIC OXFORDS—Soft finish; heavy weight; 32-inch—12 1/2c yard.
NEW SHEER NOVELTIES—Some of pretty hemstitched effects; 28-inch—12 1/2c yard.
NEW IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC DIMITIES—Very large assortment; checks and stripes—40c up to 50c yard.

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

LIFE OF HIS CHILD

Martin Fink Wants \$5000 From Street Railway Company.

Son Killed Last Summer on East Superior Street.

He Claims Motorman Could Have Stopped the Car.

Martin Fink, a blacksmith at the Clyde Iron works, and residing at 14 Fourth avenue east, has begun an action in district court to recover \$5000 from the Duluth-Superior Traction company for the life of his 6-year-old son, Michael, who was killed by one of the street railway company's cars on Superior street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues east, about Aug. 30 of last year.

The boy was playing in the street and was run down by a car, receiving injuries which caused his death the following day. John Jensen, Jr., is attorney for the plaintiff.

In the complaint the plaintiff states that he was appointed administrator of the estate of his son by an order of probate court issued in October last.

The complaint alleges that his son was crossing the street railway tracks between the avenues mentioned, in front of a car, when he stumbled and fell and was run over by the car. It is alleged that when the boy fell the car was at such a distance that the motorman could have stopped it had he been exercising due attention. It is further charged that the car was being run at a high and dangerous rate of speed.

The plaintiff states that the deceased was the only heir and next of kin to Martin and Susana Fink, his parents; that they are in poor and indigent circumstances, and by the death of the aforesaid intestate have been deprived of and have lost the pecuniary benefit which they had in the continuance of the life of their son. It is claimed that for the killing of the deceased and for the loss of the value of his life would have been the value of \$5000 to his heirs and next of kin; that by reason of funeral charges and expenses the plaintiff has sustained special damages in the amount of \$15, and judgment is asked for \$5045.

AN IMPRESSIVE LESSON.

It happened on a sleeping car, where so many amusing and unusual things happen, says the Brooklyn Eagle.

The boy had been tucked snugly away in his berth, and his father had repaired to the smoking room. But an aggressive evangelist, who felt it his duty to convert the world, was occupying a seat next to the boy's section, and when the porter came to make up that berth the evangelist saw a chance.

"Do you belong to the church?" he asked.

"No, sah," was the reply of the porter.

"Well, you ought to join it."

"I s'pose so, boss."

"Yes, everyone ought to join the church—some church. Religion is the mainstay of the world."

There was more to the same effect in a declamatory tone that was very penetrating, and finally the evangelist ended with:

ed up with: "Can't I prevail on you to join the church?"

"I don't believe so, boss."

"If you do, God will make you good and take care of you, even if you are poor and the boy is poor."

Then the boy's head suddenly appeared between the curtains of his berth, and the boy spoke.

"I guess if you don't shut up an' go to sleep," he said, "God won't thend no time lookin' after you."

The evangelist was squelched. The chorus of laughter that followed the outburst was too much even for him.

AN ISOLATED ISLAND.

Spot in British Columbia Exclusively For Lepers.

Since the island was first made a leper settlement the greatest number of convicts living at any one time on its shores was twenty, says the Brooklyn Eagle.

The island is situated in the Strait of Georgia, and is a small, isolated spot, about 10 miles long and 5 miles wide. It is a very fertile and beautiful spot, and is a very desirable place for a leper settlement.

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GROW IN CONGRESS

Aged Ex-Speaker Was Author of Free Homestead Bill.

He Served Five Terms Before the Civil War Began.

Gives a Reminiscence of the Missouri Compromise Repeal.

Washington, Jan. 28.—"The greatest excitement in congress during the past two years," said ex-Speaker Galusha A. Grow, of Pennsylvania, the other day, "appears to have been over the bills for the erection of public buildings—mostly court houses."

This was not with any intention of harsh criticism, but merely to illustrate that times have changed at Washington, and that the legislature is more on the "cut and dried" order than ever before in the history of the government. Just how long it will last Mr. Grow did not venture to assert.

He commented upon the fact that Speaker Henderson won his present high honor months before the Republican caucus was held, and "Uncle Joe" Cannon has done the same thing. Indeed, there hasn't been any excitement in a speakership contest since Charles F. Crisp, of Georgia, in a terrific fight, beat Roger Q. Mills, of Texas, in December, 1891.

Mr. Grow, although he will be 80 years old if he lives until Aug. 31 next, is in fine physical and mental condition, his cheeks being rosy and his voice remarkably clear and strong. Mr. Grow has not served as many terms to congress as others still active in either the senate or the house, but he was sent to the house long before any one now a member of congress was chosen. His first election occurred in October, 1850, and he succeeded David Wilmot, author of the Wilmot proviso.

Mr. Grow had three successive terms, being elected for the first three as a Free Soil Democrat; the last three as a Republican. The slavery question in those days caused a mighty flopping of men from one party to another. So popular was he that at one election, just before the civil war, he received a unanimous vote in his district, and this can probably be said of no other man in modern times.

Mr. Grow will retire permanently from public life on March 4 next. Since 1884 he has been congressman-at-large from Pennsylvania.

The product times in the career of the ex-speaker in the youngest man in congress when he entered that body in 1851, are the passage of his free homestead bill in 1862, and that at his re-election to the house in 1896 his plurality was 27,446, being the largest plurality ever given in any state of the Union to any candidate for any office. His maiden speech in congress was "Man's Right to the Soil."

For ten years at the beginning of his career he introduced his free homestead bill, and finally had the satisfaction of seeing it passed.

Mr. Grow was elected speaker of the house on July 4, 1881, at the extra session called by President Lincoln, when the United States was involved in the bloodiest and most costly of all civil wars. Mr. Grow says everything went along in a remarkably smooth way, considering the fact that so many states were in rebellion.

It having been demonstrated that

Mr. Grow was the leading candidate, his friends opposed a party caucus. This cause was adopted because it was necessary to secure for him a number of votes from the war Democrats, without whose support he would in all probability have failed to secure the election. So they just went into the business, every man for himself, and the vote was taken in the open house. There were fourteen candidates, an unprecedented number, and Mr. Grow won easily. Gen. Frank P. Blair, of Missouri, and Schuyler Colfax, later speaker of the house and vice president, were his most formidable rivals.

Besides Mr. Grow there are only two ex-speakers of the house now living—John G. Carlisle and Gen. J. Warren Kiefer. Mr. Grow, who is frank in his utterances, but with no apparent malice in his comments, says that Gen. Kiefer's greatest reputation was won on the field of battle and not as speaker.

In the Forty-seventh congress, which was chosen the same year Garfield and Arthur were elected to the presidency and vice presidency, the Hon. Frank Hiseock seemed to have a walk-over for the speakership until after the death of President Garfield. Mr. Grow says that he knows that Mr. Hiseock had letters pleading to him the support of practically all the Republican members of the Pennsylvania delegation, and yet at the caucus he voted for Kiefer, insuring his election.

Mr. Grow has no hesitancy in saying that as President Arthur earnestly desired to succeed himself his shrewd political friends concluded that it was the wisest policy to let the speakership go to some other state than New York.

Being asked what were the most exciting times he had experienced in congress, Mr. Grow said that it was during the fierce struggle between the Missouri compromise was repealed. That was in 1854, when the Nebraska-Kansas bill was passed, and for which the advocates of the repeal could never have succeeded if they had not divided into squads or caucuses. They simply wore out the other side, which had to keep all its men in the house, while the other side in the senate left the capital, got sleep and eat so many at a time. Even though Mr. Grow is 80 years old, he is as vigorous as a young man, and he does not approve of such methods now. He believes it is better to let the majority rule.

Asked what he considered the most exciting session of congress since the civil war, Mr. Grow said unmistakably that he thought it was the one in which Thomas B. Reed was elected speaker over William McKinley—the memorable Fifty-first. Mr. Grow was not a member of that congress, but was naturally interested in reading the accounts of the turbulent scenes enacted from the beginning of the session, when the Republicans had a slender majority; the hot fight over the adoption of the Reed rules, the unseating of numerous Democrats, the discussion of the McKinley tariff bill and the censuring at the bar of the house of William D. Bynum, of Indiana.

The state department has again informed Mr. Hunter that this government waived all rights in the case of his son, who was in no way attached to the American legation at the time of the killing.

ALL RIGHTS

In the Case of Young Hunter Were Waived.

Washington, Jan. 28.—The state department has received a cablegram from ex-Minister Hunter, at Guatemala City, asking if the United States waives the right of immunity in case of his son, who is under trial there for killing Fitzgerald. It is assumed that the Guatemalan consul is holding his verdict in the case of Hunter until assured from Washington of its jurisdiction in the case.

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TERRIBLE

Accident Occurred on the Southern Pacific In Arizona.

Tucson, Ariz., Jan. 28.—Southern Pacific passenger trains Nos. 8 and 9 collided head-on when running at full speed near Yalis, fifteen miles east of here, at 3 o'clock this morning. Eleven cars were consumed in a few minutes. Oil tanks spread oil, which flashed through the wreck like exploded powder.

Engineer Bruce and his fireman and Engineer Willis were burned to death and another fireman seriously injured. Eight bodies have been found. How many were consumed is not known. A relief train with medical aid has just returned, bringing in seventeen injured. The exact number of injured is not known. They were taken from the wreck of No. 8. J. M. Hilton, of Cambridge, Mass., was burned to death at this time no other names of the killed or injured are obtainable.

The first known of the collision was the coming of the tourist car, which broke loose from No. 9, and falling down grade, ran to Tucson, where it was captured. The wounded are being cared for.

ARSON

Charged Against Young Woman Formerly of Bear Creek, Wis.

Appleton, Wis., Jan. 28.—Charged with setting the fire which caused the destruction of the entire village of Bear Creek, Wis., last July, entailing a loss of \$25,000, Miss Lucille Covert was arrested yesterday as a result of a letter addressed to a Catholic priest at Bear Creek, which was read from the pulpit, and which purported to be the death-bed confession of a man in a Chicago hospital. He claimed to have set the fire through desire for revenge, the letter alleging that he was Miss Covert's jilted lover. Miss Covert is held under \$2000 bonds. She was proprietor of a millinery store, in which the fire started, and for which she collected \$300 insurance. The letter read from the pulpit directed suspicion toward Miss Covert. The letter was unsigned and gave all the details of how the fire started.

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A GREAT AFTER-INVENTORY RUMMAGE SALE!

Freimuth's
GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

(Rummage: To search narrowly by looking into every corner and turning over goods.)

The word RUMMAGE is therefore applicable to this after-inventory clean-up. (During the time of inventory we have searched every nook and corner and turned over every piece of merchandise in this mammoth gathering. Such careful searching has brought to light odd lots or broken lines of sizes, short lengths, or lines slightly soiled or crumpled, etc., etc. All through the store—in every section—this great rummage has been the means of turning

out some of the greatest bargains we have ever offered. The price lever has been applied to these goods—hurry-up prices that will move them quickly. If you miss this sale you cheat yourself. Look at these reductions—they are exactly as quoted—sensational in every instance and worthy of your critical attention. Come early—the selections will be better.

Freimuth's
GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

After-Inventory Rummage Sale In the Cloak Room

\$15, \$18 and \$22.50 Walking and Dress Suits at \$7.50—About twelve or fifteen in the lot, consisting of blue, black or Oxford chevrons and serges—regular prices were \$15, \$18 and up to \$22.50—Take your pick tomorrow at **\$7.50**

Another lot of Walking Suits—mostly y chevrons and mixed suitings—blouse jackets—in blues, reds and greys—regular prices \$10 and \$12—Rummage Sale price, **\$3.98**

Junior Suits—Two-piece—lined Bolero jacket—mostly grey and tan homespun—sizes 8, 10 and 12—regular price **\$3.98**

Women's Wrappers or Tea Gowns of French flannel, albatross and cashmere—fancy trimmed—never sold regularly for less than \$10—some worth up to \$3.50—slightly soiled—therefore the rummage price of **\$1.98**

Women's Lounging Robes and Long Kimonos of eiderdown and French flannelette, fancy stripes—Persian and polka dot patterns—regular prices range from \$2.50 up to \$3.50—all sizes—choice of any in the lot at **\$1.48**

Silk Waists—slightly damaged by window display—all colors—sizes mostly 36—also a few brilliant corded and plaited, formerly sold for \$5 to \$10—your choice during this sale **\$1.89**

Dressing Sacques, in all wool eider- down in pink and red—white collars, trimmed with braid—all sizes—former price \$1.50 **98c**

Flannelette Wrappers—assorted pat- terns in blue, green and red colorings—nearly trimmed—sizes 34 to 44—regular price **98c**

Women's Knit Tennis Sweaters in white and colors—regular price \$1.25—Rummage Sale price **25c**

Children's Dresses of French Flannelette—neat patterns—sizes 2, 3 and 4—regular prices 75c and \$1.00—choice of any in the lot at the Rummage Sale price of **39c**

\$3.00 and \$3.50 Sateen Under- skirts at \$1.00—Empress, in plain black and colored, ruffled and flounced, regular prices \$3 and \$3.50—sale price **\$1.00**

\$5.00 Underskirts at \$1.98—Choice of an assorted lot, consisting of black sateen, plain and quilted—also silk moreen and mohair—underskirts—some with accordion pleated flounce—others with cluster of ruffles and tucks—regular prices from \$3.00 to \$5.00. Choice of any in the lot at **\$1.98**

\$1.25 and \$2.00 Women's Under- skirts at 89c—of fine mercerized sateen—trimmed with ruffle and flounce—regular prices \$1.25 and up to \$2.50—choice for the **89c**

Shirt Waists—Fancy all-wool cloth with shield front—detachable collar—pouch sleeves—hand cuffs—fancy cut steel buttons—trimmed—\$2 waist at **98c**

Rain Coats—capes attached, in tan, blue and black rain-proof cloth—a lot of odd sizes, 38 to 60 inches long—regular \$2, \$2.50 and \$3.50 coats—this sale, one to each customer **69c**

After-Inventory Rummage Sale of Millinery

Children's Ready-to-Wear Hats of scratch felt, trimmed with ribbon bands—assorted colors—regular **50c**

Misses' Two-Toned Walking Hats of scratch felt, trimmed with bows and wings—also French sailors—trimmed with fancy buckle and wings—values up to \$2.75—at the Rummage Sale price of **98c**

Women's Sailor-Made Hats of scratch felt—assorted colors—trimmed with wings and fancy bows—regular prices range from \$2.75 up to \$6.50—choice of any in lot **\$1.48**

Women's High Grade Pattern Hats, trimmings of plumes, lace—this season's styles—reg. prices \$12.50 up to \$19—choice at **\$5.95**

Women's Sailor-Made Dress Hats of scratch felt—also hats of taffeta silk and chiffon—right up to the minute in style—no two alike—regular prices range from \$7.50 to \$12.50—choice of any in this lot **\$3.98**

Women's Pattern Hats—regular prices range up to \$35—trimmings alone worth this Rummage Sale price of **\$10.00**

Children's Silk Bonnets—fur and lace trimmed—regular prices range from 75c to \$1.25—choice of any in this lot at **50c**

Children's Silk Bonnets—lace and fur trimmed—assorted colors—a big collection to choose from—regular prices range from \$1.25 to \$1.75—choice of any at Rummage Sale **75c**

After-Inventory Rummage Sale of Night Gowns and Corsets.

Women's Long Flannelette Kimonos, regular price \$1.25—Rummage sale price **69c**

Women's Knit Underskirts—in fancy colors—regular price 65c—Rummage sale price **49c**

Women's Outing Flannel Gowns—in fancy stripes, newest colorings—regular prices \$1.50 and \$1.75—choice of any in the lot at Rummage sale price of **\$1.25**

Women's Outing Flannel Gowns—in fancy colors, neat patterns, regular price \$1—Rummage sale price **83c**

Children's Night Gowns—of heavy flannelette—regular price 50c—Rummage sale price **39c**

Children's Flannelette Gowns—assort- ed patterns and colors—regular price 75c—Rummage sale price **59c**

Children's Flannelette Skirts—with fitted waists—regular price 35c **25c**

Children's Dressing Sacques—pink and blue, Cinderella flannelette, trimmed with white silk embroidered edges—regular price 50c—Sale price **39c**

Corsets at Rummage Prices.
W. B. and W. R. Corsets—regular \$1.00 and \$1.50 qualities—at Rummage sale price of **50c**

Dowager Corsets in drab, white and black—steel bound—regul price \$2—at Rummage sale price of **\$1.00**

P. D. and Z. Z. French Corsets—reg- ular prices \$2.75 to \$3.50—at Rummage sale price of **98c**

After-Inventory Dress Goods Rummage Sale.

Fancy and Plain Wool Waistings— regular price 65c and 60c—Rummage sale price **39c**

Plan and fancy Colored Flannels and Granite Wool Waistings—regular price 75c—Rummage sale price **58c**

School Plaid Dress Goods— double width—regular price 25c, only **15c**

All wool Shirting Flannel—plaids and stripes—regular price 35c—Rummage sale price **25c**

75c Black Dress Goods at 39c—A small lot of Dress Goods in plain and fancy weaves—regular value 75c—rummage sale price **39c**

An assorted lot of 60-inch black Zibeline, 46-inch Canvas and Granite Cloth—regular price \$1.00—sale price **69c**

50-inch black Zibeline, 50-inch black Cheviot and 50-inch black Herringbone Suiting—worth up to \$1.50 a yard—rummage sale price **89c**

Silks at Rummage Prices—10 pieces plain and broadened Black Silks, worth \$1.00 and \$1.25—sale price **69c**

After-Inventory Rummage Sale in the White Goods Section.

The rummage sale in this section is greatest for it includes the short lengths left after the great annual sale. These items tell of the best. There are more like these.

Remnants of Unbleached Cotton, 36-in. wide, worth up to 6c. Rummage sale price, a yard **5c**

Remnants of 36-in. Cambric, including Berke- ley and Lonsdale, worth 10c and 12½c. For this rummage sale, a yard **7c**

Remnants of White Lawn, 32, 36 and 40 inches wide, worth up to 20c. Rummage sale price, a yard **10c**

Remnants of Table Damask and half dozen Napkins, left from our great annual linen sale **20% off**

Embroidered Mantle or Shelf Drapery, all colors, worth from 25c to 50c. For this rummage sale, a yard **12½c**

13-4 Cotton Blankets, just a few pairs of a kind, brown, gray, tan and white. Rummage sale price, a pair **39c, 45c, 49c**

Huck Towels, fast color, red borders, size 17x34, a bargain at 10c. Rummage sale price, each **6c**

6-3 Tapestry Table Covers, red, blue and green, knotted fringe, cheap at 85c. For this rummage sale, each **59c**

Ladies' and Children's Underwear at Rummage Sale Prices.

Children's Grey Ribbed Vests and Pants, with fleeced back—Sizes 18 and 20, worth 20c **10c**
Sizes 22 and 24, worth 25c **15c**
Sizes 26 and 28, worth 30c **20c**
Sizes 30 and 32, worth 35c **25c**

Boys' Heavy Fleeced Shirts and Drawers— natural grey—cheap at 38c—only **25c**

Ladies' Wool Drawers—natural and white— worth \$1.00 and \$1.25—rummage sale price **48c**

Ladies' Ribbed Vests and Pants—ecru color— fleeced back—cheap at 25c—rummage sale price **17c**

Ladies' Natural Wool Ribbed Vests and Pants— regular value \$1.00—rummage sale price **63c**

Ladies' Ecru-colored Union Suits—fleeced back— cheap at 75c—rummage sale price **50c**

Ladies' Fast black Tights—heavy quality— cheap at \$1.00—rummage sale price **75c**

Ladies' Natural Wool Union Suits—extra heavy quality, regular value \$2.50—rummage sale price **\$1.79**

Ladies' Fine Cashmere Hose—regular value 35c— rummage sale price—per pair **25c**

Ladies' Fancy Cotton and Lisle Hose—worth 50c— rummage sale price—per pair **25c**

After-Inventory Rummage Sale of Men's Wear.

Men's Negligee and Stiff Bosom Shirts—broken sizes—standard makes—regular \$1.00 and \$1.25 values, rummage price, each **69c**

Men's heavy camel's hair Color Shirts—(no drawers)—regular value 50c—rummage sale price **29c**

Men's tan ribbed Shirts and Pants—silk faced— regular price \$1.00—rummage sale price **79c**

Men's Merino Half Hose in grey and camel's hair color—regular value 18c—rummage sale price—per pair **12½c**

"Mothers' Friend" Boys' Waists—laundered— with or without collars and at exactly **Half Price**

Men's natural grey wool Shirts and Drawers— regular price 75c—sale price **58c**

After Inventory Rummage Sale. In the Shoe Section.

Women's fine Dongola Kid, heavy extension sole, patent tip, military heel—a good walking shoe—very serviceable—regular \$2.00. Sale price **\$1.29**

Women's fine Vici Kid Shoes, hand turned and heavy soles, button and lace, patent and stock tips—a variety of styles but all fine goods—regular \$2.50 to \$5.00. Sale price **\$1.49**

Women's fine hand turned Slipper, patent vamp with bow, French heel, and a variety of styles in kid headed and colored slippers—regular prices \$2.00 to \$3.50. Sale price **98c**

Misses' heavy extension sole Dongola Kid, spring heel, also hand turned, in button and lace, all strong serviceable shoes—prices regular \$1.50 to \$2.00. Sale price **89c**

Children's Dongola Kid Shoes—new styles, medium heavy soles, regular 75c quality. Reduced for the rummage sale to **48c**

Boys' Box Calf Shoes, extension soles, low heel—just right for winter wear—always sold for \$1.75. For the rummage sale, special at **\$1.19**

After Inventory Rummage Sale of Dress Trimming.

Silk and Wool Dress Trimming in black and colors—reg. prices range from 12½c to 20c. Rummage sale prices, per yd. **2½c**

Fancy Broad Dress Trimming in a large variety of styles, ranging in price from 25c to \$1. Your choice for the rummage sale at, per yd. **5c**

Dress Trimmings worth from \$1.50 to \$3.00 per yd. at the rummage sale price of **25c**

Women's White Linen Collars, standard makes, regular price 15c. For the rummage sale, each **5c**

Women's Linen Cuffs, plain white or black and white—25c kind. Rummage sale price, per pair **5c**

35c and 40c Wool Fascinators in black and white. For the rummage sale, each, 25c. 25c black and colored Fascinators, for this sale, 18c. 50c black Fascinators, for this sale, each **38c**

Draperies and Curtains At Rummage Prices.

1 Lot Brussels Curtains, regular price \$5.00, sale price **\$3.75**

1 Lot Brussels Curtains, regular price \$6.00, sale price **\$4.25**

1 Lot Brussels Curtains, regular price \$6.50, sale price **\$4.38**

1 Lot Brussels Curtains, regular price \$7.50, sale price **\$5.00**

1 Lot Brussels Curtains, regular price \$12.50, sale price **\$7.00**

1 Lot Brussels Curtains, regular price \$15.00, sale price **\$9.50**

1 Lot Brussels Curtains, regular price \$16.50, sale price **\$12.50**

1 Lot Irish Point Curtains, regular price \$5.00, sale price **\$3.75**

1 Lot Irish Point Curtains, regular price \$6.00 and 6.50, sale price **\$4.75**

1 Lot Turkish Crepe Curtains—trimmed with hand made fringe—colors blue and yellow—regul price \$6.00—rummage sale price—per pair **\$3.00**

1 Lot Novelty Silk Stripe Curtains—Large Dado—colors blue, yellow and terra cotta regular price \$10.00—sale price **\$5.00**

1 Lot French Portieres—in old gold and terra cotta—regular price \$10.00—sale price—per pair **\$20.00**

1 Lot Silk Stripe Drapery Cloth—regular values \$1.25 and \$1.50—Rummage sale price—yard **75c**

1 Lot Ecru Irish Point Lace—30 inches wide—regular price \$1.00—Rummage sale price—yd **60c**

1 Lot 50-inch Swiss Muslin—colored figures—regular price 60c and 70c—sale price at **37½c**

After-Inventory Rummage Sale of Wash Dress Goods.

Striped grey Skirting, worth 12½c, Rummage Sale price of **7½c**

Fleeced Wrapper Flannelette—dark and medium colors—regular price 10c—rummage price, per yard **6½c**

Heavy Outing Flannel in Stripes and Checks—light colors, worth 9c, rummage sale price **6c**

Indigo Blue Calico—extra heavy quality— regular price 12½c—rummage sale price **9½c**

36-inch English Percales—very fine quality—light grounds, worth 15c, for this sale—per yard **7½c**

Notions at Rummage Prices.

500 Gross Fancy Metal Buttons—worth 25c to 75c a dozen—rummage sale price **10c**

Brush Braid Binding—assorted colors— regular price 7c—rummage price—a yard **3c**

Colored Hooks and Eyes—regular price 10c— rummage price—a card **4c**

Belding's 10 yards Twist—regular price 2 spools for 5c—rummage sale price **5c**

Colored Darning Cotton—worth 5c a ball— rummage sale price **5c**

After-Inventory Rummage Sale of Crockery and House-furnishing Goods in our Daylight Basement.

Stock-taking time reveals here and there a great many odds and ends in Crockery and House-furnishings, that, in order to more quickly sell them, we lose money—but we take our loss cheerfully.

Crockery Dept.

One table lot of Cups and Saucers, Oatmeal Bowls, Soup Bowls, Dinner Plates, Fruit Plates, Bone Plates, Royal blue Cups and Saucers and Plates worth up to 25c, at each **8c**

One table lot of assorted Candle Sticks, Vases, Tobacco Jars, Cheese Dishes, Fancy China Salad Bowls, Fruit Plates, Water Pitchers, Teapots, Celery Trays, Covered Pancake Dishes, Crackers, Jars, Plaques, etc., at just **1½-Price**

This is a snap.

Glass Bargains.

Glass Sugar Bowls, Glass Cream Pitchers, Glass Butter Dishes, Glass Spoon Holders, Glass Syrup Pitchers, Glass Pickle Dishes, Glass Celery stands, Glass Berry Bowls, Glass Vases, Glass Cruets; worth up to 25c each. All on one table, each **8c**

Jardiniere and Lamps. Every Jardiniere or Lamp in the Basement at one-third off **1/3 off**

Hardware Department.

One table full of Drip Pans, Enameled Pudding Pans, Enameled Pie and Cake Tins, Scrub Brushes, Lurch Boxes, Towel Racks, 10-quart Tin Water Pails, Range Tea Kettles, Flour Sifters, Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Kalsomine Brushes, Nickel-plated trays worth up to 25c each, and Wash Boards—for this sale, each **10c**

Boys' Sleds.

Just eleven Boys' Sleds left—to morrow they go at half price—including Black Beauty and White Flyer.

A table lot of 5c articles at 5c each **5c**

A table lot of 10c articles at 7c each **7c**

Long-handled Snow Shoes **10c**

A table lot of Fancy Baskets, Waist Paper Baskets, Fancy **1/2 price**

Freimuth's

Freimuth's

Stationery and Books at Rummage Prices.

25c and 35c box Stationery at 12c—an assorted lot—white and dainty colors—regular prices 25c and 35c—boxes slightly soiled—therefore the rummage price of **12c**

25c paper novels—hundreds of titles— covers slightly soiled and torn—rummage sale price **8c**

35c cloth bound books by well known authors such as Dickens, Henty, Carey, Dumas, Cooper, Lyall, etc., regular price books—for this sale at—each **15c**

Writing Fluid—regular 5c bottles— rummage sale price—each **3c**

Gloves at Rummage Prices.

Genuine Foster 7-hook Kid Gloves—brown only, regular price \$1.75—rummage price **\$1.00**

German lamb black Kid Gloves—hooked, button and clasps—regular prices \$1.00 and \$1.25—we make the rummage sale price only **50c**

Ladies' and Misses' all wool Golf Gloves, regular price 35c—rummage price **25c**

Boys' leather faced Mittens—cheap at 35c—rummage sale price only **25c**

WOMEN
Taney, Pennyroyal, not a single failure; longest, most
obstinate cases relieved in a few days; \$2.00 a
b. F. Boyce, druggist, 635 West Superior st., Duluth.

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The Herald is now on First street

BOTH PHONES—Business Office 324.
News Room 1126.

OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE SQUARE.

BOTH PHONES—Business Office 324.
News Room 1126.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

\$5000 Brick flat building. New, modern, well constructed, Central, 9 per cent net.
\$3000 Two good houses, with water and sewer. Central. Bargain.
\$9000 Seventy-five feet on Second street. Very central. House very modern.
\$6000 House eight rooms, modern. Corner on Tenth avenue East. Chance for further improvement.
\$3500 Good house and lot on Fourth street, near First avenue W.

For sale exclusively by
W. M. PRINDLE & CO.,
First Floor, Lonsdale Building.

TWO SNAPS.
Takes 50 feet on First street, only six blocks from post office. Takes 100x150 feet near 6th avenue East. Only three blocks from car line.
A. C. VOLK & CO., 202-203, Palladio Bldg.

STOCKS. STOCKS.
Clearing out Readings Free. During this week the undersigned will give public readings free and will tell everybody how to make money. Come early each day and avoid the rush.
The William Kaiser Co.,
106 Palladio Building.
Don't use the Phone.

Fire Proof Office Building.
THE LYCEUM
Some very fine offices in this building are now for rent, either singly or in suites.

LITTLE & NOLTE,
AGENTS,
Under American Exchange Bank.

OFFERINGS BY
Stryker, Manley & Buck.

\$2500 For 2-story house on East 2nd street, between 2nd and 3rd avenues East. 25 foot lot, 8 rooms, city water and sewer.
\$1500 For lot 144, block 30, Rice Point, on Garrison avenue. Store and rooms. A good purchase.
\$525 For 30-foot lot on Grand avenue, upper side, near 8th avenue West. Both street and avenue improved. Water in street. Improved lots alone cost more than price of lot. A great snap.
\$1200 For 100 feet on Fourth street, between 10th and 19th avenues East. This is a bargain.
\$1250 For a 6-room house at Lester Park, 20-foot lot on a corner. Street improved, city water and sewer in street. Property is easily worth \$2000.
\$1000 For beautiful lot on Jefferson street, upper side, 50x150 feet. Choice locality.

FOR RENT.
Large barn suitable for boarding stable, centrally located. Also several nice houses.

Money to Loan.
In any amount small or large at 4 1/2 per cent.
ABOVE ARE ONLY SAMPLES.

Stryker, Manley & Buck.

200 feet on East First St. **\$8000**
beautiful site for the home...
50 feet on East 4th St. **\$6500**
50 feet on East 5th St. **\$4000**
50 feet on East 6th St. **\$1500**
near 12th avenue East.
E. D. FIELD CO., 20 Exchange Bldg.

CROSBY Offers one of the best built modest homes in Lakeside for a few days at a great sacrifice. It has seven rooms—furnace, city water, sewer, bath, closets, electric lights, improved grounds and full corner lot. Let us show you this. Price **\$2,300**

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN IN STRONG COMPANIES.
GEO. H. CROSBY 106-7-8, PROVIDENCE BLDG.

Lots and Acres
at Woodland on easy terms for improvement.
Will lease you a 5-acre lot with the right to purchase it any time within three years.
Five-acre tracts near Arnold school.
Invest \$100 of your savings and get deed to lot (50 foot front) in Woodland Park, Seventh division.
200 feet, corner Ninth avenue East and First street.
100 foot corner, opposite high school.
Two small houses for rent at 8th Ave. East and 2nd St.
Wanted, a small modern house in Endion division.

J. C. & R. M. HUNTER,
Exchange Building.

MONEY TO LOAN—AMOUNT—
Cooley & Underhill, 20 Exchange Bldg.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

\$6.00 40 acres on Rice Lake Road, for per acre.
\$2650 No. 322 Third Avenue West, 7-room house, water and sewer, lot 35 by 100. Price.
\$700 Good 7-room house, No. 1 location in West Duluth, worth \$1250.
\$700 Two fine lots in West Duluth on Fifty-seventh avenue near Irving School for...
\$650 50 feet on Michigan street, west of Lake avenue. Price...
\$15000

INTERSTATE LAND & INVESTMENT CO.
Both 'Phones. 605 Palladio Bldg.

TELEGRAPHY.
WHITNEY SCHOOL OF TELEGRAPHY day and evening practice, 200 West Superior street. Zenith phone 2.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY—HOUSE AND lot in West End; modern 7 or 8-room, between Eighteenth and Twenty-eighth avenues West, not above Third street. Owners only. Call or address 616 Manhattan building.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

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